



AMAZON II

- *SDK Reference Manual-*

Ver 1.08

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Advanced Digital Chips Inc.

History

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2014-09-18	Ver 1.02 <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Change ECON or ECon → E-Con
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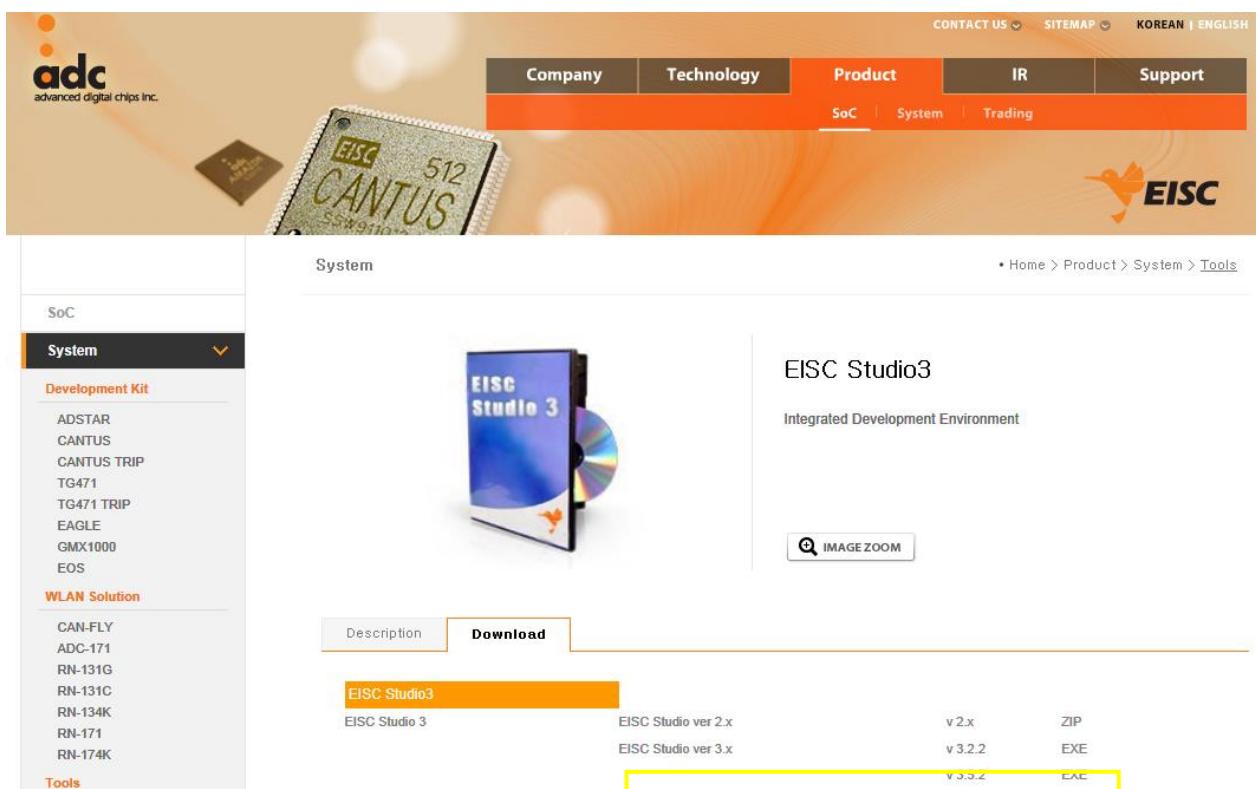
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1. Software Development Environment

This chapter explains how to establish development environment of AMAZONII based software. ADChips provides IDE called as EISC Studio3 that supports program code management, compilation, downloading and debugging. Therefore, users can set their development environment up easily by installing EISC Studio3 installation file from an ADChips' product downloading page. EISC Studio3 is compatible with Windows XP or higher.

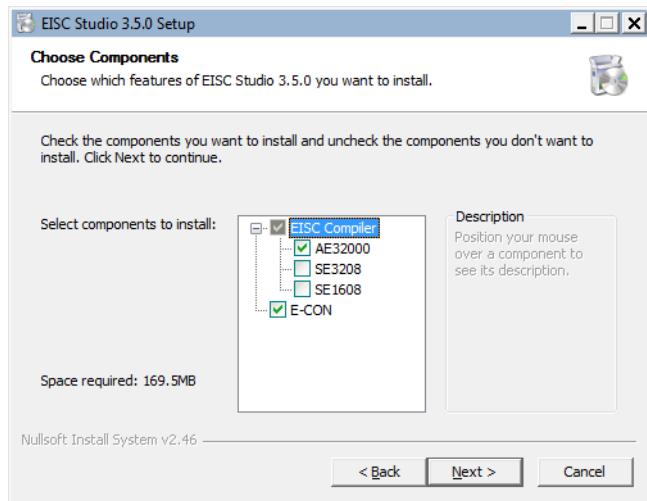
1. Download EISC Studio ver 3.x – v3.6.4 from (<http://www.adc.co.kr>), Product → System → EISC Studio3 → Download.
(Refer to an installation and usage guide on the page.)



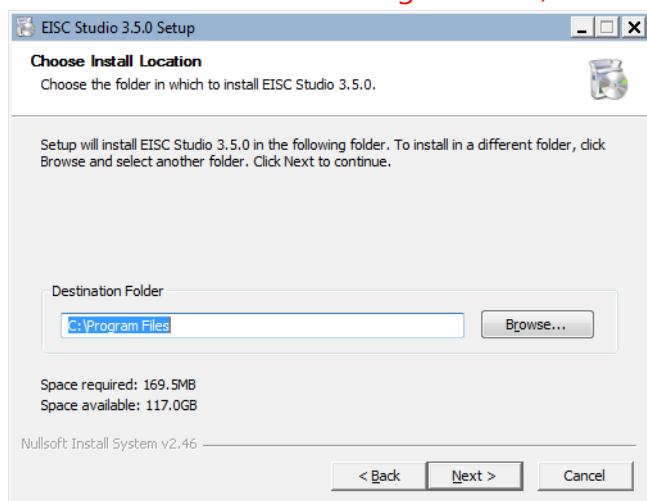
2. After executing downloaded file, ES3_setup_v3.6.4.exe then an installation window will be come up. To continue installation procedures, click 'Next'. Then, users should choose an appropriate E-Con driver and a compiler from a component selection window as below. Since, AMAZONII contains AE32000 processor¹, user should choose AE32000 compiler. If a user is trying to use E-Con² device first time, then install the E-Con Driver by choosing E-Con. (If use window8, don't check E-Con. Instead, refer to the window8_64bit_device

¹ADChips developed 32bit Processor. (EISC Architecture)

_driver_en.pdf in pc-util folder)

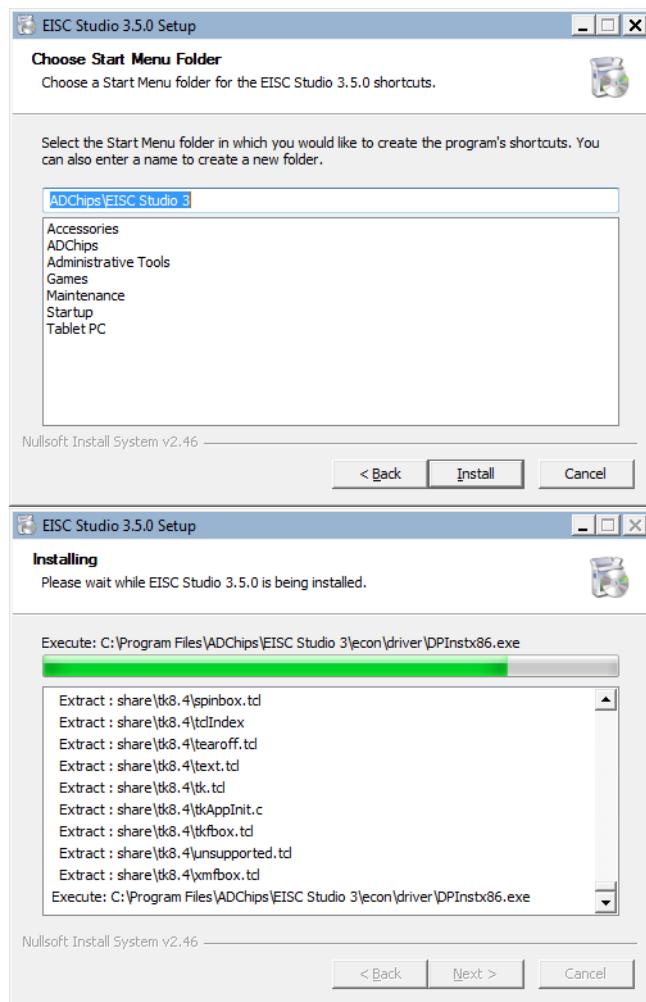


3. Click 'Next' after selecting the compiler and E-Con Driver. Then, user can decide a folder where they will be installed. A default folder name is "C:\Program Files".
(Caution: when using 64bit OS, the default folder name is "C:\Program Files(x86)". User must change the default folder name as c:\Program Files.)

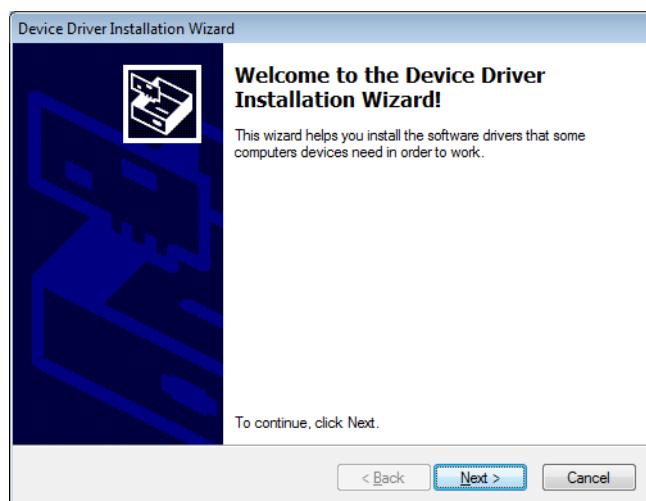


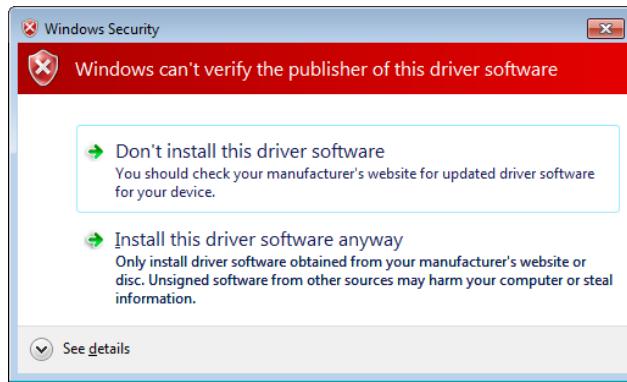
4. Below windows will be come up when click 'Next'. The chosen components are installed when click 'install'.

²Device for a program download and debugging by connecting with adStar.

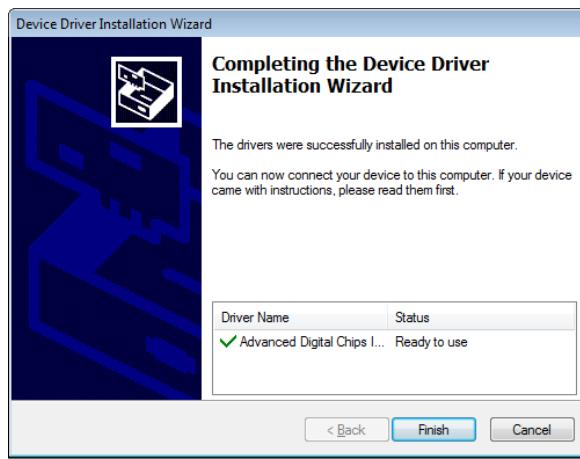


5. If E-Con is selected during the component selection procedure, following window for the E-Con driver installation is displayed. Clicking 'Next', start the driver installation. If Windows alarms secure warning, then choose "install this driver software".
- (Caution: E-Con should be connected with a computer unless the installation procedures could encounter problems..)

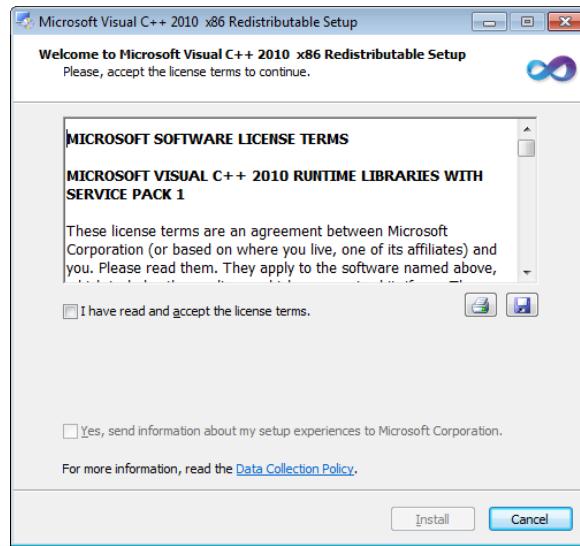




- The end of the device driver installation loads below window, user can continue remained installation procedures of EISC Studio3 by clicking 'Next'.



- If Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 Redistribute Package installation window come up, then check 'agree' and continue installation. It is necessary for executing EISC Studio3.

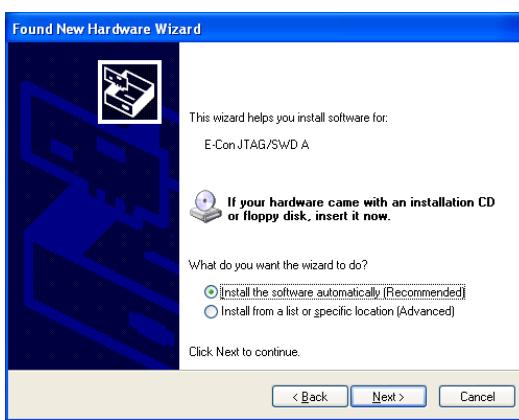


- After finishing the installation, below window will be displayed. Clicking 'Next', installation will complete.



9. After installing EISC Studio 3, a download device; the E-Con driver should be installed. If the E-Con driver files are copied during the EISC Studio 3 installation, then install the E-Con driver by connecting E-Con with a computer. If not, copy the driver files by executing a DPInstx86.exe (32bit) or a DPInstx64 (64bit) in the econ\#driver folder and install the E-Con driver by connecting E-Con with a computer. If you use window 8, will install after refer Windows8_64bit_device_driver.pdf in pc-util folder.
(DPInstx86.exe or DPInstx64.exe execution must be done with no connections between E-Con and a computer.)

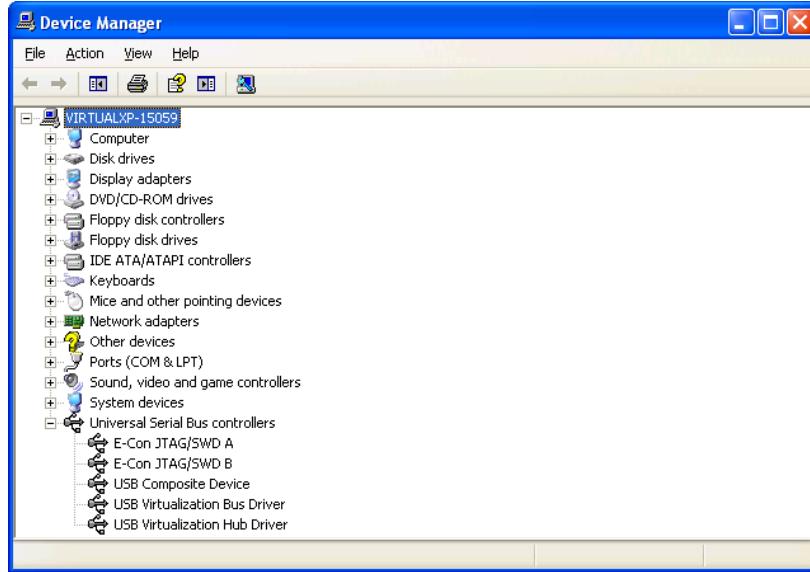
10. The E-Con driver files are copied and E-Con is connected with a computer, then the driver will be installed automatically in case of Windows 7. However, lower than Windows XP loads 'new hardware search wizard' window. Then, just check "install the software automatically" and click 'Next'.



During the installation, below warning messages could be ignored. Just keep clicking 'Next'.



11. E-Con consists of two channels, A and B. The B channel installation is same as what we explained above. User can check the driver installation result from the device manager like below. Refer to (www.adc.co.kr) Product→System→E-Con→Download→"E-Con Driver Install Guide" for more detailed information about the E-Con driver installation.
- (If use window 8, refer to [window8_64bit_device_driver_en.pdf](#) in pc-util folder.)



2. Download

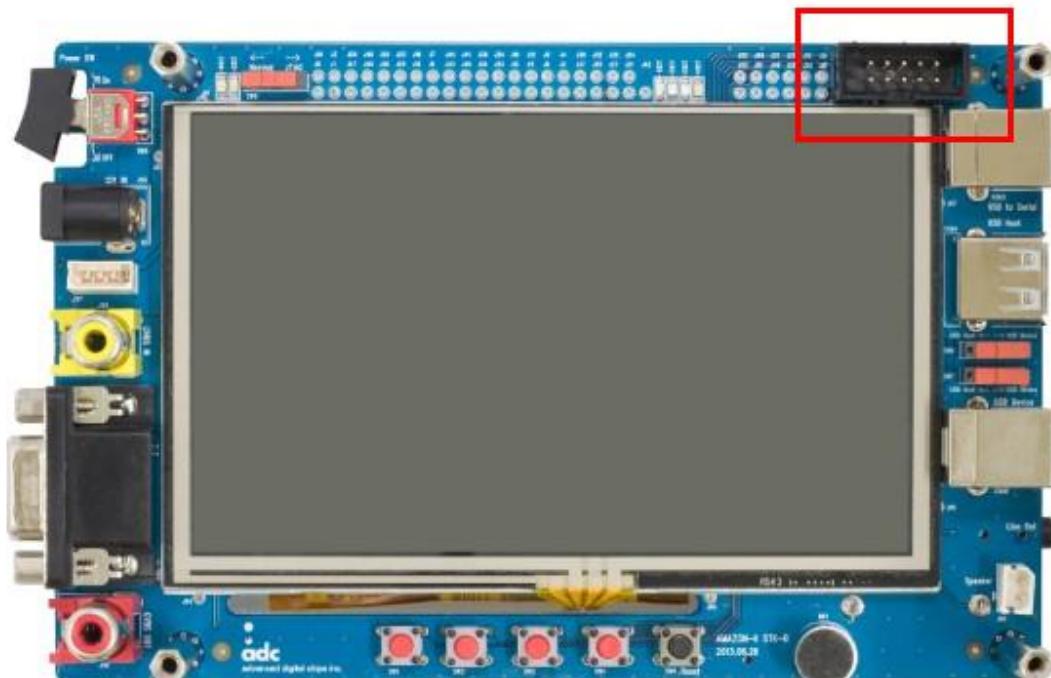
Download way is two. One way is that using E-Con. Other way is that using USB device.

USB device using method is described in Chapter "3. Using the SDK". In this chapter, I will describe using E-Con. In order to use E-Con download, need to install E-Con driver.

(Driver install method is described in Chapter "1. Software Development Environment")

Also, need EConMan program in EISC Studio 3 folder. (Path : c:\ADChips\EISC Studio 3\wcon)

Connect E-Con to red box on follow image.



Three area that can download using E-Con.

1. Serial Flash
2. NAND Flash.
3. Ram

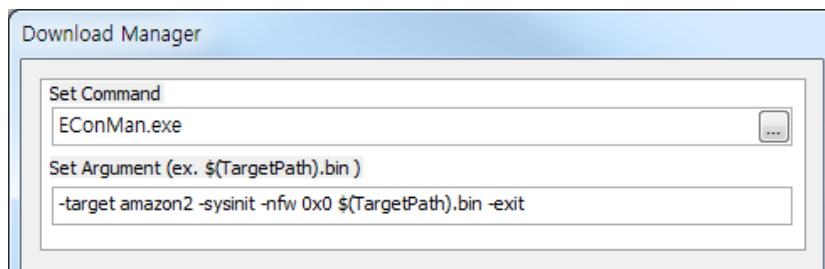
1) NAND Flash Download

In order to boot using NAND Flash, need to download Nand bootcode and bootloader using E-Con. Download method is following.

To use nand booting, need to set the config pin according to NAND Flash type.

AMAZONII STK board boot mode was fixed to fit the 2G08 NAND Flash.

1. Create binary file by build. (Run Build → Build Project)
2. Connect E-Con and board. Power on.
3. Run Build → Download option. Set 'Set Command' as the the E-Con download program. EConMan.exe that exists in EISC Studio 3 installed folder – econ folder. (Can use the default value 'EConMan.exe'). 'Set Argument' as "-target amazon2 -sysinit -nfw 0x0 \$(TargetPath).bin -exit" and click 'OK'
4. Run Build → Download to Target. binary file is downloaded in NAND Flash block 0.



Argument indicates,

-target is target name to download, amazon2

-sysinit is initialization command for download.

-nfw is command to download NAND Flash the build generated bin file, 0x0 is download address and \$(TargetPath).bin is download file name. \$(TargetPath).bin indicates a bin file of the currently opened project.

-exit is command to exit automatically after the download is finished.

(Refer to www.adc.co.kr → Product → System → E-Con → Download → E-Con.pdf file for detailed information of 'set arguments')

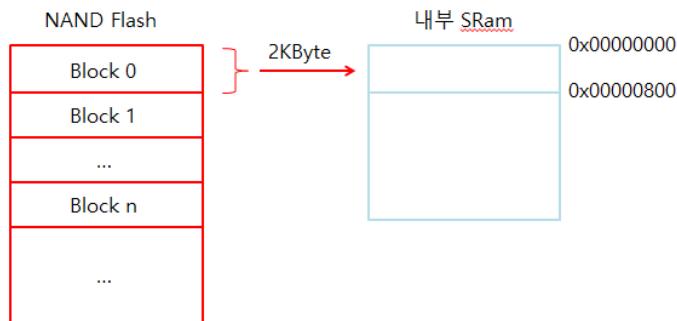
Now until, explained that download to NAND 0 block. NAND bootcode is downloaded to 0 block. But bootloader is downloaded to 1 block. Because NAND is written as block unit on EConMan.exe, should write 1 block start address in order to download bootloader.

1 block address, small page = 0x4000
large page = 0x20000

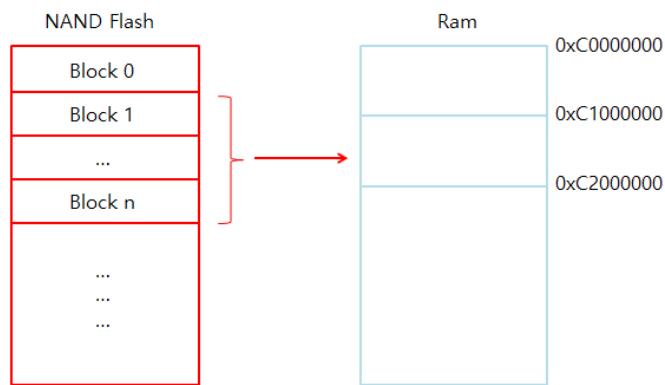
AMAZON2 STK board is embedded large page NAND Flash. Refer to 3.3 NAND Flash boot of detailed description about Bootloer download.

Boot sequence of NAND Boot mode is like follow.

1. After copy data on 2kbytes size from NAND Flash 0 block to SRam. Run program in SRam. So, NAND Boot code size has to be under 2Kbytes.



2. On NAND Boot code, copy bootloader data from NAND Flash 1block to 0xc1000000 of Ram area. Then Run bootloader in 0xc1000000.



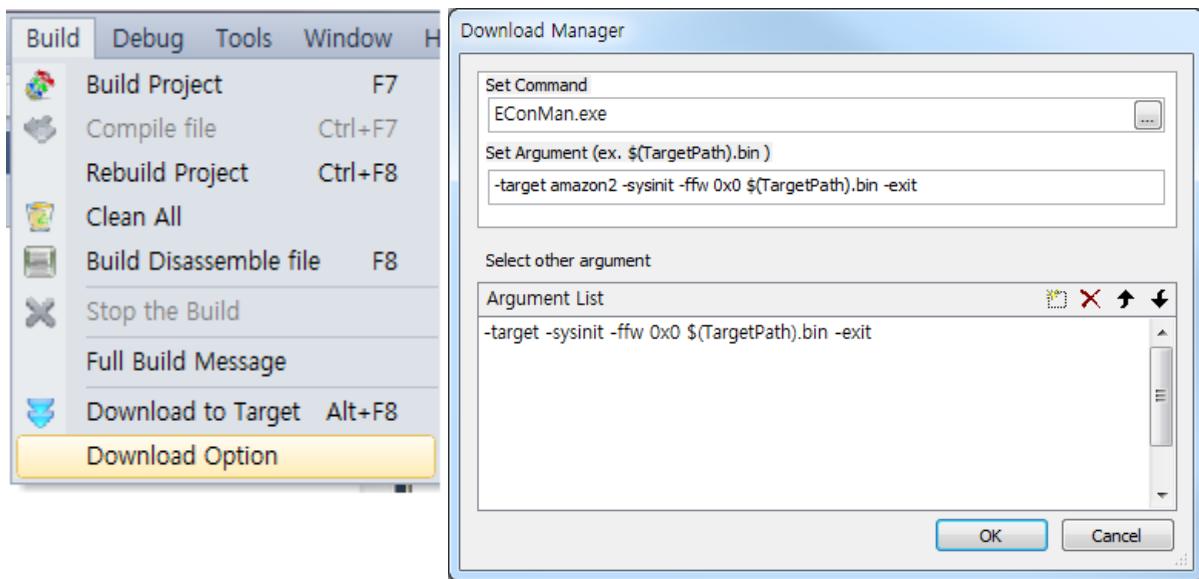
2) Serial Flash Download

In order to run bootloader or application at serial flash, need to download serial flash.

Download method is following.

(Note that AMAZON2 STK board setting is fixed to the NAND Booting. So, if you use AMAZON2 STK board, refer next chapter 1) NAND Flash Download or 3.4 NAND Flash boot.)

1. Create binary file by build. (Run Build → Build Project)
2. Connect E-Con and board. And power on.
3. Run Build → Download option. Set 'Set Command' as the the E-Con download program. EConMan.exe that exists in EISC Studio 3 installed folder – econ folder. (Can use the default value 'EConMan.exe'). 'Set Argument' as"-target amazon2 –sysinit –ffw 0x0 \$(TargetPath).bin –exit' and click 'OK'
4. Run Build → Download to Target. binary file is downloaded in address 0.



Argument indicates,

-target is target name to download, amazon2

-sysinit is initialization command for download.

-ffw is command to download the build generated bin file, 0x0 is download address and

\$(TargetPath).bin is download file name. **\$(TargetPath).bin** indicates a bin file of the currently opened project.

-exit is command to exit automatically after the download is finished.

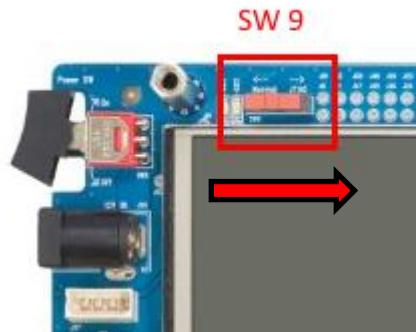
(Refer to www.adc.co.kr → Product → System → E-Con → Download → E-Con.pdf file for detailed information of 'set arguments')

3) Ram Download

At this chapter, explain method that downloading ram. If use this method, can run program in ram without bootloader.

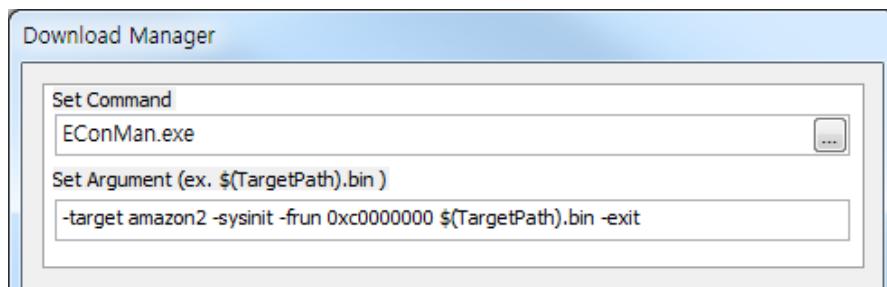
Power on in JTAG debug mode. (SW9 → JTAG) And continue following flow.

(need to use amazon2_ram.ld as Linker Script file)



1. Create binary file by build. (Run Build → Build Project)

2. Connect E-Con and board. Power on.
3. Run Build → Download option. Set 'Set Command' as the the E-Con download program. EConMan.exe that exists in EISC Studio 3 installed folder – econ folder. (Can use the default value 'EConMan.exe'). 'Set Argument' as"-target amazon2 –sysinit –frun 0xC0000000 \$(TargetPath).bin –exit' and click 'OK'
4. Run Build → Download to Target. binary file is downloaded in 0xC0000000 (Ram area) and run.

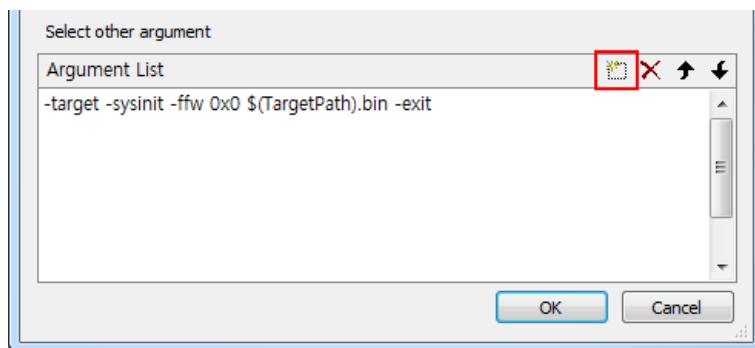


Argument indicates,

- target** is target name to download, amazon2
- sysinit** is initialization command for download.
- frun** is command to download Ram the build generated bin file and run, 0xC0000000 is download address and \$(TargetPath).bin is download file name. \$(TargetPath).bin indicates a bin file of the currently opened project.
- exit** is command to exit automatically after the download is finished.

(Refer to www.adc.co.kr → Product → System → E-Con → Download → E-Con.pdf file for detailed information of 'set arguments')

4) Select other argument



You can change argument as easy using Select other argument. After saving argument, click argument in order to change argument. If click icon in red box, can add argument.

◆ Config pin and Boot mode.

Boot mode is determined by config pin 0 ~ 3.

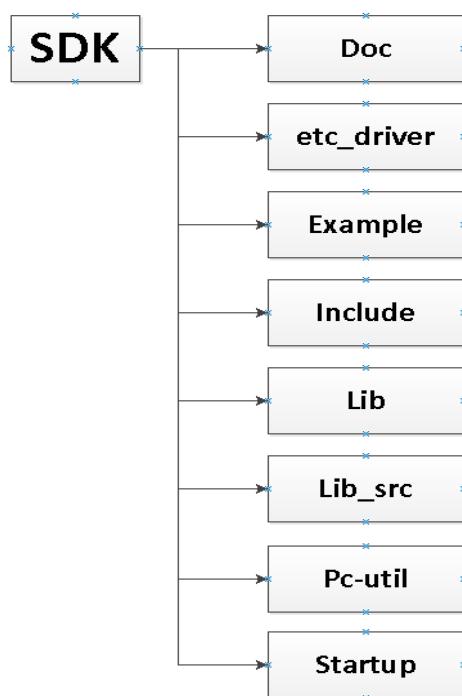
JTAG mode / Nomal mode are determined by config pin 0, and boot memory is determined by the config pin 1, 2, 3.

boot Mode	Config 1	Config 2	Config 3
NAND Small 3cycle	Low	Low	Low
NAND Small 4cycle	High	Low	Low
NAND Large 4cycle	Low	High	Low
NAND Large 5cycle	High	High	Low
NAND MLC 4bit	Low	Low	High
NAND MLC 24bit	High	Low	High
Serial Flash	Low	High	High

3. Using the SDK

3.1 AMAZONII SDK composition

This shows how AMAZONII SDK consists of.



Doc ➔ A folder where AMAZONII related documents (including this) are located.

Example ➔ A folder where AMAZONII EVM Board example programs are located.

(Example -> flash_data contains images and sound files for the SDK examples.)

Include ➔ AMAZONII SDK's header files.

lib ➔ AMAZONII SDK's library files.

lib_src ➔ AMAZONII SDK's library source files.

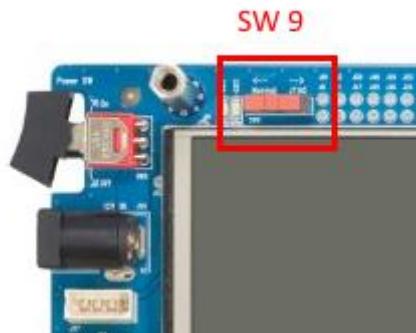
(Originally, libraries are just source files not a built library files. Thus, the libadstar.a library file must be generated in the 'lib' folder by building the adStar.epx project in the lib_src folder. To do this, just press F7 or 'build'-‘build project’ after opening adStar.epx.)

Pc-util ➔ A folder where utilities to use AMAZONII are located. The adStar USB Driver exists.

Startup ➔ all startup & link scrip code for the AMAZONII development. Moreover, STK board basic configuration code exists.

3.2 AMAZONII Board Switch

SW9 is switch that set JTAG Debug mode at AMAZONII board.



JTAG Debug mode is boot as stop status on start address. So, you use for debugging and safety downloading.

AMAZONII board is fixed as NAND Large 5Cycle boot mode.

3.3 Serial Flash boot

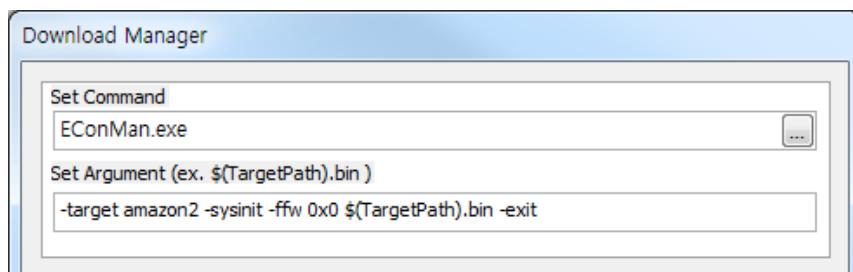
You should set serial flash boot mode in order to use serial boot. If use serial flash boot, you can run application program using bootloader or without bootloader. It is depends on whatever Linker Script file use.



If you want to run application without bootloader, need to use amazon2.ld file. If want to run application in ram with using bootloader, need to use amzon2_ram.ld file.

3.3.1 Using Bootloader

By default, bootloader have been downloaded in EVM board. Because bootloader is in example folder, you can redownload. Open bootloader project in example folder. (double click .epx file) Run Build → Build Porject, Power on board after connect E-Con. Run Build → Download Option, and enter download command. Download bootloader in address 0 by run Download to Target in Build menu. (If fail download, retry in JTAG Debug mode.)



Boot on serial flash boot mode, after downloaded. Then, you can look folloing image in LCD.



Icons have each function.

USB Communication : Can Download application to dram by using USB device.

USB Mass Storage : Can use NAND Flash in EVM board like usb memory.

Run "boot.bin" at NAND : Can run boot.bin in NAND Flash.

3.3.1.1 USB Communication

After run USB Communication mode, connect USB cable in USB device connector. Then, find USB device. At first, you should install device driver. USB driver is in pc-util/usb_driver.

You can copy driver by executing a DPInstx86.exe(32bit) or DPInstx64(64bit) in the pc-util/usb_driver. And connect USB cable, driver will be installed automatically in case of Windows 7. However, lower than Windows XP loads 'new hardware search wizard' window. Then, just check "install the software automatically" and click 'NEXT'

When installation completed, you can check the driver installation result from the device manager.
(device name : adchips USB device)

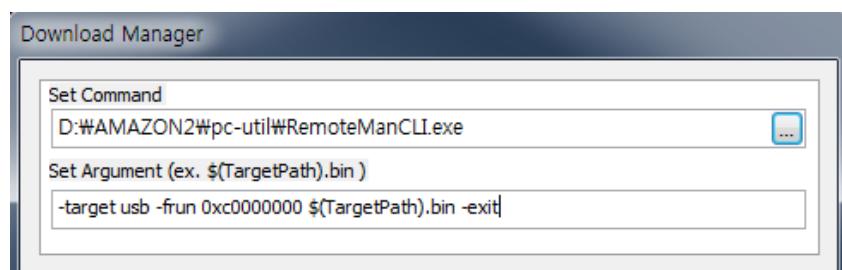
Ref : When use Windows 8, refer Window8_64bit_device_driver.pdf file in doc folder.

You can application by download on dram using USB device. Open Demo project in example folder. You should confirm Linker Script file amazon2_ram.ld

amazon2.ld : operate at serial flash.

amazon2_ram.ld : operate at dram.

Run Build → Build Project, Build → Download Option. Enter command and download binary by run Download to Target. Program is downloaded and run.



You should use EConMan instead of RemoteManCLI program in pc-util folder.

Argument indicates,

-target is target name to download, usb.

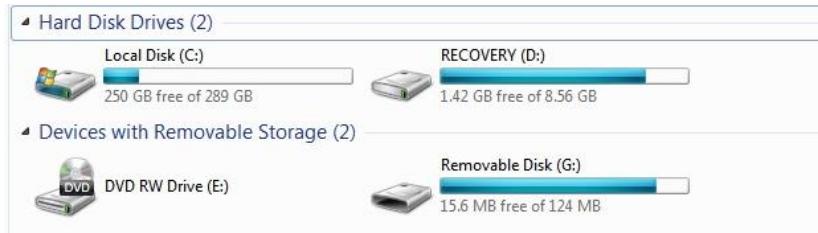
-frun is command to download ram the build generated bin file and run, 0xC0000000 is download address and \$(TargetPath).bin is download file name. \$(TargetPath).bin indicates a bin file of the currently opened project.

-exit is command to exit automatically after the download is finished.

3.3.1.2 USB Mass Storage

USB Mass Storage can use NAND Flash in EVM board like USB memory stick. When run USB Mass Storage, new storage device is appeared. This device is NAND Flash of the board, so copying files to the device indicates that the files could be used by the amazonII program.

In order to operate the Demo Project should copy all image and sound files from "example" – 'flash data'.

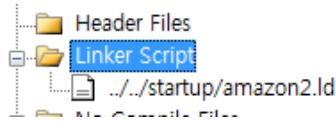


3.3.1.3 Run "boot.bin" at NAND

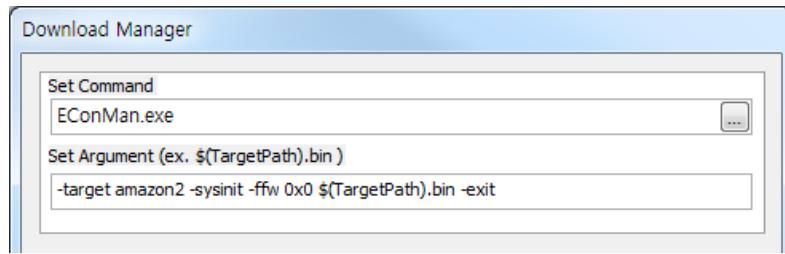
Run "boot.bin" at NAND is mode that run application in dram by copying boot.bin file in NAND Flash. After change binary file name boot.bin, copy to NAND Flash using USB Mass Storage mode. Run this mode, and application program is operated.

3.3.2 Use without Bootloader

You can run application program without bootloader. Open Demo project. After program open, change Linker Script file as amazon2.ld. By default, example is used amazon2_ram.ld. amazon2.ld file is in startup folder.



After change Linker Script file, run Build → Build Project. Run Build → Download Option, enter command like following. Run Build → Download to Target.

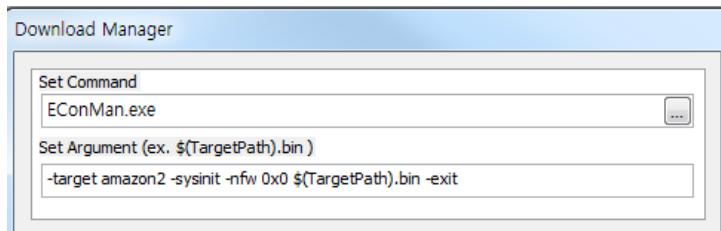


Reset and you can confirm operation program.
(If fail download, retry in JTAG Debug mode)

3.4 NAND Flash boot

You need to download NAND boot code for NAND booting. NAND boot code is in example/NandBootCode.

Open the NandBootCode project and build. Enter like following, after run Download Option. And run Download to Target, Nand Boot Code is downloaded in NAND Flash.



Argument indicates,

-target is target name to download, amazon2

-sysinit is initialization command for download.

-nfw is command to download NAND Flash the build generated bin file, 0x0 is download address and \${TargetPath}.bin is download file name. \${TargetPath}.bin indicates a bin file of the currently opened project.

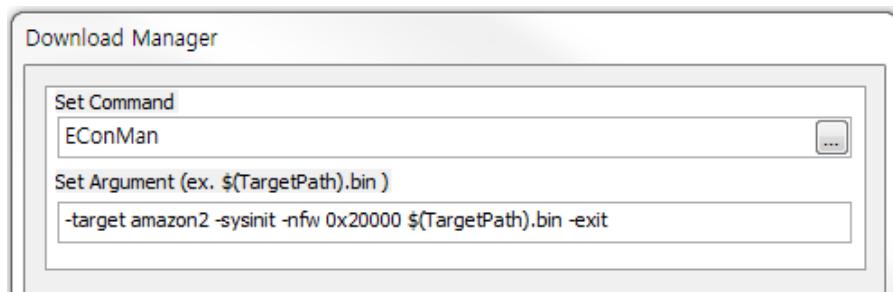
-exit is command to exit automatically after the download is finished.

After download, power on board. Then Nand Boot Code is operated.

But Nand boot code operated copy binary data in NAND Flash block 1 to dram and run.

So, don't operate. I will wexplain method that download to NAND block 1.

Open Demo program project, run Build Project, run Download Option, enter like following.



Unlike previous, download address is 0x20000 (block 1 address)

Because NAND should write as block unit, should write 1 block start address.

1 block address, small page = 0x4000

large page = 0x20000

Run Download to Target, program is downloaded. Booting on Nand Flash boot mode, you can confirm downloaded program is operating.

If you want use bootloader like Serial Flash boot mode on Nand Flash Boot mode, need to modify NandBootCode and Bootloader.

```

main.c
1 #include "sdk.h"
2
3
4
5 #define APP_LOAD_ADDRESS 0xc0000000
6 //#define APP_LOAD_ADDRESS 0xc1000000
7 #define COPY_BLOCK_SIZE 4
8
9 #define UART_BAUD 115200
10

```

At NandBootCode, APP_LOAD_Address change 0xC0000000 to 0xC1000000.

At Bootloader, change Linker Script file. (amazon2-bootloader.ld → amazon2-bootloader_ram.ld)

And download like previously.



4. Memory settings

AMAZON2 EVM board has 128MByte DDR2 memory. 128MByte ram area is devided like following table in SDK.

0xC0000000 ~ 0xC1FFFFFF (32MByte)	text (Program code) data bss heap stack
0xC2100000 ~ 0xC2900000 (8MByte)	Frame buffer
0xC2900000 ~ 0xC7FFFFFF (87MByte)	Texture memory

0xC0000000 area is used as program memory like data, bss, heap, stack area.

Running program in ram area, program code stored in ram area.

(when use amazon2_ram.ld as Linker Script)

This area is adjusted by setting stack address in Linker Script file.

```
8 MEMORY
9 {
10     rom (rx)      : ORIGIN = 0x00000000, LENGTH = 512K
11     /* vector table will stored at 0x18000000 by InitInterrupt()*/
12     spm(rwx)    : ORIGIN = 0x20000200, LENGTH = (16*1024-0x200)
13     ram (!rx)    : ORIGIN = 0xC0000000, LENGTH = 32M
14 }
15
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78
79     _stack 0xC1FFFFFFC :
80     {
81         _stack = ..
82         /*PROVIDE (_stack = ..);*/
83         *(.stack)
84     }
85 }
```

Above file is amazon2 ram.id file of startup folder.

Set 0xC0000000 as ram start address and set 0xC1FFFFFFC as stack pointer.

So, 32MByte ram area is used as program memory.

This area size is adjusted by setting stack pointer.

Frame buffer is area that image data is stored and displayed on screen

Buffer count is determined by setting single mode or double mode.

Buffer size is determined by resolution and RGB565/RGB888 mode.

One buffer is created on single buf mode.

Two buffers are created on double buf mode.

Frame buffer size is determined by following calculation.

frame buffer size = width x height x bpp

width / height < 512 → width / height = 512

width / height < 1024 → width / height = 1024

width / height < 2048 → width / height = 2048

Ex) 1024 x 600, RGB565 mode

frame buffer size = $1024 \times 1024 \times 2 = 2\text{MByte}$

Frame buffer is created from address that set. (default 0xc2100000)

single buf / 1024 x 600 / RGB565 → frame buffer count : 1 , frame buf size : 2MByte. total 2MByte

double buf / 1024 x 600 / RGB888 → frame buffer count : 2 , frame buf size : 4MByte. total 8MByte

Textrue memory is area that loading image is stored. Graphic engine access this memory.

Start address and size are determined by `ge_set_texture_mem()`.

Default setting value is 87MByte from 0xC2900000.

Memory in this area is allocated by the load function (like `loadbmp()`) and is freed by the `release_surface` function.

5. UART

Function	Description
<u>uart_config</u>	Function to initialize UART.
<u>uart_putch</u>	Display the character.
<u>uart_putdata</u>	Display the character of specified length.
<u>uart_putstring</u>	Display the string.
<u>uart_getch</u>	Store the character at variable.
<u>uart_getdata</u>	Store the character of specified length at variable.
<u>uart_rx_flush</u>	Clear Receive FIFO.
<u>uart_tx_flush</u>	Clear Transmitter FIFO.
<u>set_debug_channel</u>	Set debugging message displaying UART channel.
<u>get_debug_channel</u>	Get debugging message displaying UART channel.
<u>debugprintf</u>	Display numbers, characters and variable.
<u>debugstring</u>	Display string.
<u>PRINTLINE</u>	Display a line number where this function is called.
<u>PRINTVAR</u>	Display a line number and a value where this function is called.

5.1 uart_config

```
BOOL uart_config (
    int ch,
    int baud,
    UART_DATABITS databits,
    UART_STOPBITS stopbit,
    UART_PARITY parity
);
```

Overview

Function to initialize UART.

Parameter

int ch	UART initial channel value.
int baud	UART baud rate value. SDK uses 115200 as default.
UART_DATABITS databits	UART transmission data bit setting value. SDK defines data bit as below. typedefenum{
	DATABITS_5 = 5, DATABITS_6 = 6, DATABITS_7 = 7, DATABITS_8 = 8
	}UART_DATABITS;
UART_STOPBITS stopbit	UART stop bit setting value. SDK defines stop bit as below. Typedefenum{
	STOPBITS_1 = 1, STOPBITS_2 = 2
	}UART_STOPBITS;
UART_PARITY parity	UART parity bit setting value. SDK defines parity bit as below. Typedefenum{
	UART_PARNONE = 0, UART_PARODD , UART_PAREVEN
	}UART_PARITY;

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

5.2 uart_putch

```
BOOL uart_putch (
    int n,
    char ch
);
```

Overview

Display the 'ch' value through the UART 'n' channel.

Parameter

int n	Channel to display the 'ch' value.
char ch	Value to be displayed through UART.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

5.3 uart_putdata

```
BOOL uart_putdata (
    int n,
    U8* buf,
    int len
);
```

Overview

Display 'len' length characters stored in 'buf' through the UART n channel.

Parameter

int n	Channel to display the 'ch' value.
U8* buf	Buffer that stored characters to be displayed.
int len	Length of characters to be displayed.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

5.4 uart_putstr

```
BOOL uart_putstr (
    int n,
    U8* buf
);
```

Overview

Display characters stored in 'buf' through the UART n channel.

Parameter

int n	Channel to display the 'n' value.
U8* buf	Buffer that stores characters to be displayed.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

5.5 uart_getch

```
BOOL uart_getch (
    int n,
    char* ch
);
```

Overview

Store received 1 Byte value (1 character) through the UART n channel to 'ch'.

Parameter

int n	UART channel to be input the value.
char* ch	Variable to be input a value through UART.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

5.6 uart_getdata

```
int uart_getdata (
    int n,
    U8* buf,
    int bufmax
);
```

Overview

Read 'bufmax' length of characters through the UART n channel and store the characters to 'buf'.

Parameter

int n	UART channel to be input the value.
U8* buf	Buffer to be input the value through UART.
int bufmax	Number of values (characters) to read. (Byte unit)

Return Value

The total number of elements successfully read is returned as byte unit.

5.7 uart_rx_flush

```
void uart_rx_flush (
    int ch
);
```

Overview

Initialize rxfifo of the UART n channel.

Parameter

int ch	UART channel to be initialized.
--------	---------------------------------

Return Value

None.

5.8 uart_tx_flush

```
void uart_tx_flush (int ch);
```

Overview

Initialize txfifo of the UART n channel.

Parameter

Return Value

None.

5.9 set_debug_channel

```
void set_debug_channel (int ch);
```

Overview

Set debugging message displaying UART channel that is used by debugging functions such as **debugprintf**, **debugstring**, **PRINTVAR** and **PRINTLINE**.

Parameter

int ch Debugging purpose UART channel.

Return Value

None.

5.10 get_debug_channel

```
void get_debug_channel ( );
```

Overview

Return the debugging purpose UART channel.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

None.

5.11 debugprintf

```
void debugprintf (   
    const char* const format,  
);
```

Overview

It has same role with C language's 'printf', displays numbers, characters and variable values through UART. The output UART channel is configured by **set_debug_channel()** function. The default debugging channel is 0.

Usage

```
debugprintf("result number : %d\r\n",result);
```

→ Displays the variable value of 'result' in decimal number with "result number: " string through UART and breaks line. The usage is same as 'printf'. However, '\r\n' must be denoted when line breaking.

5.12 debugstring

```
void debugstring (
    const char* str
);
```

Overview

Function to display string. It is used only for string displaying. Output UART channel is the debugging channel from **set_debug_channel()** function. The default channel is 0.

Just for reference, it is possible to display only string with **debugprintf()** function.

Usage

```
debugstring("== AMAZON2 Start ==\r\n");
```

→ string in "" is displayed through UART.

5.13 PRINTLINE

Overview

It is a macro function, displays a line number where this function is called through UART. It uses the debugging channel. The default channel is 0.

Usage

```
PRINTLINE;
```

→ Displays a line number where this function is called.

5.14 PRINTVAR(A)

Overview

It is a macro function, displays a line number and a value of 'A' where this function is called through UART. It uses the debugging channel. The default channel is 0

Usage

```
int a = 10;
```

```
PRINTVAR(a);
```

→ Displays a value of 'a'. Even a register value could be displayed.

5.15 UART Example

```
#include "sdk.h"

Int main()
{
    boardinit();
    uart_config(0, 115200, DATABITS_8, STOPBITS_1, UART_PARNONE );
        // Sets the UART 0 channel as below.
        // Baud rate = 115200
        // Data bit = 8bit
        // Stop bit = 1
        // Parity = none
    debugstring("=====WrWn");
    debugprintf("AMAZON2 UART Example. System clock(%dMhz)WrWn",get_ahb_clock()/1000000);
    debugstring("=====WrWn");

    U8 ch;
    While(1)
    {
        if(uart_getch(0, &ch)) // Reads 1Byte data from UART 0 and stores 'ch'
        {
            uart_putch(0, ch); // Displays UART 0 input data to UART 0
        }
    }
}
```

6. INTERRUPT

Function	Description
<u>init_interrupt</u>	The interrupt initialization function.
<u>set_interrupt</u>	Call back function registration function of the interrupt is called.
<u>enable_interrupt</u>	Function to enable the interrupt.

6.1 init_interrupt

```
void init_interrupt();
```

Overview

The interrupt initialization function. It should be called to use the interrupt related function.

startup_amazon2.S of the AMAZON II SDK calls and initializes the interrupt.

6.2 set_interrupt

```
BOOL set_interrupt(  
    INTERRUPT_TYPE intnum,  
    void (*fp)()  
)
```

Overview

Call back function registration function of the interrupt is called.

Caution: the interrupt callback functions of UART, Sound mixer are already made and registered from SDK, no redundant operations are avoided.

Parameter

INTERRUPT_TYPE intnum	interrupt type (refer to next chapter about the interrupt type)
void (*fp)()	callback function of the interrupt.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

6.3 enable_interrupt

```
void enable_interrupt (
    INTERRUPT_TYPE intnum,
    BOOL b
);
```

Overview

Function to enable the interrupt. Register the interrupt function with **set_interrupt()** and enable it with **enable_interrupt()**.

Parameter

INTERRUPT_TYPE intnum	interrupt type (refer to next chapter about the interrupt type)
BOOL b	1 or TRUE => interrupt enable 0 or FALSE => interrupt disable

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

INTERRUPT_TYPE

INTERRUPT_TYPE
INTNUM_EIRQ0
INTNUM_TIMER0
INTNUM_SEIP
INTNUM_DMA0
INTNUM_FRAMESYNC
INTNUM_GPIO0
INTNUM_UART0
INTNUM_XDMA0
INTNUM_EIRQ1
INTNUM_TIMER1
INTNUM_PMU
INTNUM_DMA1
INTNUM_ICE
INTNUM_GPIO1
INTNUM_UART1
INTNUM_XDMA1
INTNUM_TIMER2
INTNUM_USBDEV
INTNUM_TWI
INTNUM_USBHOST
INTNUM_I2SRX1
INTNUM_UART2
INTNUM_SEIPRX
INTNUM_WATCHDOG
INTNUM_NAND
INTNUM_DMA2
INTNUM_SDHC
INTNUM_I2STX1

INTERRUPT_TYPE
INTNUM_SPI0
INTNUM_SOUND_MIXER
INTNUM_GPIO2
INTNUM_SPI1
INTNUM_TIMER3
INTNUM_UART3
INTNUM_GPIO3
INTNUM_MJPEG_FULL
INTNUM_DMA3
INTNUM_XDMA2
INTNUM_GPIO4
INTNUM_MJPEG_DEC_END
INTNUM_GPIO5
INTNUM_XDMA3
INTNUM_GPIO6
INTNUM_XDMA4
INTNUM_XDMA5
INTNUM_GPIO7
INTNUM_XDMA6
INTNUM_TIMER_CAP_OVER
INTNUM_GPIO8
INTNUM_XDMA7
INTNUM_GPIO9
INTNUM_GPIO10
INTNUM_GPIO11
INTNUM_GPIO12
INTNUM_GPIO13
INTNUM_GPIO14
INTNUM_GPIO15

6.4 Interrupt Example

```
#include "sdk.h"

void EIRQ0ISR( )
{
    debugprintf("EIRQ0 Interrupt\r\n");
}

int main()
{
    boardinit();
    uart_config(0, 115200, DATABITS_8, STOPBITS_1, UART_PARNONE );
    set_interrupt( INTNUM_EIRQ0, EIRQ0ISR );
    //Registers a callback function of the interrupt when External Interrupt 0 occurred.
    enable_interrupt( INTNUM_EIRQ0, TRUE );
    //Enables External Interrupt 0.

    while(1)
        return 0;
}
```

7. TIMER

Function	Description
<u>set_timer</u>	Function to configure and operate the timer.
<u>stop_timer</u>	Function to stop timer.
<u>delayms</u>	Function to delay.

7.1 set_timer

```
BOOL set_timer (
    int nCh,
    U32 ms
);
```

Overview

Function to configure and operate the nCh channel timer. Determines the timer channel and period to be used and enables the timer operations at timer control register.

When this function is called after the timer interrupt is registered with **set_interrupt()** function, the timer interrupt occurred with the configured period.

Parameter

int nCh	Configured timer channel value.
U32 ms	timer interrupt period. (ms unit)

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

7.2 stop_timer

```
BOOL stop_timer (
    int nCh
);
```

Overview

Stops the nCh channel timer. Disables the nCh channel timer operations.

Parameter

int nCh	Timer channel value to be disabled.
----------------	-------------------------------------

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

7.3 delayms

```
BOOL delayms (
```

Overview

Takes millisecond delay. (ms unit)

Parameter

U32 ms Time amount of delay, ms unit.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

7.4 TIMER Example

```
#include "sdk.h"

void TIMER0ISR( )
{
    debugprintf("==TIMER0ISR==WrWn");
}

int main()
{
    boardinit();
    uart_config(0, 115200, DATABITS_8, STOPBITS_1, UART_PARNONE );
    set_interrupt( INTNUM_TIMER0, TIMER0ISR );
        //Register a callback function of the interrupt of Timer 0 Interrupt.
    set_timer( 0, 1000);
        // Timer0 interrupt occurred every 1 second.
    delayms(5000);
        // 5 seconds delay.
    stop_timer( 0 );
        // Disables Timer 0 Interrupt. No more timer.
    while(1)
    return 0;
}
```

8. GRAPHIC

Function	Description
<u>ge_set_texture_mem</u>	Set texture memory size and area.
<u>get_ge_target_buffer</u>	Get frame buffer that graphic engine accessed.
<u>setscreen</u>	Set LCD resolution and RGB mode.
<u>get_front_buffer</u>	Get front frame buffer.
<u>get_back_buffer</u>	Get back frame buffer.
<u>get_screen_width</u>	Get screen width value.
<u>get_screen_height</u>	Get screen height value.
<u>get_screen_pitch</u>	Get screen pitch value.
<u>get_screen_bpp</u>	Get screen bpp(bit per pixel) value.
<u>flip</u>	Function to switchover between frames.
<u>flip_wait</u>	Function to switchover between frames. Wait that switchover is completed.
<u>async_flip</u>	Function to switchover between frames. Perform async switchover.
<u>async_flip_wait</u>	Function to switchover between frames. Perform async switchover and Wait that switchover is completed.
<u>ge_wait_cmd_complete</u>	Wait that graphic engine operation is completed.
<u>ge_draw_rectfill</u>	Draw filled rectangle by graphic engine.
<u>ge_draw_rectfillalpha</u>	Draw filled rectangle with transparency effect by graphic engine.
<u>surface_set_alpha</u>	Set surface alpha value.
<u>draw_line</u>	Draw line.

Function	Description
<u>draw_rect</u>	Draw rectangle.
<u>draw_rectfill</u>	Draw filled rectangle.
<u>draw_roundrect</u>	Draw round rectangle.
<u>draw_roundrectfill</u>	Draw filled round rectangle.
<u>draw_circle</u>	Draw circle.
<u>draw_circlefill</u>	Draw filled circle.
<u>draw_ellipse</u>	Draw ellipse.
<u>draw_ellipselfill</u>	Draw filled ellipse.
<u>loadbmp</u>	Load BMP image file.
<u>loadbmpp</u>	Load BMP image from memory.
<u>loadjpg</u>	Load JPG image file.
<u>loadjpgp</u>	Load JPG image from memory.
<u>loadpng</u>	Load PNG image file.
<u>loadpngp</u>	Load PNG image from memory.
<u>loadsurf</u>	Load SURF image file.
<u>draw_surface</u>	Display the image that loaded.
<u>draw_surface_rect</u>	Display the specific region of an image.
<u>draw_surface_scale</u>	Display the image by scaling (scale up or scale down).
<u>draw_surface_scalerect</u>	Display the specific region of an image by scaling.
<u>Draw_surface_rotate</u>	Draw rotated image.

Function	Description
<u>release_surface</u>	Release the memory region that image load function created.
<u>draw_set_clip_window</u>	Set limit region that an image could be displayed.
<u>osd_set_surface</u>	Set OSD coordinate and region. And enable OSD.
<u>osd_set_surface_with_alpha</u>	Set OSD coordinate and region (with alpha effect).
<u>osd_set_pal</u>	Set palette of OSD.
<u>osd_set_off</u>	Disable OSD.
<u>OSD_MOVE</u>	Move OSD coordinate.
<u>vga_mode_on</u>	Set VGA (analog RGB) output mode. Must call this function in order to use VGA output mode.
<u>vce_on_surface</u>	Call function when use external video. External video data stored in specified SURFACE.
<u>loadjpg_hw</u>	Load jpg image file using H/W decoder
<u>savebmp</u>	Save the screen as bmp file.
<u>savejpg</u>	Save the screen as jpg file.
<u>surface_set_alpha</u>	Set alpha value of SURFACE.

8.1 ge_set_texture_mem

```
void ge_set_texture_mem (
    U32 addr,
    U32 size
);
```

Overview

Set texture memory size and area. Texture memory is memory used by graphic engine.

Parameter

U32 addr	Texture memory start address.
U32 size	Texture memory size.

Return Value

None.

8.2 get_ge_target_buffer

```
SURFACE* get_ge_target_buffer ( );
```

Overview

Get frame buffer that graphic engine accessed.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

SURFACE pointer of frame buffer that graphic engine accessed.

8.3 setscreen

```
void setscreen (
    U32 framebufferAddr,
    SCREENRES size,
    U32 scmode
);
```

Overview

Set LCD resolution and RGB mode.

It should be set first for LCD displaying.

Parameter

U32 framebufferAddr

Frame buffer start address.

SCREENRES size

LCD resolution value, the LCD Controller is configured according to the resolution value. SCREENRES are defined as below. (Each LCD has different characteristics. Thus, if LCD is not working correctly with the proper resolution then the values in **crt.c**'s **setscreen()** function should be modified by the LCD characteristics.)

Typedefenum {

SCREEN_480x272 = 0,

SCREEN_640x480,

SCREEN_800x480,

SCREEN_800x600,

SCREEN_1024x768,

SCREEN_TV_HD,

SCREEN_TV_NTSC,

SCREEN_TV_PAL,

} SCREENRES;

U32 scmode

RGB mode setting value, defined as below.

SCREENMODE_RGB888

SCREENMODE_RGB565

SCREENMODE_SINGLEBUF

SCREENMODE_DOUBLEBUF

Select one of RGB888 and RGB565.

Select one of SINGLEBUF and DOUBLEBUF.

Return Value

None

8.4 get_front_buffer

```
SURFACE* get_front_buffer ( );
```

Overview

Get SURFACE pointer of current screen frame. (front buffer)

Parameter

None.

Return Value

SURFACE pointer of current screen frame.

8.5 get_back_buffer

```
SURFACE* get_back_buffer ( );
```

Overview

Get SURFACE pointer of hidden screen frame. (back buffer or rendering buffer)

Parameter

None.

Return Value

SURFACE pointer of back buffer.

8.6 get_screen_width

```
U32 get_screen_width();
```

Overview

Get current screen width size.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

Width size of screen.

8.7 get_screen_height

```
U32 get_screen_height();
```

Overview

Get current screen height size.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

Height size of screen.

8.8 get_screen_pitch

```
U32 get_screen_pitch();
```

Overview

Get pitch value of screen. Pitch value is changed by bpp and width.

width <= 512 → 512 * bpp / 8

width <= 1024 → 1024 * bpp / 8

width <= 2048 → 2048 * bpp / 8

Parameter

None.

Return Value

Pitch value of screen.

8.9 get_screen_bpp

```
U32 get_screen_bpp ( );
```

Overview

Get bpp(bit per pixel) value of screen.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

bpp value of screen.

8.10 flip

```
void flip ( );
```

Overview

Switch between frame when use double frame buffer.

If you want to use double frame buffer, Set SCREENMODE_DOUBLEBUF in scemode argument in setscreen function.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

None.

8.11 flip_wait

```
void flip_wait();
```

Overview

Switch between frame when use double frame buffer.

Wait that switchover is completed.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

None.

8.12 async_flip

```
void async_flip();
```

Overview

Switch between frame when use double frame buffer.

Perform async switchover.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

None.

8.13 async_flip_wait

```
void async_flip_wait();
```

Overview

Switch between frame when use double frame buffer.

Perform async switchover and Wait that switchover is completed.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

None.

8.14 ge_wait_cmd_complete

```
void ge_wait_cmd_complete ( );
```

Overview

Wait that graphic engine operation is completed. Before operating that give influence to graphic engine, use this function.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

None.

8.15 ge_draw_rectfill

```
void ge_draw_rectfill (
    int x,
    int y,
    int w,
    int h,
    EGL_COLOR c
);
```

Overview

Draw filled rectangle by graphic engine.

Parameter

int x	x coordinate of rectangle.
int y	y coordinate of rectangle.
int w	Width of rectangle.
int h	Height of rectangle.
EGL_COLOR c	Color of rectangle. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

8.16 ge_draw_rectfillalpha

```
void ge_draw_rectfillalpha (
    int x,
    int y,
    int w,
    int h,
    EGL_COLOR acolor
);
```

Overview

Draw filled rectangle with transparency effect by graphic engine.

Parameter

int x	x coordinate of rectangle.
int y	y coordinate of rectangle.
int w	Width of rectangle.
int h	Height of rectangle.
EGL_COLOR c	Color of rectangle. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

8.17 surface_set_alpha

```
BOOL surface_set_alpha (
    SURFACE* surf,
    U8 a
);
```

Overview

Set surface alpha value.

Parameter

SURFACE* surf	SURFACE that to set alpha.
U8 a	Alpha value.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

8.18 draw_line

```
void draw_line (
    int x1,
    int y1,
    int x2,
    int y2,
    EGL_COLOR color
);
```

Overview

draw a line from x1, y1 coordinate to x2, y2 coordinate.

Parameter

int x1	x coordinate of line start point.
int y1	y coordinate of line start point.
int x2	x coordinate of line end point.
int y2	y coordinate of line end point.
EGL_COLOR color	Color of line. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

8.19 draw_rect

```
void draw_rect (
    int x,
    int y,
    int w,
    int h,
    EGL_COLOR c
);
```

Overview

Draw rectangle.

Parameter

int x	x coordinate of rectangle.
int y	y coordinate of rectangle.
int w	Width of rectangle.
int h	Height of rectangle.
EGL_COLOR c	Color of rectangle. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

8.20 draw_rectfill

```
void draw_rectfill (
    int x,
    int y,
    int w,
    int h,
    EGL_COLOR c
);
```

Overview

Draw filled rectangle.

Parameter

int x	x coordinate of rectangle.
int y	y coordinate of rectangle.
int w	Width of rectangle.
int h	Height of rectangle.
EGL_COLOR c	Color of rectangle. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None

8.21 draw_roundrect

```
void draw_roundrect (
    int x0,
    int y0,
    int w,
    int h,
    int corner,
    EGL_COLOR c
);
```

Overview

Draw round rectangle.

Parameter

int x0	x coordinate of round rectangle.
int y0	y coordinate of round rectangle.
int w	Width of round rectangle.
int h	Height of round rectangle.
int corner	Corner round strength. Bigger values indicates wider round.
EGL_COLOR c	Color of round rectangle. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r,g,b) macro function.

Return Value

None

8.22 draw_rectfill

```
void draw_rectfill (
    int x0,
    int y0,
    int w,
    int h,
    int corner,
    EGL_COLOR c
);
```

Overview

Draw filled round rectangle.

Parameter

int x0	x coordinate of round rectangle.
int y0	y coordinate of round rectangle.
int w	Width of round rectangle.
int h	Height of round rectangle.
int corner	Corner round strength. Bigger values indicates wider round.
EGL_COLOR c	Color of round rectangle. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r,g,b) macro function.

Return Value

None

8.23 draw_circle

```
void draw_circle (
    int x,
    int y,
    int r,
    EGL_COLOR color
);
```

Overview

Draw circle.

Parameter

int x	x coordinate of circle center.
int y	y coordinate of circle center.
int r	Radius of the circle.
EGL_COLOR color	Color of circle. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r,g,b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

8.24 draw_circlefill

```
void draw_circlefill (
    int x,
    int y,
    int r,
    EGL_COLOR color
);
```

Overview

Draw filled circle.

Parameter

int x	x coordinate of circle center.
int y	y coordinate of circle center.
int r	Radius of circle.
EGL_COLOR color	Color of circle. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r,g,b) macro function.

Return Value

None

8.25 draw_ellipse

```
void draw_ellipse (
    int x,
    int y,
    int rx,
    int ry,
    EGL_COLOR color
);
```

Overview

Draw ellipse.

Parameter

int x	x coordinate of ellipse center.
int y	y coordinate of ellipse center.
int rx	Radius along the x axis of the ellipse.
int ry	Radius along the y axis of the ellipse.
EGL_COLOR color	Color of ellipse. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r,g,b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

6.26 draw_ellipsefill

```
void draw_ellipsefill (
    int x,
    int y,
    int rx,
    int ry,
    EGL_COLOR color
);
```

Overview

Draw filled ellipse.

Parameter

int x	x coordinate of ellipse center.
int y	y coordinate of ellipse center.
int rx	Radius along the x axis of the ellipse.
int ry	Radius along the y axis of the ellipse.
EGL_COLOR color	Color of ellipse. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r,g,b) macro function.

Return Value

None

8.27 loadbmp

```
SURFACE* loadbmp (  
    char* fname  
) ;
```

Overview

Function to load a bmp file. Loads a bmp file, creates a memory region, creates a SUFRACE structure with **draw_surface()** function and stores it.

Parameter

char* fname BMP file name.

Return Value

A pointer to the image information and data stored memory region.

8.28 loadbmpp

```
SURFACE* loadbmpp (   
    U8* startaddr  
);
```

Overview

Function to load a bmp image from memory. It loads the image from memory not from a file like loadbmp function.

Parameter

U8* startaddr Image stored memory address.

Return Value

A pointer to the image information and data stored memory region.

8.29 loadjpg

```
SURFACE* loadjpg (
    char* fname
);
```

Overview

Function to load a jpg file. Loads a jpg file, creates a memory region, creates a SURFACE structure with **draw_surface()** function and stores it.

(**libjpeg.a** file should be added to the project for the jpg image output.)

Parameter

char* fname	JPG file name
--------------------	---------------

Return Value

A pointer to the image information and data stored memory region.

8.30 loadjpgp

```
SURFACE* loadjpgp (
    U8* databuf,
    U32 len
);
```

Overview

Function to load a jpg image from memory. It loads the image from memory not from a file like Loadjpg function.

Parameter

U8* databuf	Image stored memory address.
U32 len	Length of the image data.

Return Value

A pointer to the image information and data stored memory region.

8.31 loadtga

```
SURFACE* loadtga (  
    char* fname  
);
```

Overview

Function to load a tga file. Loads a tga file, creates a memory region, creates a SUFRACE structure with **draw_surface()** function and stores it.

Parameter

char* fname tga file name.

Return Value

A pointer to the image information and data stored memory region.

8.32 loadgap

```
SURFACE* loadtgap()  
    U8* startaddr  
};
```

Overview

Function to load a tga image from memory. It loads the image from memory not from a file like Loadtqa function.

Parameter

U8* startaddr Image stored memory address.

Return Value

A pointer to the image information and data stored memory region.

8.33 loadpng

```
SURFACE* loadpng (
    char* filename
);
```

Overview

Function to load a png file. Loads a png file, creates a memory region, creates a SURFACE structure with **draw_surface()** function and stores it.

(libz.a, libpng.a file should be added to the project for the png image output.)

Parameter

char* filename	PNG file name
-----------------------	---------------

Return Value

A pointer to the image information and data stored memory region.

8.34 loadpngp

```
SURFACE* loadpngp (
    U8* pngbuf,
    U32 datalen
);
```

Overview

Function to load a png image from memory. It loads the image from memory not from a file like Loadpng function.

Parameter

U8* pngbuf	Image stored memory address
U32 datalen	length of the image data

Return Value

A pointer to the image information and data stored memory region.

8.35 loadsurf

```
SURFACE* loadsurf (  
    char* fname  
) ;
```

Overview

Function to load a suf file. Loads a suf file, creates a memory region, creates a SUFRACE structure with **draw_surface()** function and stores it.

Suf file is that has data changed to match RGB mode (RGB888 or RGB565). Suf file has shortest load times than other images. You can make suf image by MakeSurface2.exe in SDK pc-util folder.

Parameter

char* fname surf file name.

Return Value

A pointer to the image information and data stored memory region.

8.36 draw surface

```
BOOL draw_surface (
```

SURFACE* src_surf,

int dx,

int dy

```
);
```

Overview

Display the image that loaded.

Parameter

SURFACE* src_surf SURFACE pointer of loaded image.
int dx x coordinate of image.
int dy y coordinate of image.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

8.37 draw_surface_rect

```
BOOL draw_surface_rect (
    SURFACE* src_surf,
    int dx,
    int dy,
    int sx,
    int sy,
    int w,
    int h
);
```

Overview

Function to output a specific region of an image. Specified region of the image (start point, size) is displayed at coordinate (dx,dy). It is used to output parts of the image.

Parameter

SURFACE* src_surf	SURFACE pointer of loaded image.
int dx	x coordinate of image.
int dy	y coordinate of image.
int sx	x coordinate of the image to be displayed.
int sy	y coordinate of the image to be displayed.
w	Horizontal length of the image to be displayed. It displays w length of the image from the coordinate sx.
h	Vertical length of the image to be displayed. It displays h length of the image from the coordinate sy.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

8.38 draw_surface_scale

```
BOOL draw_surface_scale (
    SURFACE* src_surf,
    int dx,
    int dy,
    int dw,
    int dh
);
```

Overview

Function to output an image with scaling. The image is up-scaled, if dw/dh values are bigger than the original image's width/height length. The image is down-scaled when vice-versa

Parameter

SURFACE* src_surf	SURFACE pointer of loaded image.
int dx	x coordinate of image.
int dy	y coordinate of image.
int dw	horizontal length of the displaying image. If this value is bigger than the original image's width then the horizontal length will be up-scaled or (smaller) down-scaled.
int dh	vertical length of the displaying image. If this value is bigger than the original image's height then the vertical length will be up-scaled or (smaller) down-scaled.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

8.39 draw_surface_scalerect

```
BOOL draw_surface_scalerect (
    SURFACE* src_surf,
    int dx,
    int dy,
    int dw,
    int dh,
    int sx,
    int sy,
    int sw,
    int sh
);
```

Overview

Function to merge the functions of **draw_surface_scale()** function and **draw_surface_rect()** function. Up/down scaled outputs the specific part of the image. Outputs a region of the image that is originated from (sx, sy) to sw, sh lengths to the coordinate (dx, dy) with dw, dh lengths. Up-scaled when sw, sh values are smaller than dw, dh, down-scaled vice-versa.

Parameter

SURFACE* src_surf	SURFACE pointer of loaded image.
int dx	x coordinate of image.
int dy	y coordinate of image.
int dw	Horizontal length of the displaying image. If this value is bigger than the original image's width then the horizontal length will be up-scaled or (smaller) down-scaled.
int dh	Vertical length of the displaying image. If this value is bigger than the original image's height then the vertical length will be up-scaled or (smaller) down-scaled.
int sx	Initial x coordinate of the part of the original image to be displayed.
int sy	Initial y coordinate of the part of the original image to be displayed.
int sw	Horizontal length of the output image. From sx to sw
int sh	Vertical length of the output image. From sy to sh

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

8.40 draw_surface_rotate

```
BOOL draw_surface_rotate (
    SURFACE* src,
    int cdx,
    int cdy,
    int ctx,
    int cty,
    int zoom,
    int degrees
);
```

Overview

Draw rotated image.

Parameter

SURFACE* src_surf	SURFACE pointer of loaded image.
int cdx	x-coordinate of image.
int cdy	y-coordinate of image.
int ctx	x-coordinate of image rotate axis.
int cty	y-coordinate of image rotate axis.
int zoom	Image zoom in/out value. default 1. scale down : zoom value < 1 scale up : zoom value > 1
int degrees	Angle of rotation.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

8.41 release_surface

```
void release_surfacet (
    SURFACE* surf
);
```

Overview

Function to release the image load function created memory region. It is better to release unused image's memory region with this function because available memory is limited.

Parameter

SURFACE* surf	SURFACE pointer of loaded image.
---------------	----------------------------------

Return Value

None

8.42 draw_set_clip_window

```
void draw_set_clip_window (
    SURFACE* dst,
    CLIP_RECT* pRect
);
```

Overview

Function to limit the region that an image could be displayed. The image cannot be displayed outside of the region from coordinate (x,y) to w width and h height.

Parameter

SURFACE* dst	Target frame.
CLIP_RECT* pRect	Region to allow the image output.

```
typedef struct
{
    int x;
    int y;
    int endx;
    int endy;
}CLIP_RECT;
```

Return Value

None

8.43 osd_set_surface

```
BOOL osd_set_surface (  
    SURFACE* surf,  
    int x,  
    int y  
>);
```

Overview

Set OSD coordinate and region. And enable OSD.

Parameter

SURFACE* surf	SURFACE that want to use OSD.
int x	X coordinate of OSD.
int y	Y coordinate of OSD.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

8.44 osd_set_surface_with_alpha

```
BOOL osd_set_surface_with_alpha (
    SURFACE* surf,
    int x,
    int y,
    U8 alpha
);
```

Overview

Set OSD coordinate and region (with alpha effect).

Parameter

SURFACE* surf	SURFACE that want to use OSD.
int x	x coordinate of OSD.
int y	y coordinate of OSD.
U8 alpha	Alpha value of OSD.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

8.45 osd_set_pal

```
void osd_set_pal (
    EGL_COLOR* pal,
    int num
);
```

Overview

Set palette of OSD.

Parameter

EGL_COLOR* pal	Palette color buffer.
int num	Number of Palette color.

Return Value

None.

8.46 osd_set_off

```
void osd_set_off ( );
```

Overview

Disable OSD.

Parameter

None

Return Value

None

8.47 OSD_MOVE

```
OSD_MOVE ( x , y );
```

Overview

Move the OSD coordinate.

Parameter

x	x coordinate.
y	y coordinate.

Return Value

None

8.48 vga_mode_on

```
void vga_mode_on( void );
```

Overview

Set VGA (analog RGB) output mode. Must call this function in order to use VGA output mode.

Parameter

None

Return Value

None

8.49 vce_on_surface

```
BOOL vce_on_surface (
    SURFACE* dst,
    int x,
    int y,
    bool halfmode
);
```

Overview

Call function when use external video. External video data stored in specified SURFACE struct. So, can display external video using draw_surface like display image. Because using SURFACE, need to create surface as create_surface function.

Parameter

SURFACE* dst	SURFACE to store the external video data.
int x	External video x-coordinate.
int y	External video y-coordinate.
bool halfmode	Determine halfmode.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
SURFACE* ext_surf = create_surface(720, 480, 16)
vce_on_surface(ext_surf,0,0,false);

draw_surface(ext_surf, 24, 24);
flip();
```

8.50 loadjpg_hw

```
SURFACE* loadjpg_hw (
    char* fname
);
```

Overview

Function to load a jpg file using H/W decoder. Loads a jpg file, creates a memory region, creates a SURFACE structure with **draw_surface()** function and stores it.

Because H/W decoder is supported standard format, convert image file using makesurface2.exe in pc-util.

Parameter

char* fname	JPG file name
--------------------	---------------

Return Value

A pointer to the image information and data stored memory region.

8.51 savebmp

```
BOOL savebmp (
    char* savefname,
    SURFACE* src
);
```

Overview

Save the screen as bmp image.

Parameter

char* savefname	BMP image file name
SURFACE* src	Screen image source

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE.

8.52 savejpg

```
BOOL savejpg (
    char* savefname,
    SURFACE* src
);
```

Overview

Save the screen as jpg image.

Parameter

char* savefname	jpg image file name
SURFACE* src	Screen image source

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE.

< savebmp/savejpg example >

```
SURFACE* current_frame = get_front_buffer();
res = savebmp("image1.bmp", current_frame); // Save the current screen as image1.bmp.
res = savejpg("image2.jpg", current_frame); // Save the current screen as image2.bmp.
```

8.53 surface_set_alpha

```
BOOL surface_set_alpha (
    SURFACE* surf,
    U8 a
);
```

Overview

Set the alpha value of SURFACE. Value range is 0 to 255. The smaller the value becomes transparent.

Parameter

SURFACE* surf	SURFACE, to set an alpha value.
U8* a	Alpha value.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE.

8.54 Graphic Example

<Single Frame>

```
#include "sdk.h"

int main()
{
    boardinit();
    uart_config(0,115200,DATABITS_8,STOPBITS_1,UART_PARNONE);

    display_clock_init(); // set LCD clock
    ge_set_texture_mem(0xc3000000, 0x50000000);
    // set texture memory. start address : 0xc3000000, size : 80MByte
    setscreen(0xc2000000,SCREEN_1024x600,SCREENMODE_RGB565|SCREENNMODE_SINGLEBUF);
    // 1024x600 LCD, frame buffer start address : 0xc2000000, RGB565, single buf mode.

    lcdon(); // turn on the lcd back light.

    draw_rectfill(0,0,get_screen_width(),get_screen_height(),MAKE_COLORREF(255,255,255));
    // draw 1024x600 white rectangle. ( screen cleared as white color )
    draw_line(0,0,100,100,MAKE_COLORREF(255,0,0)); // draw red line.
    draw_rect(100,100,100,100,MAKE_COLORREF(255,0,0)); // draw red rectangle.
    draw_circle(200,200,80,MAKE_COLORREF(0,0,255)); // draw blue circle.
    draw_ellipse(200,50,30,20,MAKE_COLORREF(0,255,0)); // draw green ellipse.
    draw_roundrect(100,270,100,100,10,MAKE_COLORREF(128,128,128)); // draw round rectangle.
    draw_roundrectfill(110,280,80,80,10,MAKE_COLORREF(255,0,0)); // draw round rectangle filled.

    while(1);
    return 0;
}
```

<Double Frame>

```
#include "sdk.h"
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    boardinit();
```

```
    uart_config(0,115200,DATABITS_8,STOPBITS_1,UART_PARNONE);
```

```
    FATFS fs;
```

```
    f_mount(DRIVE_NAND, &fs);
```

```
    display_clock_init(); // set LCD clock
```

```
    ge_set_texture_mem(0xc3000000, 0x50000000);
```

```
        // set texture memory. start address : 0xc3000000, size : 80MByte
```

```
    setscreen(0xc2000000,SCREEN_1024x600,SCREENMODE_RGB565/SCREENNMODE_DOUBLEBUF);
```

```
        // 1024x600 LCD, frame buffer start address : 0xc2000000, RGB565, double buf mode.
```

```
    lcdon(); // turn on the lcd back light.
```

```
    SURFACE* bg = loadbmp("background.bmp"); // load bmp image.
```

```
    drawsurface(bg,0,0); // draw image.
```

```
    flip(); // switch frame buffer.
```

```
    SURFACE* bg2 = loadbmp("background2.bmp"); // load bmp image.
```

```
    SURFACE* icon = loadjpg("icon.jpg"); // load jpg image.
```

```
    drawsurface(bg2,0,0); // draw back ground image.
```

```
    drawsurface(icon,100,100); // draw icon image.
```

```
    flip(); // switch frame buffer.
```

```
    while(1);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

9. Movie file play

Movie file is generated by MovieGenerator™ in pc-util.

See the separate documentation for details about MovieGenerator™

Function	Description
<u>loadmovie</u>	Load movie file.
<u>release_movie</u>	Release memory that created by loadmovie function.
<u>movie_play</u>	Display first frame of video.
<u>movie_drawnext</u>	Display next frame on wanted position.
<u>movie_drawnextex</u>	Display next frame on wanted position. Can adjust size.
<u>movie_seek</u>	Change the current file position to specific time.
<u>movie_current_time</u>	Return time of current displayed frame.

9.1 loadmovie

```
MOVIE* loadmovie(
    char* fname,
    BOOL bAll
);
```

Overview

Load movie file. All audio data is stored in ram memory. So, if there is audio data, should be ensured that sufficient memory.

$11025\text{Hz} * 2 \text{ (16bit mono)} * 30 \text{ sec} = 661,500 \text{ bytes}$

You can release memory that used by `release_movie` function.

Parameter

<code>char* fname</code>	Movie file name
<code>BOOL bAll</code>	Whether to load all video data.
	If false, load video data on each every frame.

Return Value

Pointer to MOVIE

9.2 release_movie

```
void release_movie(
    MOVIE* mov
);
```

Overview

Release memory that used.

Parameter

<code>MOVIE* mov</code>	Pointer to MOVIE
-------------------------	------------------

Return Value

None

9.3 movie_play

```
BOOL movie_play(  
    MOVIE* mov,  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    BOOL bAudio  
)
```

Overview

Display first frame of video. If bAudio is true and there is audio data, start play audio.

Parameter

MOVIE* mov	Pointer to MOVIE.
int x	x coordinate.
int y	y coordinate
BOOL bAudio	Determine whether the output audio. If false, do not play audio.

Return Value

True or False.

9.4 movie_drawnext

```
MOVIE_DRAW_RESULT movie_drawnext(  
    MOVIE* mov,  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    BOOL b_audiosync  
)
```

Overview

Display next frame on wanted position. If b_audiosync is false, not synchronized video and audio are output in sequence.

Parameter

MOVIE* mov	Pointer to MOVIE.
int x	x coordinate.
int y	y coordinate
BOOL b_audiosync	Determine whether the sync about audio and video.

Return Value

MOVIE_DRAW_RESULT_FAIL – if mov is null, or mov is not running.

MOVIE_DRAW_RESULT_OK – if success.

MOVIE_DRAW_RESULT_EOF – if end of file.

9.5 movie_drawnextex

```
MOVIE_DRAW_RESULT movie_drawnextex(  
    MOVIE* mov,  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    BOOL b_audiosync  
)
```

Overview

Display next frame on wanted position and size. If b_audiosync is false, not synchronized video and audio are output in sequence.

Parameter

MOVIE* mov	Pointer to MOVIE.
int x	x coordinate.
int y	y coordinate
int w	width
int h	height
BOOL b_audiosync	Determine whether the sync about audio and video.

Return Value

MOVIE_DRAW_RESULT_FAIL – if mov is null, or mov is not running.

MOVIE_DRAW_RESULT_OK – if success.

MOVIE_DRAW_RESULT_EOF – if end of file.

9.6 movie_seek

```
U32 movie_seek(  
    MOVIE* mov,  
    U32 ms,  
);
```

Overview

Change the current file position to specific time.

Parameter

MOVIE* mov	Pointer to MOVIE.
U32 ms	Milliseconds.

Return Value

Number of video frame.

9.7 movie_current_time

```
U32 movie_current_time(  
    MOVIE* mov,  
);
```

Overview

Return time of current displayed frame.

Parameter

MOVIE* mov	Pointer to MOVIE.
-------------------	-------------------

Return Value

Current miliseconds.

9.8 example

```
int main()
{
    ...
    ...
    MOVIE* mov = loadmovie(fname, FALSE);
    while(1)
    {
        if(movie_drawnext(mov, x, y, true) == MOVIE_DRAW_RESULT_EOF)
            break;
        flip();
    }
    ...
    ...
}
```

10. SOUND

Function	Description
<u>sound_init</u>	Initialize a sound mixer.
<u>sound_loadwav</u>	Load WAV file.
<u>sound_loadwavp</u>	Load WAV data in memory.
<u>sound_loadmp3</u>	Load MP3 file.
<u>sound_loadmp3p</u>	Load MP3 data in memory.
<u>sound_release</u>	Release the memory that is created by load function.
<u>sound_play</u>	Play sound.
<u>sound_stop</u>	Stop sound.
<u>sound_vol</u>	Set volume of Sound mixer.
<u>sound_vol_wav</u>	Set volume of each Sound file.
<u>sound_pause</u>	Pause Sound.
<u>sound_resume</u>	Resume sound of pause status.
<u>sound_isplay</u>	Confirm that sound is playing.
<u>sound_ispause</u>	Confirm that sound is pause.
<u>sound_playex</u>	Play sound from a specific position.
<u>sound_current_time</u>	Return the current playing position.

10.1 sound_init

```
BOOL sound_init ( );
```

Overview

Initialize a sound mixer.

Parameter

None

Return Value

None

10.2 sound_loadwav

```
WAVE* sound_loadwav (
    char* filename
);
```

Overview

Load WAV file.

Parameter

char* filename WAV file name.

Return Value

WAV file information and data stored WAVE structure.

10.3 sound_loadwavp

```
WAVE* sound_loadwavp (
    U8* buf,
    U32 len
);
```

Overview

Load WAV data in memory.

Parameter

U8* buf	Buffer that WAV data was stored.
U32 len	Length of WAV data.

Return Value

WAV file information and data stored WAVE structure.

10.4 sound_loadmp3

```
WAVE* sound_loadmp3 (
    char* filename,
);
```

Overview

Load MP3 file.

Parameter

char* filename	MP3 file name.
-----------------------	----------------

Return Value

MP3 file information and data stored WAVE structure.

10.5 sound_loadmp3p

```
WAVE* sound_loadmp3p (
    U8* buf,
    U32 mp3databufsize
);
```

Overview

Load MP3 data in memory.

Parameter

U8* buf	Buffer that MP3 data was stored.
U32 mp3databufsize	Length of MP3 data.

Return Value

MP3 file information and data stored WAVE structure.

10.6 sound_release

```
BOOL sound_release (
    WAVE* pWave
);
```

Overview

Release the memory that is create by load function

It is better to return disusing memory by calling **sound_release()** function about the disusing sound, because available memory space is limited.

Parameter

WAVE* pWave	WAVE structure that created by load function.
--------------------	---

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

10.7 sound_play

```
BOOL sound_play (
    WAVE* pWave
);
```

Overview

Play the sound.

Parameter

WAVE* pWave	WAVE structure that created by load function.
-------------	---

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

10.8 sound_stop

```
BOOL sound_stop (
    WAVE* pWave
);
```

Overview

Stop the sound.

Parameter

WAVE* pWave	WAVE structure that created by load function.
-------------	---

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

10.9 sound_vol

```
void sound_vol (
    U8 vol
);
```

Overview

Set volume of Sound mixer.

Parameter

U8 vol Volume value. Max value is 255.

Return Value

None

10.10 sound_vol_wav

```
void sound_vol_wav (
    WAVE* pWav,
    U8 vol
);
```

Overview

Set volume of each Sound file.

Parameter

WAVE* pWav WAVE structure that created by load function.
U8 vol Volume value. Max value is 255.

Return Value

None

10.11 sound_pause

```
BOOL sound_pause (
    WAVE* pWave
);
```

Overview

Pause Sound.

Parameter

WAVE* pWave	WAVE structure that created by load function.
-------------	---

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

10.12 sound_resume

```
BOOL sound_resume (
    WAVE* pWav
);
```

Overview

Resume sound of pause status.

Parameter

WAVE* pWave	WAVE structure that created by load function.
-------------	---

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

10.13 sound_isplay

```
BOOL sound_isplay (
    WAVE* pWave
);
```

Overview

Confirm that sound is playing.

Parameter

WAVE* pWave WAVE structure that created by load function.

Return Value

TRUE(1 = play) or FALSE(0 = stop)

10.14 sound_ispause

```
BOOL sound_ispause (
    WAVE* pWave
);
```

Overview

Confirm that sound is pause.

Parameter

WAVE* pWave WAVE structure that created by load function.

Return Value

TRUE(1 = pause) or FALSE(0 = none pause)

10.15 sound_playex

```
BOOL sound_playex (
    WAVE* pWave,
    U32 start_ms
);
```

Overview

Play sound from a specific position.

Parameter

WAVE* pWave	WAVE structure that created by load function.
U32 start_ms	Specific position (ms).

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

10.16 sound_current_time

```
BOOL sound_current_time (
    WAVE* pWave
);
```

Overview

Return the current playing position.

Parameter

WAVE* pWave	WAVE structure that created by load function.
-------------	---

Return Value

Playing position (ms).

10.17 Sound Example

< WAV File Play >

```
#include "sdk.h"

Intmain()
{
    boardinit();
    uart_config(0,115200,DATABITS_8,STOPBITS_1,UART_PARNONE);

    FATFS fs;
    f_mount(DRIVE_NAND, &fs);

    sound_init();           // sound mixer initialization for the sound output.
    WAVE* sound = sound_loadwav("test.wav"); // wav file loading

    sound_play(sound);      // wav file playing

    delayms(1000);

    If(sound_isplay(sound)) // Examine whether the wav file is playing or not after one second
    {
        sound_stop(sound); // Stop if it is playing
    }

    sound_release(sound); // Remove no more using sound from memory.

    ...
    ...

    while(1);
    return 0;
}
```

< MP3 File Play >

```
#include "sdk.h"

Intmain()
{
    uart_config(0,115200,DATABITS_8,STOPBITS_1,UART_PARNONE);

    FATFS fs;
    f_mount(DRIVE_NAND, &fs);

    sound_init();           // sound mixer initialization for the sound output.
    WAVE* sound = sound_loadmp3("test.mp3"); // mp3 file loading

    sound_play(sound);      // mp3 file playing

    delayms(1000);

    sound_pause(sound);    // Pause the sound after one second

    delayms(1000);

    If(sound_ispause(sound)) // examine whether the sound is paused or not
    {
        sound_resume(sound); // resume the sound if it is paused
    }

    ...
    ...

    while(1);
    return 0;
}
```

11. FILE System

This chapter explains how to configure Nand Flash and SD card as file storage devices.

Refer to fatfs manual for more detailed information about the file system

(http://elm-chan.org/fsw/ff/00index_e.html)

Function	Description
<u>f_mount</u>	Configure Nand Flash or SD card to use as file storage devices by mounting them.
<u>f_chdrive</u>	Change drive between the mounted drives.
<u>f_chdir</u>	Move directory on the mounted drive.

11.1 f_mount

```
FRESULT f_mount (
    BYTE,
    FATFS*
);
```

Overview

Function to configure Nand Flash or SD card to use as file storage devices by mounting them.

Parameter

BYTE	Device numbers of Nand Flash or SD Card. These are defined as <code>#define DRIVE_NAND 0</code> <code>#define DRIVE_SDCARD 1</code>
FATFS	device information holding structure.

Return Value

Result of the operations.

0 is success. Refer to fatfs manual about the others.

11.2 f_chdrive

```
FRESULT f_chdrive (
    BYTE
);
```

Overview

Function to change drive between the mounted drives.

Parameter

BYTE	Device numbers of Nand Flash or SD Card. <code>#define DRIVE_NAND 0</code> <code>#define DRIVE_SDCARD 1</code>
-------------	--

Return Value

Result of the operations.

0 is success. Refer to fatfs manual about the others.

11.3 f_chdir

```
FRESULT f_chdir (
    const TCHAR*
);
```

Overview

Function to move directory on the mounted drive.

Parameter

TCHAR*	directory name to move
--------	------------------------

Return Value

Result of the operations.

0 is success. Refer to fatfs manual about the others.

11.4 FILE System Example

```
int main()
{
    init_interrupt(); // Interrupt 초기화
    uart_config(0, 115200, DATABITS_8, STOPBITS_1, UART_PARNONE );

    FATFS nand_fs, sdcard_fs;
    f_mount(DRIVE_NAND, &nand_fs); // Nand Flash mount
    f_mount(DRIVE_SDCARD, &sdcard_fs); // SD Card mount

    SURFACE* bmp = loadbmp("test.bmp"); // Load an image file from Nand Flash

    f_chdrive(DRIVE_SDCARD); // change a drive to SD Card

    WAVE* wav = sound_loadwav("test.wav"); // Load a sound file from SD Card

    f_chdir("font"); // Move to font directory of SD Card.
    //f_chdir(..); // Move to upper directory.
    //f_chdir(..); // Move to root directory.

    ...
    ...

    while(1)
        return 0;
}
```

12. Font

Support two kinds of fonts. Image font and bit type font are them; this chapter explains the functions to use the fonts.

It is easy to various types of fonts with Image font, even if it need to create font images by using a program. Bit type font could be used with already provided fonts without any font creation jobs, however it is hard to change the font types.

Function	Description
<u>create_bmpfont</u>	Prepare to use a bmp font by loading a font file.
<u>release_bmpfont</u>	Release bmp font.
<u>bmpfont_draw</u>	Display strings on specific location using bmp font.
<u>bmpfont_draw_vleft</u>	Display string that rotate by left 90 degrees.
<u>bmpfont_draw_vright</u>	Display string that rotate by right 90 degrees.
<u>egl_font_set_color</u>	Change font color.
<u>bmpfont_makesurface</u>	Converse frequently used characters into an image.
<u>bmpfont_setkerning</u>	Set letter spacing of the bmp font.
<u>bmpfont_setautokerning</u>	Determine use the same letter spacing or not.
<u>create_bitfont</u>	Prepare to use a bit font
<u>release_bitfont</u>	Release bit font.
<u>bitfont_draw</u>	Display strings on specific location using bit font.
<u>bitfont_draw_vleft</u>	Display string that rotate by left 90 degrees.
<u>bitfont_draw_vright</u>	Display string that rotate by right 90 degrees.
<u>bitfont_makesurface</u>	Converse frequently used characters into an image.

<< **bmp font** >>

12.1 create_bmpfont

```
EGL_FONT* create_bmpfont (
    const char fname
);
```

Overview

Prepare to use a bmp font by loading a font file.

Parameter

fname Font file name.

Return Value

BMP font pointer.

12.2 release_bmpfont

```
void release_bmpfont (
    EGL_FONT* pFont
);
```

Overview

Release bmp font.

Parameter

pFont BMP font pointer.

Return Value

None

12.3 bmpfont_draw

```
int bmpfont_draw (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    int x,
    int y,
    const char* str
);
```

Overview

Display strings on specific location using bmp font.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	BMP font pointer.
int x	x coordinate.
int y	y coordinate.
const char* str	String.

Return Value

Width of displayed string.

12.4 bmpfont_draw_vleft

```
int bmpfont_draw_vleft (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    int x,
    int y,
    const char* str
);
```

Overview

Display string that rotate by left 90 degrees.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	BMP font pointer.
int x	x coordinate.
int y	y coordinate.
const char* str	String.

Return Value

Width of displayed string.

12.5 bmpfont_draw_vright

```
int bmpfont_draw_vright (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    int x,
    int y,
    const char* str
);
```

Overview

Display string that rotate by right 90 degrees.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	BMP font pointer.
int x	x coordinate.
int y	y coordinate.
const char* str	String.

Return Value

Width of displayed string.

12.6 egl_font_set_color

```
EGL_COLOR egl_font_set_color (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    EGL_COLOR clr
);
```

Overview

Change font color.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	BMP font pointer.
EGL_COLOR clr	Font color. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r,g,b) macro function.

Return Value

Old color.

12.7 bmpfont_makesurface

```
SURFACE* egl_font_set_color (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    char* text
);
```

Overview

Converse frequently used characters into an image. The characters could be displayed by draw_surface function when necessary.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	BMP font pointer.
EGL_COLOR text	String.

Return Value

SURFACE structure.

12.8 bmpfont_setkerning

```
BOOL bmpfont_setkerning (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    int k
);
```

Overview

Set letter spacing of the bmp font.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	BMP font pointer.
int k	Letter spacing value.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

12.9 bmpfont_setautokerning

```
BOOL bmpfont_setautokerning (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    bool b
);
```

Overview

Determine use the same letter spacing or not.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	BMP font pointer.
bool b	TRUE : Same letter spacing. FALSE : Different letter spacing.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

<< bit font >>

12.10 create_bitfont

```
EGL_FONT* create_bitfont ( );
```

Overview

Prepare to use a bit font

Parameter

None

Return Value

Bit font pointer.

12.11 release_bitfont

```
void release_bitfont ( );
```

Overview

Release bit font.

Parameter

pFont	Bit font pointer
-------	------------------

Return Value

None

12.12 bitfont_draw

```
int bitfont_draw (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    int x,
    int y,
    const char* str
);
```

Overview

Display strings on specific location using bit font.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	Bit font pointer.
int x	x coordinate.
int y	y coordinate.
const char* str	String.

Return Value

Width of displayed string.

12.13 bitfont_draw_vleft

```
int bitfont_draw_vleft (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    int x,
    int y,
    const char* str
);
```

Overview

Display string that rotate by left 90 degrees.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	Bit font pointer.
int x	x coordinate.
int y	y coordinate.
const char* str	String.

Return Value

Width of displayed string.

12.14 bitfont_draw_vright

```
int bitfont_draw_vright (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    int x,
    int y,
    const char* str
);
```

Overview

Display string that rotate by right 90 degrees.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	Bit font pointer.
int x	x coordinate.
int y	y coordinate.
const char* str	String.

Return Value

Width of displayed string.

12.15 bitfont_makesurface

```
int bitfont_makesurface (
    EGL_FONT* pFont,
    char* str
);
```

Overview

Function to converse frequently used characters into an image. The characters could be displayed by **draw_surface()** function when necessary.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	Bit font pointer.
const char* str	String.

Return Value

SURFACE structure

< how to create the image font >

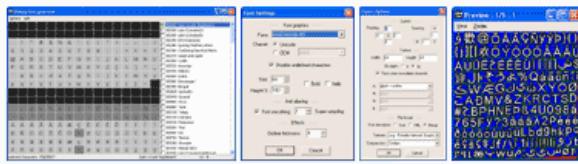
1. Download and install the Bitmap Font Generator v1.12 from
<http://www.angelcode.com/products/bmfont>.

Bitmap Font Generator

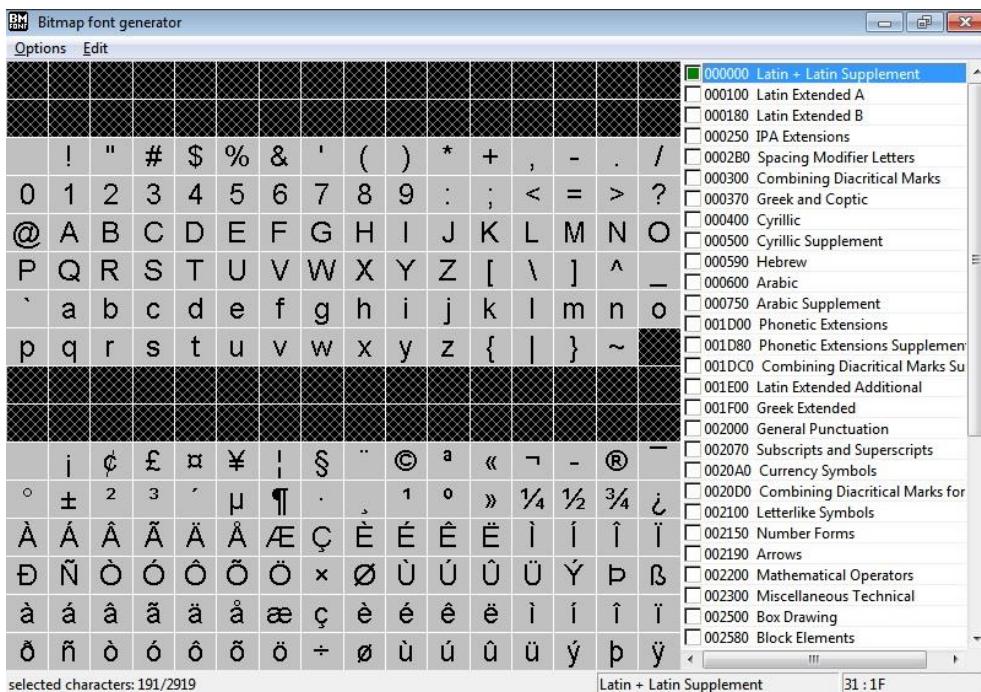
This program will allow you to generate bitmap fonts from TrueType fonts. The application generates both image files and character descriptions that can be read by a game for easy rendering of fonts.

[download installer for v1.12 \(344KB\)](#)

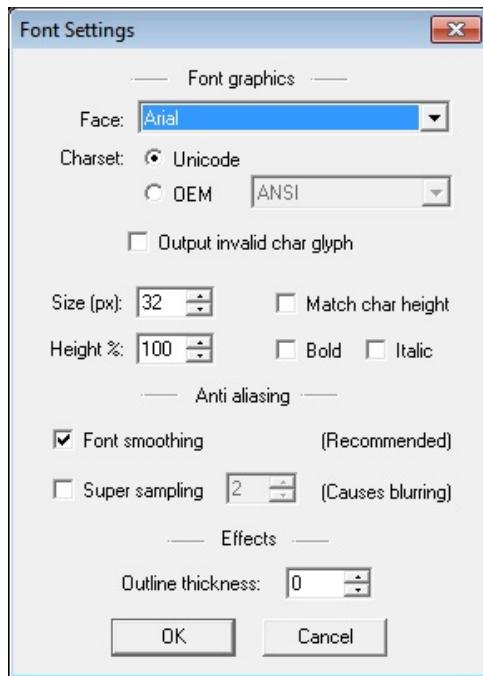
[download installer for v1.12a beta \(426KB\)](#)



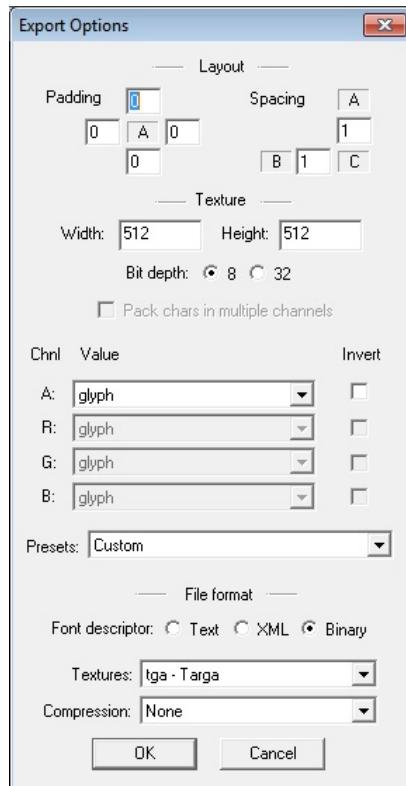
2. Next, execute the program shows up the below window.



3. Determine desired font and its size by choosing 'Options' → 'Font settings'.

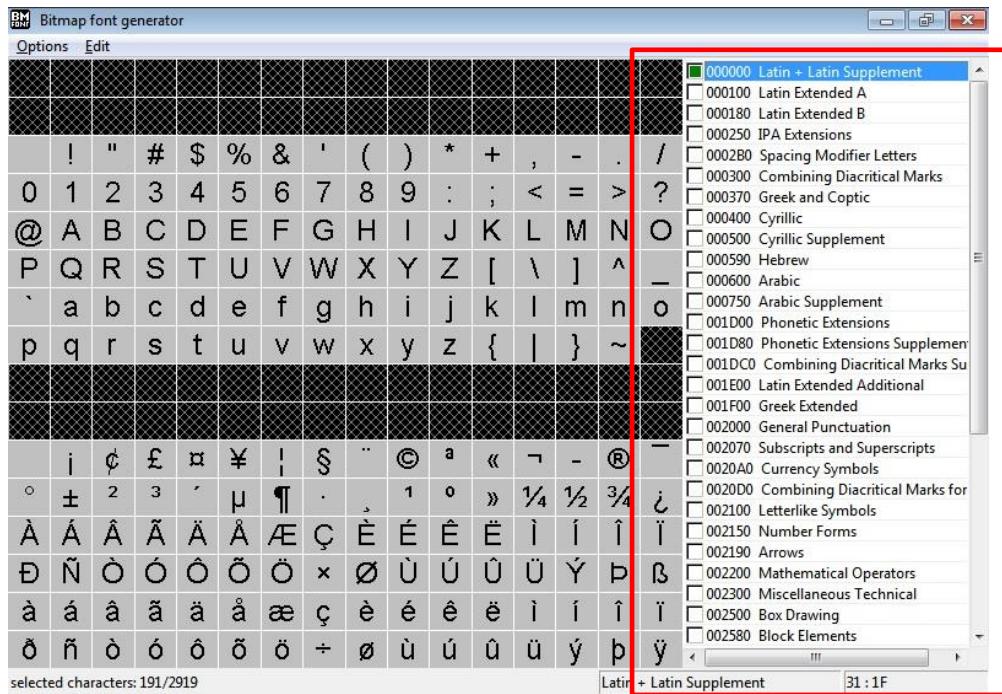


4. Set as the below window after executing 'Options' → 'Export options'.

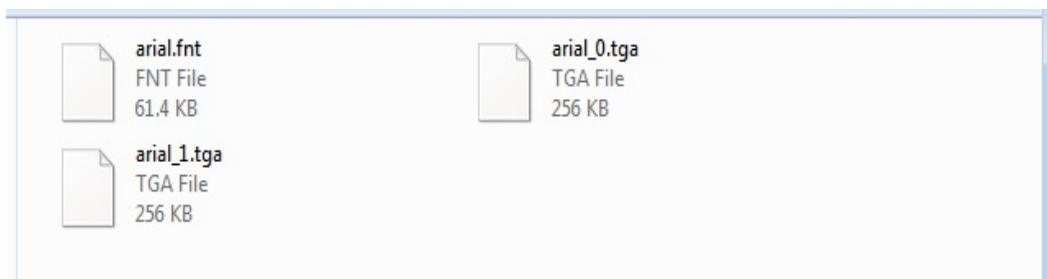


Width and Height are size of a single bitmap file's width and height. Bigger the size reduces total number of the bitmap files and wasted region could exist.

- Check the desired font on the main window that is showed up at first execution. A font selected on the left side screen with a mouse won't be created as images.



- Save the font with 'Option' → 'Save bitmap font as', FNAME.fnt and FNAME_xx.tga files are created. The font could be used by loading FNAME.fnt with create_bmpfont function.
- fnt → stores location information of the font and auxiliary information for displaying
tga → actual font image



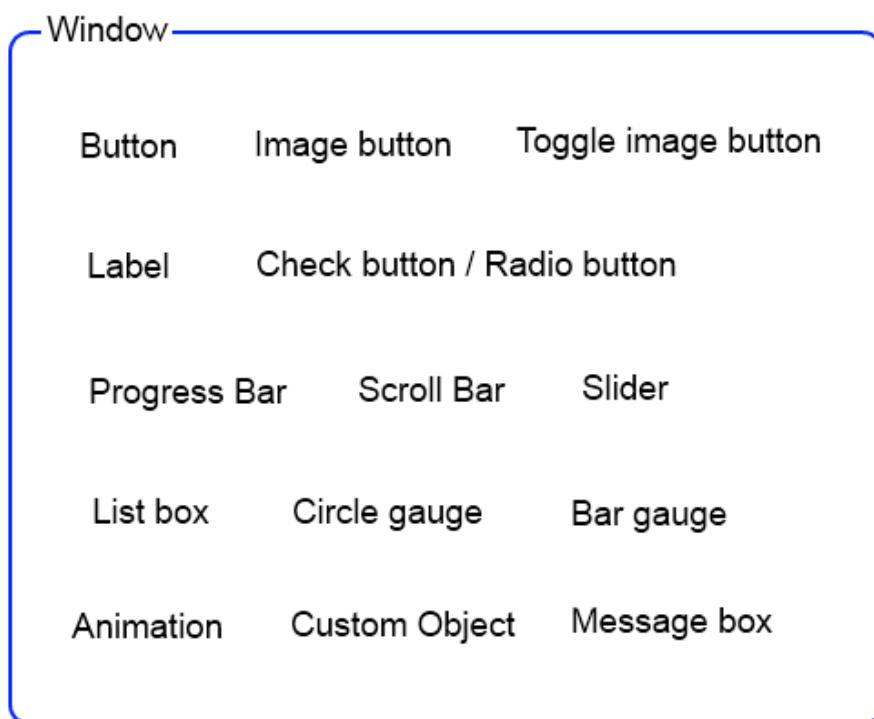
13. EGL Library

1) Introduce

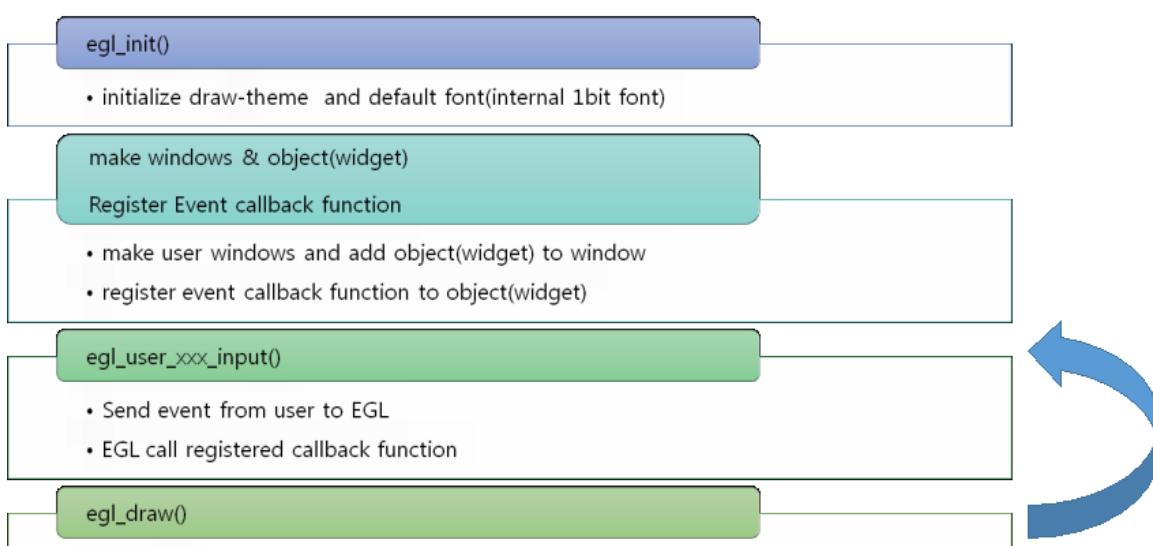
EGL(Embedded Graphic Library) is made for reduce time of graphic application development and use object by easy. EGL is offered function for use many object by easy. Event processing and object management is done in the EGL library. Use Callback function that created by developers for event action.

2) Composition

EGL is composed of follow objects.



3) Program base



< Source Code >

```
#include "adstar.h"

static void btn_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event) // button callback function.
{
    /* user call back function */
}

extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
...
EGL_POINT touch_pt;
BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
EGL_HANDLE hWin;
EGL_HANDLE btn;
egl_init();
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");      // create window
btn = egl_create_button(100,100,200,50,"Button 1"); // create button obj
egl_btn_callback(btn, btn_callback);
egl_window_add_object(hWin, btn);           // button obj add.
egl_window_show(hWin);                     // window show

while(1)
{
    if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) ) // touch input.
        egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt ); // touch processing, msg processing.

    egl_draw();
}
...
}
```

Window

Function	Description
<u>egl_create_window</u>	Create a window object.
<u>egl_window_show</u>	Decide window output or not.
<u>egl_window_ishow</u>	Return window output state.
<u>egl_window_invalidate</u>	Redraw object in window.
<u>egl_window_invalidate_rect</u>	Redraw object in specified area.
<u>egl_window_redraw_rect</u>	Redraw in specifiend area.
<u>egl_window_set_bg</u>	Set the window back ground image.
<u>egl_window_get_bg</u>	Get the window back ground image.
<u>egl_window_add_object</u>	Add object on window.
<u>egl_window_set_callback</u>	Set callback function that will be called when window event occur.
<u>egl_window_get_active</u>	Return current window handle.
<u>egl_user_touch_input</u>	Send touch message to Msg_handler.
<u>egl_draw</u>	Draw object at current window.
<u>egl_visible_object</u>	Set visible status of object.
<u>egl_window_delete_object</u>	Delete object of window.
<u>egl_release_window</u>	Release window object.

► **egl_create_window** function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_window(  
    const char* title  
)
```

Overview

Create window. Window size is resolution same.

Parameter

const char* title Window's title.

Return Value

Handle of created window.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
  
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");
```

► **egl_window_show** function

```
BOOL egl_window_show(  
    EGL_HANDLE hWin,  
    BOOL bShow  
)
```

Overview

Decide window output or not.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hWin	Handle of window.
BOOL bShow	Wether to output.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");  
...  
egl_window_show(hWin, TRUE);
```

► **egl_window_isshow** function

```
BOOL egl_window_isshow(  
    EGL_HANDLE hWin  
)
```

Overview

Return window output state.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hWin Handle of window.

Return Value

TRUE == window is shown.

FALSE == window is not shown.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");  
...  
if(egl_window_isshow(hWin))  
{  
    ...  
}
```

► **egl_window_invalidate** function

```
void egl_window_invalidate( void );
```

Overview

Redraw object in window.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");  
...  
egl_window_invalidate( );
```

► egl_window_invalidate_rect function

```
void egl_window_invalidate_rect(  
    EGL_RECT* pRect  
)
```

Overview

Redraw object in specified area.

Parameter

EGL_RECT* pRect Specified area.

```
typedef Struct _tag_RECT{  
    int x;  
    int y;  
    int w;  
    int h;  
}EGL_RECT
```

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
EGL_RECT pRect;  
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");  
...  
pRect.x = 100;  
pRect.y = 200;  
pRect.w = 150;  
pRect.h = 150;  
egl_window_invalidate_rect(&pRect );
```

► egl_window_redraw_rect function

```
Void egl_window_redraw_rect(  
    EGL_RECT* pRect  
)
```

Overview

Redraw in specien area.

Parameter

EGL_RECT* pRect Specified area.

```
typedef Struct _tag_RECT{  
    int x;  
    int y;  
    int w;  
    int h;  
}EGL_RECT
```

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
EGL_RECT pRect;  
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");  
...  
pRect.x = 100;  
pRect.y = 200;  
pRect.w = 150;  
pRect.h = 150;  
egl_window_redraw_rect(&pRect);
```

► egl_window_set_bg function

```
BOOL egl_window_set_bg(  
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
    SURFACE* lImg;  
)
```

Overview

Set the window back ground image.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hWin	Handle of window.
SURFACE* lImg	Back ground image SURFACE.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
SURFACE* surface = loadbmp("windowbg.bmp");  
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");  
egl_window_set_bg(hWin, surface);
```

► egl_window_get_bg function

```
SURFACE* egl_window_get_bg(  
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
)
```

Overview

Get the window back ground image.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hWin Handle of window.

Return Value

Image of window.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
SURFACE* getimage;  
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");  
...  
getimage = egl_window_get_bg(hWin);
```

► **egl_window_add_object** function

```
BOOL egl_window_add_object(  
    EGL_HANDLE hWin,  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Add object on window.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hWin	Handle of window.
EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of object to add.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
EGL_HANDLE btn;  
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");  
btn = egl_create_button(100, 100, 100, 50, "Button");  
egl_window_add_object(hWin, btn);
```

► **egl_window_set_callback** function

```
void egl_window_set_callback(  
    EGL_HANDLE hWin,  
    EVENT_CALLBACK cb  
)
```

Overview

Set callback function that will be called when window event occur.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hWin	Handle of window.
EVENT_CALLBACK cb	Function that is called when event occur.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
Void window_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)  
{  
    ...  
}  
int main()  
{  
    ...  
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;  
    hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");  
    egl_window_callback(hWin, window_callback);  
    ...  
}
```

► **egl_window_get_active** function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_window_get_active( void );
```

Overview

Return current window handle.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

Handle of current window.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE hWin;
EGL_HANDLE active_win;
hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");
...
active_win = egl_window_get_active( );
```

► **egl_user_touch_input** function

```
void egl_user_touch_input(  
    BOOL bPressed,  
    EGL_POINT* pt  
)
```

Overview

Send touch message to Msg_handler.

Parameter

BOOL bPressed	State of touch.
EGL_POINT* pt	Coordinates of touch.

```
typedef struct _tagPOINT  
{  
    int x;  
    int y;  
} EGL_POINT;
```

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_POINT touch_pt;  
BOOL touchdown = FALSE;  
...  
if(process_touch(&touchdown, &touch_pt))  
    egl_user_touch_input(touchdown, &touch_pt);
```

► egl_draw function

```
void egl_draw( void );
```

Overview

Draw object at current window.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
if(process_touch(&touchdown, &touch_pt))
    egl_user_touch_input(touchdown, &touch_pt);
egl_draw();
```

► **egl_visible_object** function

```
void egl_visible_object(  
    EGL_HANDLE h,  
    Bool b  
)
```

Overview

Set visible status of object.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h	Object handle.
Bool b	Visible status. TRUE : visible, FALSE : invisible

Return Value

None.

Example

```
egl_visible_object(button, FALSE);  
...  
egl_draw();
```

► **egl_window_delete_object** function

```
bool egl_window_delete_object(  
    EGL_HANDLE hWin,  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Delete object of window.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hWin	Window handle.
EGL_HANDLE hObj	Object handle.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
egl_window_delete_object(hWin, button);  
...  
egl_draw();
```

► egl_release_window function

```
bool egl_release_window(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
);
```

Overview

Release window object.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Window handle.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
If(hWin != NULL)  
{  
    egl_release_window(hWin);  
    hWin = NULL;  
}
```

► Window Example.

Example

```
#include "adstar.h"

static void btn1_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if( event == BTN_CLICKED )
    {
        debugprintf("btn1 clicked\r\n");
        egl_window_show( hWin2, TRUE );
    }
}

static void btn2_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if( event == BTN_CLICKED )
    {
        debugprintf("btn2 clicked\r\n");
        egl_window_show( hWin1, TRUE );
    }
}

extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin1;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin2;
    EGL_HANDLE btn1;
    EGL_HANDLE btn2;
    SURFACE* bg = loadbmp("bg.bmp");
    egl_init();
    hWin1 = egl_create_window("First Window");
    egl_windows_set_bg(hWin1, bg);
    hWin2 = egl_create_window("Second Window");
    btn1 = egl_create_button(100, 100, 200, 50, "Second Window");
```

```
egl_btn_callback(btn1, btn1_callback);
btn2 = egl_create_button(100, 200, 200, 50, "First Window");
egl_btn_callback(btn2, btn2_callback);
egl_window_add_object(hWin1, btn1);
egl_window_add_object(hWin2, btn2);
egl_window_show(hWin1);
egl_draw();

while(1)
{
    if( process_touch(&touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
        egl_user_touch_input(touchdown, &touch_pt );

    egl_draw();
}
```

Button



Function	Description
<u>egl_create_button</u>	Creates button object.
<u>egl_button_callback</u>	Set callback function that will be called when button event occur.
<u>egl_release_button</u>	Release button object

Define

```
BUTTON_EVENT           typedef enum
{                      BTN_CLICKED = 0,
                      BTN_PRESSED,
                      BTN_MAX,
}BUTTON_EVENT
```

► **egl_create_button** function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_button(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    const char* text  
)
```

Overview

Creates button object.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of button.
int y	Y-coordinate of button.
int w	Width of button.
int h	Height of button.
const char* text	Text of button.

Return Value

Handle of button.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE btn[2];  
  
btn[0] = egl_create_button(100, 100, 100, 50, "Button1");  
  
btn[1] = egl_create_button(300, 100, 100, 50, "Button2");
```

► egl_button_callback function

```
BOOL egl_button_callback(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EVENT_CALLBACK cb  
)
```

Overview

Set callback function that will be called when button event occur.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of button.
EVENT_CALLBACK cb	Function that is called when event occur.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
void btn_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)  
{  
    if(event == BTN_CLICKED)  
    {  
        ...  
    }  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    ...  
    EGL_HANDLE btn;  
    btn = egl_create_button(100, 100, 100, 50, "Button1");  
    egl_button_callback(btn,btn_callback);  
    ...  
}
```

► **egl_release_button** function

```
BOOL egl_release_button(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
);
```

Overview

Release button object.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of button.
-----------------	-------------------

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(button != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object(hWin, button);  
    egl_release_button(button);  
    button = NULL;  
}
```

► Button Example.

Example

```
void btn_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if(event == BTN_CLICKED)
    {
        debugprintf("button clicked.");
    }
}

extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    EGL_HANDLE btn;
    egl_init();
    btn = egl_create_button(100, 100, 100, 50, "Button Ex");
    egl_button_callback(btn,btn_callback);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, btn);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();

    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        egl_draw();
    }
}
```

Image button



< img >

< pressed_img >

Function	Description
<u>egl_create_image_button</u>	Creates image button object.
<u>egl_image_button_callback</u>	Set callback function that will be called when image button event occur.
<u>egl_release_image_button</u>	Release image button.

► **egl_create_image_button** function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_image_button(  
    SURFACE* img,  
    SURFACE* pressed_img,  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h  
)
```

Overview

Creates image button object.

Parameter

SURFACE* img	Image of default button.
SURFACE* pressed_img	Image of pressed button.
int x	X-coordinate of image button.
int y	Y-coordinate of Image button.
int w	Width of image button.
int h	Height of image button.

Return Value

Handle of created image button.

Example

```
EGL_HADLE imagebtn;  
SURFACE* img = loadbmp("btning.bmp");  
SURFACE* pressed_img = loadbmp("pressedimg.bmp");  
imagebtn = egl_create_image_button(img, pressed_img, 100, 100, 150, 50);
```

► **egl_image_button_callback** function

```
BOOL egl_image_button_callback(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EVENT_CALLBACK cb  
)
```

Overview

Set callback function that will be called when image button event occur.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of image button.
EVENT_CALLBACK cb	Function that is called when event occur.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
void imgbtn_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)  
{  
    ...  
}  
int main()  
{  
    ...  
    EGL_HANDLE imagebtn;  
    SURFACE* img = loadbmp("btning.bmp");  
    SURFACE* pressed_img = loadbmp("pressedimg.bmp");  
    imagebtn = egl_create_image_button(img, pressed_img, 100, 100, 150, 50);  
    egl_image_button_callback(imagebtn, imgbtn_callback);  
    ...  
}
```

► **egl_release_image_button** function

```
BOOL egl_release_image_button(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Release image button.

Parameter

EGL_HADLE hObj Handle of image button.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(imgbtn != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object(hWin, imgbtn);  
    egl_release_image_button(imgbtn);  
    imgbtn = NULL;  
}
```

► Image Button Example.

Example

```
void imgbtn_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if(event == BTN_CLICKED)
    {
        debugprintf("image button clicked.");
    }
}

extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    EGL_HANDLE imgbtn;
    SURFACE* img = loadbmp("btning.bmp");
    SURFACE* pressed_img = loadbmp("pressedimg.bmp");
    egl_init();
    imgbtn = egl_create_image_button(img, pressed_img, 100, 100, 150, 50);
    egl_button_callback(imgbtn, imgbtn_callback);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, imgbtn);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();

    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        egl_draw();
    }
}
```

Toggle image button



< surf_on >



< surf_off >

Function	Description
egl_create_toggle_image	Creates toggle image object.
egl_toggle_image_callback	Set callback function that will be called when toggle image button event occur.
egl_toggle_image_set_on	Set state of toggle image button.
egl_release_toggle_image	Release toggle image.

Define

```
TOGGLE_IMAGE_EVENT           typedef enum
{                           TOGGLE_IMAGE_ON = 0,
                            TOGGLE_IMAGE_OFF,
} TOGGLE_IMAGE_EVENT;
```

► egl_create_toggle_image function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_toggle_image(  
    SURFACE* surf_off,  
    SURFACE* surf_on,  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h  
)
```

Overview

Creates toggle image button object.

Parameter

SURFACE* surf_off	Image of toggle imgae button when off state. (default state : Off)
SURFACE* surf_on	Image of toggle image button when on state.
int x	X-coordinate of toggle image button.
int y	Y-coordinate of toggle image button.
int w	Width of toggle image button.
int h	Height of toggle image button.

Return Value

Handle of created toggle image button.

Example

```
EGL_HADLE toggleimg;  
SURFACE* surf_off = loadpng("off.png");  
SURFACE* surf_on = loadpng("on.png");  
toggleimg = egl_create_toggle_image(surf_off, surf_on, 100, 100, 150, 50);
```

► **egl_toggle_image_callback** function

```
BOOL egl_toggle_image_callback(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EVENT_CALLBACK cb  
)
```

Overview

Set callback function that will be called when toggle image button event occur.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of toggle image button.
EVENT_CALLBACK cb	Function that is called when event occur.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
void toggleimg_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)  
{  
    if(event == TOGGLE_IMAGE_ON)  
        ...  
    else  
        ...  
}  
int main()  
{  
    EGL_HANDLE toggleimage;  
    ...  
    toggleimage = egl_create_toggle_image(surf_off, surf_on, 100, 100, 150, 50);  
    egl_toggle_image_callback(toggleimage, toggleimg_callback);  
    ...  
}
```

► **egl_toggle_image_set_on** function

```
BOOL egl_toggle_image_set_on(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    BOOL b  
)
```

Overview

Set state of toggle image button.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of toggle image button to set state.
BOOL b	Set value. TRUE => On FALSE => Off

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE toggleimg;  
SURFACE* surf_off = loadpng("off.png");  
SURFACE* surf_on = loadpng("on.png");  
toggleimg = egl_create_toggle_image(surf_off, surf_on, 100, 100, 150, 50);  
egl_toggle_image_set_on(toggleimg, TRUE);
```

► **egl_release_toggle_image** function

```
BOOL egl_release_toggle_image(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Release toggle image button.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of toggle image button.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if( toggle != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object(hWin, toggle);  
    egl_release_toggle_image(toggle);  
    toggle = NULL;  
}
```

► Toggle Image Button Example.

Example

```
void toggleimg_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if(event == TOGGLE_IMAGE_ON)
        debugprintf(" toggle image on \r\n");
    else
        debugprintf(" toggle image off \r\n");
}

extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    EGL_HANDLE toggleimg;
    SURFACE* surf_off = loadpng("off.png");
    SURFACE* surf_on = loadpng("on.png");
    egl_init();
    toggleimg = egl_create_toggle_image(surf_off, surf_on, 100, 100, 150, 50);
    egl_toggle_image_callback(toggleimg, toggleimg_callback);
    egl_toggle_image_set_on(toggleimg, TRUE);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, toggleimg);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();

    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        egl_draw();
    }
}
```

Label

Function	Description
<u>egl_create_label</u>	Creates Label object.
<u>egl_label_callback</u>	Set callback function that will be called when label event occur.
<u>egl_label_set_text</u>	Set text of Label.
<u>egl_label_set_redraw_bg</u>	Set whether to draw back ground image of label.
<u>egl_label_set_color</u>	Set text color of label.
<u>egl_release_label</u>	Release label.

► **egl_create_label** function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_label(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    const char* text  
)
```

Overview

Creates Label object.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of label..
int y	Y-coordinate of label.
int w	Width of label.
int h	Height of label.
const char* text	Text of label.

Return Value

Handle of created label.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE label;  
label = egl_create_label( 100, 100, 150, 50, "label test");
```

► **egl_label_callback** function

```
BOOL egl_label_callback(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EVENT_CALLBACK cb  
)
```

Overview

Set callback function that will be called when label event occur.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of label.
EVENT_CALLBACK cb	Function that is called when event occur.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
void label_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)  
{  
    If(event == LABEL_CLICKED)  
    {  
        ....  
    }  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    EGL_HANDLE label;  
    ....  
    label = egl_create_label(100,100,150,50,"label");  
    egl_label_callback(label, label_callback);  
    ...  
}
```

► **egl_label_set_text** function

```
BOOL egl_label_set_text(  
    EGL_HANDLE h,  
    char* text  
)
```

Overview

Set text of Label.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h	Handle of label.
char* text	Text of label.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE label;  
label = egl_create_label( 100, 100, 150, 50, "label test" );  
egl_label_set_text( label, "change text");
```

► **egl_label_set_redraw_bg** function

```
void egl_label_set_redraw_bg(  
    EGL_HANDLE h,  
    BOOL b  
)
```

Overview

Set whether to draw back ground image of label. If the sole object is used, it should be set to True.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of label.
BOOL b	Set value. TRUE or FALSE

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE label;  
label = egl_create_label( 100, 100, 150, 50, "label test" );  
egl_label_set_redraw_bg(label, TRUE);
```

► egl_label_set_color function

```
void egl_label_set_color(  
    EGL_HANDLE h,  
    EGL_COLOR clr  
)
```

Overview

Set text color of label.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h	Handle of label.
EGL_COLOR clr	Color value. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE label;  
label = egl_create_label( 100, 100, 150, 50, "label test" );  
egl_label_set_color( label, MAKE_COLORREF( 0, 255, 0 ) );
```

► **egl_release_label** function

```
BOOL egl_release_label(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Release label.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of label.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(label != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object(hWin, label);  
    egl_release_label(label);  
    label = NULL;  
}
```

► Label Example.

Example

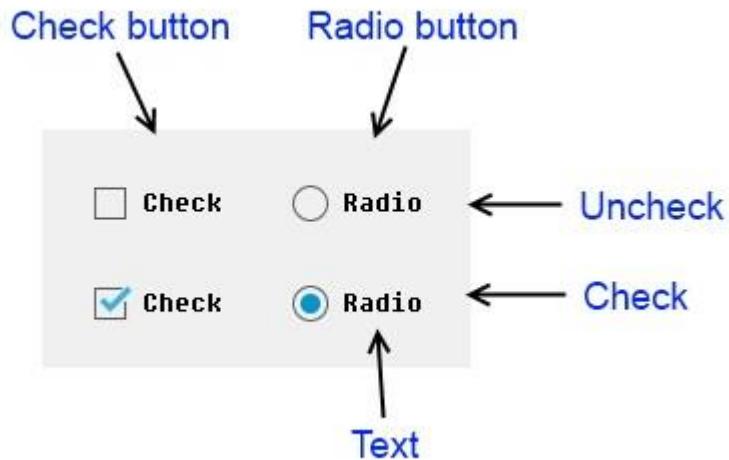
```
extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    EGL_HANDLE label;
    egl_init();
    label = egl_create_label(50, 50, 100, 30, "label");
    egl_label_set_redraw_bg(label, TRUE);
    egl_label_set_color(label, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, label);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();

    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        egl_draw();
    }
}
```

Check button / Radio button



Function	Description
egl_create_checkbutton	Creates Check / Radio button.
egl_checkbutton_callback	Set callback function that will be called when Check / Radio button event occur.
egl_checkbutton_set_check	Set state of Check / Radio button. (check or uncheck)
egl_checkbutton_get_check	Get state of Check / Radio button.
egl_checkbutton_set_style	Set style of Check / Radio button.
egl_release_checkbutton	Release check / radio button.

Define

```
CHECK_EVENT           typedef enum
{                      CHECK_CHECKED = 0,
                      CHECK_UNCHECKED,
} CHECK_EVENT;
```

► egl_create_checkbutton function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_checkbutton(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    const char* text,  
    CHECK_STYLE style  
) ;
```

Overview

Creates Check / Radio button.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of Check / Radio button.
int y	Y-coordinate of Check / Radio button.
int w	Width of Check / Radio button.
int h	Height of Check / Radio button.
const char* text	Text of Check / Radio button.
CHECK_STLE style	Style of Check / Radio button. Check button ->CHECK_STYLE_CHECKBUTTON. Radio button ->CHECK_STYLE_RADIOBUTTON.

Return Value

Handle of created Check / Radio button.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE check;  
EGL_HANDLE radio;  
check = egl_create_checkbutton(100,100, 100, 32, "Check", CHECK_STYLE_CHECKBUTTON);  
radio = egl_create_checkbutton(250, 100, 100, 32, "Radio", CHECK_STYLE_RADIOBUTTON);
```

► egl_checkbutton_callback function

```
BOOL egl_button_callback(
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    EVENT_CALLBACK cb
);
```

Overview

Set callback function that will be called when Check / Radio button event occur.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of Check / Radio button.
EVENT_CALLBACK cb	Function that is called when event occur.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
Void check_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if(event == CHECK_CHECKED)
    ...
    else if(event == CHECK_UNCHECKED)
    ...
}
int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_HANDLE check;
    check = egl_create_checkbutton(100, 100, 100, 32, "Check", STYLE_CHECKBUTTON);
    egl_checkbutton_callback(check, check_callback);
    ...
}
```

► egl_checkbutton_set_check function

```
void egl_checkbutton_set_check(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    BOOL b  
)
```

Overview

Set state of Check / Radio button. (check or uncheck)

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of Check / Radio button.
BOOL b	Set value. TRUE = Check. FALSE = Uncheck.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE check;  
  
EGL_HANDLE radio;  
  
check = egl_create_checkbutton(100, 100, 100, 32, "Check", STYLE_CHECKBUTTON);  
  
radio = egl_create_checkbutton(200, 100, 100, 32, "Radio", STYLE_RADIOBUTTON);  
  
egl_checkbutton_set_check(check, TRUE);  
  
egl_checkbutton_set_check(radio, FALSE);
```

► **egl_checkbutton_get_check** function

```
BOOL egl_checkbutton_get_check(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
);
```

Overview

Get state of Check / Radio button.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of Check / Radio button.

Return Value

State. TRUE = check.
FALSE = uncheck.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE check;  
  
EGL_HANDLE radio;  
  
BOOL check_status = 0;  
  
BOOL radio_status = 0;  
  
check = egl_create_checkbutton(100, 100, 100, 32, "Check", STYLE_CHECKBUTTON);  
  
radio = egl_create_checkbutton(200, 100, 100, 32, "Radio", STYLE_RADIOBUTTON);  
  
check_status = egl_checkbutton_get_check(check);  
  
radio_status = egl_checkbutton_get_check(radio);
```

► egl_checkbutton_set_style function

```
void egl_checkbutton_set_style(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    CHECK_STYLE style  
)
```

Overview

Set style of Check / Radio button.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of Check / Radio button.
CHECK_STYLE style	Style of Check / Radio button. Check button ->CHECK_STYLE_CHECKBUTTON. Radio button ->CHECK_STYLE_RADIOBUTTON.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE check;  
  
EGL_HANDLE radio;  
  
check = egl_create_checkbutton(100, 100, 100, 32, "Check", CHECK_STYLE_CHECKBUTTON);  
  
radio = egl_create_checkbutton(200, 100, 100, 32, "Radio", CHECK_STYLE_RADIOBUTTON);  
  
egl_checkbutton_set_style(check, CHECK_STYLE_RADIOBUTTON);  
  
egl_checkbutton_set_style(radio, CHECK_STYLE_CHECKBUTTON);
```

► **egl_release_checkbutton** function

```
BOOL egl_release_checkbutton(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Release check / radio button.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of Check / Radio button.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(check != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object(hWin, check);  
    egl_release_checkbutton(check);  
    check = NULL;  
}
```

► Check / Radio button Example.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE check;
EGL_HANDLE radio1;
EGL_HANDLE radio2;

void check_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if(event == CHECK_CHECKED)
    {
        if(egl_checkbutton_get_check())
        {
            debugprintf("status : checked\n");
        }
        else
        {
            debugprintf("status : unchecked\n");
        }
    }
}

void radio1_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if(event == CHECK_CHECKED)
    {
        debugprintf("radio1 select\n");
        egl_checkbutton_set_check(radio2, FALSE);
    }
}

void radio2_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if(event == CHECK_CHECKED)
    {
        debugprintf("radio2 select\n");
        egl_checkbutton_set_check(radio1, FALSE);
    }
}
```

```
}

extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

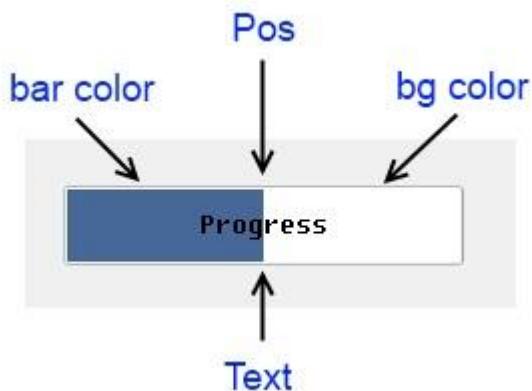
int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;

    egl_init();
    check = egl_create_checkbutton(100, 100, 100, 32, "Check", CHECK_STYLE_CHECKBUTTON);
    egl_checkbutton_callback(check, check_callback);
    radio1 = egl_create_checkbutton(250, 100, 100, 32, "Radio1", CHECK_STYLE_RADIOBUTTON);
    egl_checkbutton_callback(radio1, radio1_callback);
    radio2 = egl_create_checkbutton(250, 160, 100, 32, "Radio2", CHECK_STYLE_RADIOBUTTON);
    egl_checkbutton_callback(radio2, radio2_callback);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, check);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, radio1);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, radio2);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();

    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        egl_draw();
    }
}
```

Progress Bar



Function	Description
<u>egl_create_progressbar</u>	Creates progress bar.
<u>egl_progressbar_set_barcolor</u>	Set color of Progress bar.
<u>egl_progressbar_set_bgcolor</u>	Set back ground color of Progressbar.
<u>egl_progressbar_set_textcolor</u>	Set text color of Progressbar.
<u>egl_progressbar_set_text</u>	Set text of Progressbar.
<u>egl_progressbar_set_pos</u>	Set bar position of Progressbar.
<u>egl_progressbar_get_pos</u>	Get current bar position of Progress bar.
<u>egl_release_progressbar</u>	Release progressbar

► egl_create_progressbar function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_progressbar(
    int x,
    int y,
    int w,
    int h,
    const char* text,
    BOOL style
    BOOL bVertical
);
```

Overview

Creates progress bar.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of progress bar.
int y	Y-coordinate of progress bar.
int w	Width of progress bar.
int h	Height of progress bar.
const char* text	Text of progress bar.
BOOL style	Style of progress bar. Nomal = STYLE_PGBAR_NOMAL. Divide bar = STYLE_PGVAR_DIV.
BOOL bVertical	Direction of Progress bar. TRUE = Vertical. FALSE = Horizontal.

Return Value

Handle of created progress bar.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE pgbar;
pgbar = egl_create_progressbar(100, 100, 200, 40, "Progress", STYLE_PGBAR_NOMAL, FALSE);
```

► egl_progressbar_set_barcolor function

```
void egl_progressbar_set_barcolor(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EGL_COLOR clr  
  
);
```

Overview

Set color of progress bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of progress bar.
EGL_COLOR clr	Color value. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE pgbar;  
  
pgbar = egl_create_progressbar(100,100,200,40,"Progress", STYLE_PGBAR_NOMAL, FALSE);  
  
egl_progressbar_set_barcolor(pgbar, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 0xff));
```

► egl_progressbar_set_bgcolor function

```
void egl_progressbar_set_bgcolor(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EGL_COLOR clr  
)
```

Overview

Set back ground color of progress bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of progress bar.
EGL_COLOR clr	Color value. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE pgbar;  
  
pgbar = egl_create_progressbar(100,100,200,40,"Progress", STYLE_PGBAR_NOMAL, FALSE);  
  
egl_progressbar_set_bgcolor(pgbar, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0xff, 0));
```

► egl_progressbar_set_textcolor function

```
void egl_progressbar_set_textcolor(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EGL_COLOR clr  
)
```

Overview

Set text color of progress bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of progress bar.
EGL_COLOR clr	Color value.
	Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE pgbar;  
  
pgbar = egl_create_progressbar(100,100,200,40,"Progress", STYLE_PGBAR_NOMAL, FALSE);  
  
egl_progressbar_set_textcolor(pgbar, MAKE_COLORREF(0xff, 0, 0xff));
```

► **egl_progressbar_set_text** function

```
void egl_progressbar_set_text(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    const char* text  
)
```

Overview

Set text of progress bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of progress bar.
const char* text	Text of progress bar..

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE pgbar;  
  
pgbar = egl_create_progressbar(100,100,200,40,"Progress", STYLE_PGBAR_NOMAL,  
FALSE);  
  
egl_progressbar_set_text(pgbar, "text1");
```

► egl_progressbar_set_pos function

```
void egl_progressbar_set_pos(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int value  
)
```

Overview

Set bar position of progress bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of progress bar.
int value	Bar position value. (0 ~ 100%)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE pgbar;  
  
pgbar = egl_create_progressbar(100,100,200,40,"Progress", STYLE_PGBAR_NOMAL,  
FALSE);  
  
egl_progressbar_set_pos(pgbar, 50);
```

► egl_progressbar_get_pos function

```
int egl_progressbar_get_pos(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Get current bar position of progress bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of progress bar.

Return Value

Bar position value. (0 ~ 100%)

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE pgbar;  
  
int pgbar_pos;  
  
pgbar = egl_create_progressbar(100,100,200,40,"Progress", STYLE_PGBAR_NOMAL,  
FALSE);  
  
pgbar_pos = egl_progressbar_get_pos(pgbar);
```

► egl_release_progressbar function

```
BOOL egl_release_progressbar(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Release progressbar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of progress bar.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(pgbar != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object( hWin, pgbar );  
    egl_release_progressbar(pgbar);  
    pgbar = NULL;  
}
```

► Progress Bar Example.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE pgbar;
int value = 0;

void pgbar_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    value++;
    if(value >100)
        value = 0;
    egl_progressbar_set_pos(pgbar, value);
}

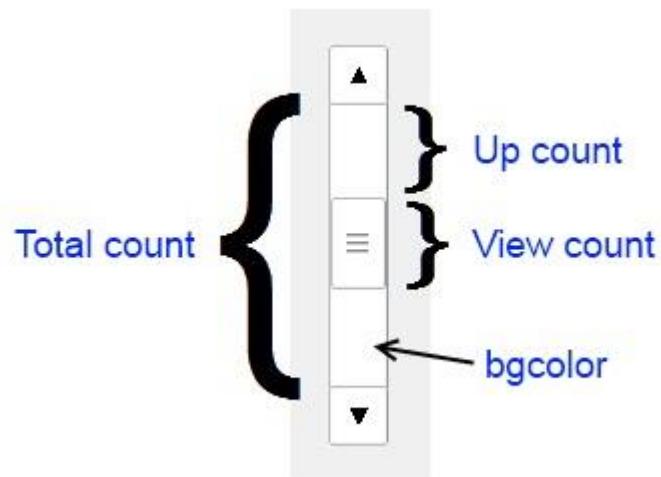
extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    egl_init();
    pgbar = egl_create_progressbar(100, 100, 200, 40, "progress", STYLE_PGBAR_NOMAL, FALSE);
    egl_progress_callback(pgbar, pgbar_callback);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, pgbar);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();

    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        egl_draw();
    }
}
```

Scroll Bar



Function	Description
<u>egl_create_scrollbar</u>	Create Scroll bar.
<u>egl_scrollbar_callback</u>	Set callback function that will be called when scroll bar event occur.
<u>egl_scroll_set_position</u>	Set thumb position of scroll bar.
<u>egl_scroll_get_position</u>	Get thumb position of Scroll bar.
<u>egl_scroll_set_totalcount</u>	Set total count of scroll bar.
<u>egl_scroll_get_totalcount</u>	Get total count of scroll bar.
<u>egl_scroll_set_view_count</u>	Set view count of Scroll bar.
<u>egl_scroll_get_view_count</u>	Get view count of scroll bar.
<u>egl_scroll_set_upcount</u>	Set up count of scroll bar.
<u>egl_scroll_get_upcount</u>	Get up count of Scroll bar.
<u>egl_scroll_set_bgcolor</u>	Set back ground color of scroll bar.
<u>egl_scroll_set_size</u>	Set size of scrollbar.

Function	Description
<u>egl_release_scrollbar</u>	Release scrollbar.
Define	
SCROLLBAR_EVENT	<pre>typedef enum { SCBAR_CLICKED = 0, } SCROLLBAR_EVENT;</pre>

► egl_create_scrollbar function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_scrollbar(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    int totalcount,  
    int viewcount,  
    BOOL bVertical  
) ;
```

Overview

Create scroll bar.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of scroll bar.
int y	Y-coordinate of scroll bar.
int w	Width of scroll bar.
int h	Height of scroll bar.
int totalcount	Total count of item.
int viewcount	Output count of item on 1 page.
BOOL bVertical	Direction of scroll bar. TRUE = Vertical. FALSE = Horizontal.

Return Value

Handle of created scroll bar.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100, 100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);
```

► egl_scrollbar_callback function

```
BOOL egl_scrollbar_callback(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EVENT_CALLBACK cb  
)
```

Overview

Set callback function that will be called when scroll bar event occur.

Parameter

ELG_HANDLE hObj	Handle of scroll bar.
EVENT_CALLBACK cb	Function that is called when event occur.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
void scroll_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)  
{  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    ...  
    EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
    scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
    egl_scroll_callback(scroll, scroll_callback);  
    ...  
}
```

► **egl_scroll_set_position** function

```
void egl_scroll_set_position(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int totalcount,  
    int viewcount,  
    int upcount  
) ;
```

Overview

Set thumb position of scroll bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of scroll bar.
int totalcount	Total count of item.
int viewcount	Output count of item on 1 page.
int upcount	Count of item on previous pages.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
  
egl_scroll_set_position(scroll, 25, 5, 10);
```

► **egl_scroll_get_position** function

```
void egl_scroll_get_position(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int* totalcount,  
    int* viewcount,  
    int* upcount  
)
```

Overview

Get thumb position of scroll bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of scroll bar.
int* totalcount	Pointer variable for storing total count.
int* viewcount	Pointer variable for storing view count.
int* upcount	Pointer variable for storing up count.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
int totalcount = 0;  
int viewcount = 0;  
int upcount = 0;  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
egl_scroll_get_position(scroll, &totalcount, &viewcount, &upcount);
```

► **egl_scroll_set_totalcount** function

```
void egl_scroll_set_totalcount(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int totalcount  
)
```

Overview

Set total count of scroll bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of scroll bar.
int totalcount	Total count of item.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
  
egl_scroll_set_totalcount(scroll, 45);
```

► **egl_scroll_get_totalcount** function

```
int egl_scroll_get_totalcount(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Get total count of scroll bar..

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of scroll bar.

Return Value

Total count value.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
int totalcount = 0;  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
totalcount = egl_scroll_get_totalcount(scroll);
```

► **egl_scroll_set_viewcount** function

```
void egl_scroll_set_viewcount(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int viewcount  
)
```

Overview

Set view count of scroll bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of scroll bar.
int viewcount	Output count of item on 1 page.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
  
egl_scroll_set_viewcount(scroll, 5);
```

► **egl_scroll_get_viewcount** function

```
int egl_scroll_get_viewcount(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Get view count of scroll bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of scroll bar.

Return Value

View count value.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
int viewcount = 0;  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
viewcount = egl_scroll_get_viewcount(scroll);
```

► **egl_scroll_set_upcount** function

```
void egl_scroll_set_upcount(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int upcount  
)
```

Overview

Set upcount of scroll bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of scroll bar.
int upcount	Count of item on previous pages.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
  
egl_scroll_set_upcount(scroll, 10);
```

► **egl_scroll_get_upcount** function

```
int egl_scroll_get_upcount(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Get up count of scroll bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of scroll bar.

Return Value

Up count value.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
int upcount = 0;  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
upcount = egl_scroll_get_upcount(scroll);
```

► **egl_scroll_set_bgcolor** function

```
void egl_scroll_set_bgcolor(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    unsigned char r,  
    unsigned char g,  
    unsigned char b  
)
```

Overview

Set back ground color of scroll bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of scroll bar.
unsigned char r	Red color of RGB.
unsigned char g	Green color of RGB.
unsigned char b	Blue color of RGB.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
  
egl_scroll_set_bgcolor(scroll, 0, 0, 0xff);
```

► **egl_scroll_set_size** function

```
void egl_scroll_set_size(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int w,  
    int h  
)
```

Overview

Set size of scroll bar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of scroll bar.
int w	Width of scroll bar.
int h	Height of scroll bar.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;  
scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100,100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);  
...  
egl_scroll_set_size(scroll, 40, 200);
```

► **egl_release_scrollbar** function

```
BOOL egl_release_scrollbar(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Release scrollbar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of scroll bar.
-----------------	-----------------------

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(scroll != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object( hWin, scroll );  
    egl_release_scrollbar( scroll );  
    scroll = NULL;  
}
```

► Scroll Bar Example.

Example

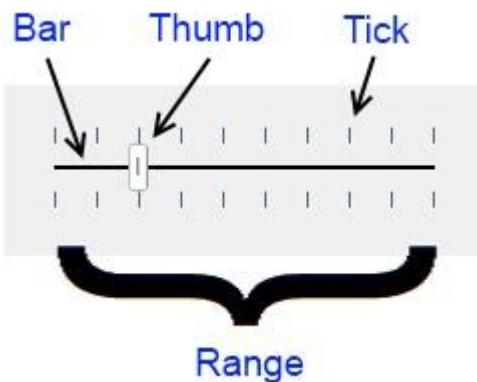
```
EGL_HANDLE scroll;
void scroll_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    int totalcount = 0;
    int viewcount = 0;
    int upcount = 0;

    if(event == SCBAR_CLICKED)
    {
        egl_scroll_get_position(scroll, &totalcount, &viewcount, &upcount);
        debugprintf("%d, %d, %d \r\n", totalcount, viewcount, upcount);
    }
}

extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);
int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    egl_init();
    scroll = egl_create_scrollbar(100, 100, 30, 200, 30, 10, TRUE);
    egl_scroll_set_totalcount(scroll, 40);
    egl_scroll_callback(scroll, scroll_callback);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, scroll);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();
    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        egl_draw();
    }
}
```

Slider



Function	Description
<u>egl_create_slider</u>	Create slider.
<u>egl_slider_callback</u>	Set callback function that will be called when slider event occur.
<u>egl_slider_set_pos</u>	Set thumb position of slider.
<u>egl_slider_get_pos</u>	Get thumb position of slider.
<u>egl_slider_set_range</u>	Set range of slider.
<u>egl_slider_get_range</u>	Get range of slider.
<u>egl_slider_stepit</u>	Thumb is moved one step, increase or decrease.
<u>egl_slider_set_tick_frequency</u>	Set tick frequency of slider.
<u>egl_slider_set_tick_style</u>	Set tick style of slider.
<u>egl_slider_set_thumb_size</u>	Set thumb size of slider.
<u>egl_slider_get_thumb_size</u>	Get thumb size of slider.
<u>egl_slider_set_barcolor</u>	Set bar color of slider.
<u>egl_slider_set_tickcolor</u>	Set tick color of slider.

Function	Description
<u>egl_slider_set_transparent</u>	Set background transparent mode of slider.
<u>egl_release_slider</u>	Release slider
define	
SLIDER_EVENT	typedef enum { SLR_CLICKED = 0, } SLIDER_EVENT;

► egl_create_slider function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_slider(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    int range,  
    TICKSTYLE style,  
    BOOL bVertical  
)
```

Overview

Create slider.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of slider.
int y	Y-coordinate of slider.
int w	Width of slider.
int h	Height of slider.
int range	Range of slider.
TICKSTYLE style	Tick style of slider. TICK_NONE : None. TICK_TOPLEFT : Output tick at top or left. TICK_BOTTOMRIGHT : Output tick at bottom or right. TICK_BOTH : Output tick at both.
BOOL bVertical	Direction of slider. TRUE = Vertical. FALSE = Horizontal.

Return Value

Handle of created slider.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);
```

► **egl_slider_callback** function

```
BOOL egl_slider_callback(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EVENT_CALLBACK cb  
)
```

Overview

Set callback function that will be called when slider event occur.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
EVENT_CALLBACK cb	Function that is called when event occur.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
Void slider_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)  
{  
}  
  
int main()  
{  
    ...  
    EGL_HANDLE slider;  
    slider = egl_create_slider(100,100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
    egl_slider_callback(check, slider_callback);  
    ...  
}
```

► **egl_slider_set_pos** function

```
void egl_slider_set_pos(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int nPos  
)
```

Overview

Set thumb position of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
int nPos	Position value. (nPos is integer. 0 ~ range)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100,100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_set_pos(slider, 2);
```

► **egl_slider_get_pos** function

```
int egl_slider_get_pos(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Get thumb position of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of slider.

Return Value

Position value.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
int slider_pos = 0;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100,100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
slider_pos = egl_slider_get_pos(slider);
```

► **egl_slider_set_range** function

```
void egl_slider_set_range(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int nMinPos,  
    int nMaxPos  
) ;
```

Overview

Set range of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
int nMinPos	Min position value. (range = Max position – Min position).
int nMaxPos	Max position value. (range = Max position – Min position).

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100,100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_set_range(slider, 0, 15);
```

► **egl_slider_get_range** function

```
void egl_slider_get_range(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int* lpMinPos,  
    int* lpMaxPos  
) ;
```

Overview

Get range of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
int* lpMinPos	Pointer variable for storing min position value.
int* lpMaxPos	Pointer variable for storing max position value.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
int max_pos = 0;  
int min_pos = 0;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_get_range(slider, &min_pos, &max_pos);
```

► **egl_slider_stepit** function

```
void egl_slider_stepit(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    BOOL inc  
)
```

Overview

Thumb is moved one step, increase or decrease.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
BOOL inc	Set increase / decrease. TRUE = increase. FALSE = decrease.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_stepit(slider, TRUE);  
//egl_slider_stepit(slider, FALSE);
```

► **egl_slider_set_tick_frequency** function

```
void egl_slider_set_tick_frequency(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int freq  
)
```

Overview

Set tick frequency of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
int freq	Tick frequency.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_set_tick_frequency(slider, 2);
```

► **egl_slider_set_tick_style** function

```
void egl_slider_set_tick_frequency(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    TICKSTYLE style  
)
```

Overview

Set tick style of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
TICKSTYLE style	Tick style of slider. TICK_NONE : None. TICK_TOPLEFT : Output tick at top or left. TICK_BOTTOMRIGHT : Output tick at bottom or right. TICK_BOTH : Output tick at both.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_set_tick_style(slider, TICK_BOTTOMRIGHT);
```

► **egl_slider_set_thumb_size** function

```
void egl_slider_set_thumb_size(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int width,  
    int height  
) ;
```

Overview

Set thumb size of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
int width	Width of thumb.
int height	Height of thumb.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_set_thumb_size(slider, 10, 30);
```

► egl_slider_get_thumb_size function

```
void egl_slider_get_thumb_size(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    int* w,  
    int* h  
)
```

Overview

Get thumb size of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
int* w	Pointer variable for storing width of thumb.
int* h	Pointer variable for storing height of thumb.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
int w = 0;  
int h = 0;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_get_thumb_size(slider, &w, &h);
```

► **egl_slider_set_barcolor** function

```
void egl_slider_set_barcolor(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EGL_COLOR clr  
)
```

Overview

Set bar color of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
EGL_COLOR clr	Color value. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_set_barcolor(slider, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0xff, 0));
```

► **egl_slider_set_tickcolor** function

```
void egl_slider_set_tickcolor(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EGL_COLOR clr  
)
```

Overview

Set tick color of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
EGL_COLOR clr	Color value. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_set_tickcolor(slider, MAKE_COLORREF(0xff, 0, 0));
```

► **egl_slider_set_transparent** function

```
void egl_slider_set_transparent(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    BOOL bflag  
)
```

Overview

Set background transparent mode of slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
BOOL bflag	TRUE => transparent mode. FALSE => non transparent mode.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;  
slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);  
egl_slider_set_transparent(slider, TRUE);
```

► **egl_release_slider** function

```
BOOL egl_release_slider (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj
);
```

Overview

Release slider.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of slider.
-----------------	-------------------

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE.

Example

```
if(slider != NULL)
{
    egl_window_delete_object(hWin, slider);
    egl_release_slider(slider);
    slider = NULL;
}
```

► Slider Example.

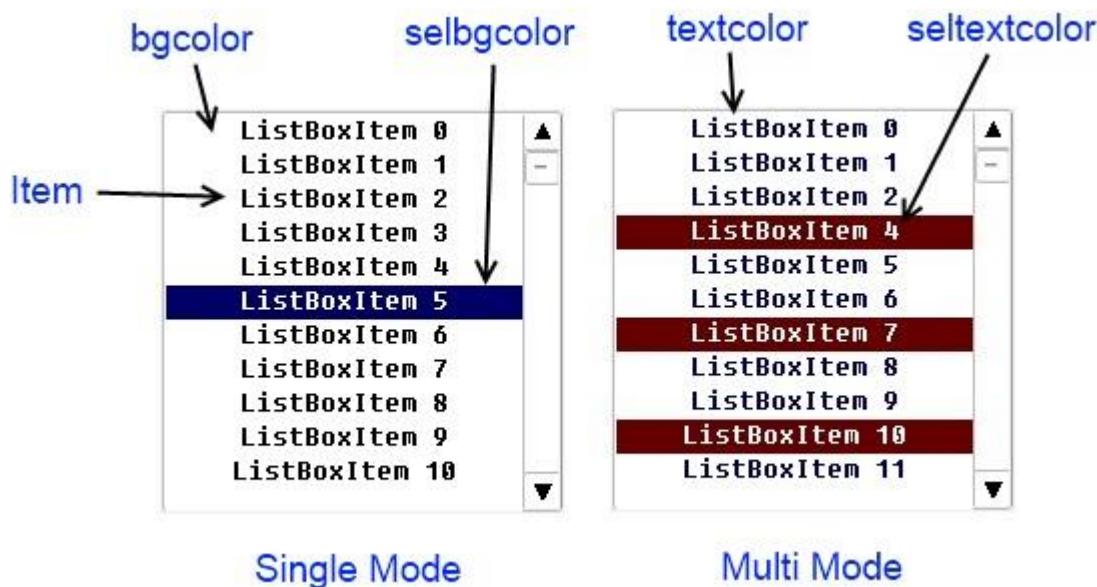
Example

```
EGL_HANDLE slider;
void slider_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if(event == SLR_CLICKED)
    {
        debugprintf("position = %d\n", egl_slider_get_pos());
    }
}

extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);
int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    egl_init();
    slider = egl_create_slider(100, 100, 200, 40, 10, TICK_BOTH, FALSE);
    egl_sliderl_callback(slider, slider_callback);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, slider);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();
    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        egl_draw();
    }
}
```

List Box



Function	Description
<u>egl_create_listbox</u>	Create list box.
<u>egl_listbox_callback</u>	Set callback function that will be called when list box event occur.
<u>egl_listbox_additem</u>	Add item of list box.
<u>egl_listbox_delitem</u>	Delete last item of list box.
<u>egl_listbox_delitem_text</u>	Delete item which match text of list box.
<u>egl_listbox_delitem_num</u>	Delete item N-th item of list box.
<u>egl_listbox_alldelitem</u>	Delete all item of list box.
<u>egl_listbox_get_all_itemlist</u>	Return all item list of list box.
<u>egl_listbox_get_sel_item</u>	Return selected item text of list box at single select mode.
<u>egl_listbox_get_multiple_sel_itemlist</u>	Return selected items text of list box at multi select mode.
<u>egl_listbox_set_bgcolor</u>	Set background color of list box.

Function	Description
<u>egl_listbox_set_selbgcolor</u>	Set background color of selected item.
<u>egl_listbox_set_textcolor</u>	Set font color of list box.
<u>egl_listbox_set_seltextrcolor</u>	Set font color of selected item.
<u>egl_listbox_set_textalign</u>	Set align of list box item.
<u>egl_listbox_set_scrollwidth</u>	Set width of scrollbar.
<u>egl_listbox_change_item_text</u>	Change item which match text of list box.
<u>egl_listbox_change_item_num</u>	Change N-th item of list box.
<u>egl_release_listbox</u>	Release listbox

Define	
LIST_EVENT	<pre>typedef enum { LIST_CHANGED = 0, } LIST_EVENT;</pre>

► **egl_create_listbox** function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_listbox(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    bool bMultiple  
)
```

Overview

Create list box.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of list box.
int y	Y-coordinate of list box.
int w	Width of list box.
int h	Height of list box.
Bool bMultiple	Set multi select mode of list box.

Return Value

Handle of created list box.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox[2];  
  
listbox [0] = egl_create_button (100, 100, 200, 200, TRUE);  
  
listbox [1] = egl_create_button (400, 100, 200, 200, FALSE);
```

► **egl_listbox_callback** function

```
void egl_listbox_evnet_callback (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    EVENT_CALLBACK cb
);
```

Overview

Set callback function that will be called when list box event occur.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
EVENT_CALLBACK cb	Function that is called when event occur.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
static void listbox_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if(event == LIST_CHANGED)
        debugprintf("LIST_CHANGED");
}

void main(void)
{
    EGL_HANDLE listbox;

    egl_listbox_callback(listbox, listbox_callback);
}
```

► **egl_listbox_additem** function

```
void egl_listbox_additem (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    const char* text
);
```

Overview

Add item of list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
const char* text	Text of add item.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

egl_listbox_additem(listbox, "ListboxItem 1");
```

► **egl_listbox_delitem** function

```
void egl_listbox_delitem (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj
);
```

Overview

Delete last item of list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of list box.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

egl_listbox_delitem(listbox);
```

► **egl_listbox_delitem_text** function

```
BOOL egl_listbox_delitem_text (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    const char* text
);
```

Overview

Delete item which match text of list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
const char* text	Text of delete item.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

if(egl_listbox_delitem_text(listbox, "ListboxItem 1") == TRUE)
    debugprintf("egl_listbox_delitem_text complete\n");
```

► **egl_listbox_delitem_num** function

```
BOOL egl_listbox_delitem_num (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    Int num
);
```

Overview

Delete N-th item of list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
int num	Item number.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

if(egl_listbox_delitem_text(listbox, 3) == TRUE)
    debugprintf("egl_listbox_delitem_text complete\n");
```

► **egl_listbox_alldelitem** function

```
void egl_listbox_alldelitem (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
);
```

Overview

Delete all item of list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
-----------------	---------------------

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

egl_listbox_alldelitem(listbox);
```

► egl_listbox_get_all_itemlist function

```
const char** egl_listbox_get_all_itemlist (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    int* itemcnt
);
```

Overview

Return all item list of list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
int* itemcnt	Pointer variable for storing item count.

Return Value

Text list pointer of all items.

※ Caution : You must release memory of list pointer that returned.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;
int ItemCnt;
const char** ItemTextList;

ItemTextList = egl_listbox_all_itemlist(listbox, &ItemCnt);

free(ItemTextList);
```

► **egl_listbox_get_sel_item** function

```
const char* egl_listbox_get_sel_item (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    int* index
);
```

Overview

Return selected item text of list box at single select mode.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
Int* index	Pointer for storing selected item order.

Return Value

Text pointer of selected item.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;
int selectItemIndex;
const char* selectItemText;

selectItemText = egl_listbox_get_sel_item(listbox, &selectItem);
```

►egl_listbox_get_multiple_sel_itemlist function

```
const char** egl_listbox_get_multiple_sel_itemlist (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    int* selcnt
);
```

Overview

Return selected items text of list box at multi select mode.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
int* selcnt	Pointer variable for storing selected item count.

Return Value

Text list pointer of selected items.

※ Caution : You must release memory of list pointer that returned.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;
int selectItemCnt;
const char** selectItemTextList;

selectItemTextList = egl_listbox_get_sel_itemlist (listbox, & selectItemCnt);

free(selectItemTextList);
```

► egl_listbox_set_bgcolor function

```
void egl_listbox_set_bgcolor (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    EGL_COLOR clr
);
```

Overview

Set background color of list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
EGL_COLOR clr	Color value.
	Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

egl_listbox_set_bgcolor(listbox, MAKE_COLORREF(0x0, 0x0, 0xFF)); // Blue
```

► egl_listbox_set_selbgcolor function

```
void egl_listbox_set_selbgcolor (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    EGL_COLOR clr
);
```

Overview

Set background color of selected item.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
EGL_COLOR clr	Color value. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

egl_listbox_set_selbgcolor(listbox, MAKE_COLORREF(0xFF, 0x0, 0x0)); // Red
```

► egl_listbox_set_textcolor function

```
void egl_listbox_set_textcolor (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    EGL_COLOR clr
);
```

Overview

Set font color of list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
EGL_COLOR clr	Color value.
	Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

egl_listbox_set_textcolor(listbox, MAKE_COLORREF(0x0, 0x0, 0x0)); // Black
```

► **egl_listbox_set_seltextcolor** function

```
void egl_listbox_set_seltextcolor (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    EGL_COLOR clr
);
```

Overview

Set font color of selected item.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
EGL_COLOR clr	Color value. Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

egl_listbox_set_seltextcolor(listbox, MAKE_COLORREF(0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF)); // White
```

► **egl_listbox_set_textalign** function

```
void egl_listbox_set_textalign (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    int align
);
```

Overview

Set align of list box item.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
int align	Align value.
	EGL_ALIGN_LEFT / EGL_ALIGN_RIGHT / EGL_ALIGN_CENTER
	EGL_ALIGN_TOP / EGL_ALIGN_BOTTOM

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;  
  
egl_listbox_set_textalign( listbox, EGL_ALIGN_LEFT);
```

► **egl_listbox_set_scrollwidth** function

```
void egl_listbox_set_scrollwidth (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    int width
);
```

Overview

Set width of scrollbar.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
int width	Width of scrollbar.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

egl_listbox_set_scrollwidth(listbox, 40);
```

► **egl_listbox_change_item_text** function

```
BOOL egl_listbox_change_item_text (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    const char* text,
    const char* changetext
);
```

Overview

Change item which match text of list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
const char* text	Item text.
const char* changetext	Text value that is changed.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

egl_listbox_change_item_text( listbox, "test1", "test2");
```

► egl_listbox_change_item_num function

```
BOOL egl_listbox_change_item_text (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,
    int num,
    const char* changetext
);
```

Overview

Change N-th item of list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
int num	Item number.
const char* changetext	Text value that is changed.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE listbox;

egl_listbox_change_item_text( listbox, 3, "test2");
```

► **egl_release_listbox** function

```
BOOL egl_release_listbox (
    EGL_HANDLE hObj
);
```

Overview

Release list box.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of list box.
-----------------	---------------------

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(listbox != NULL)
{
    egl_window_delete_object(hWin, listbox);
    egl_release_listbox(listbox);
    listbox = NULL;
}
```

► List box Example.

Example

```
#include "adStar.h"

extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown,EGL_POINT* pPoint);

static void listbox_cb1(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    int itemcnt, index;
    const char **itemlist;
    const char *selitem;
    int i;

    if(event == LIST_CHANGED) {
        debugprintf("LIST_CHANGED\r\n");
        // Get all item list
        itemlist = egl_listbox_get_all_itemlist(h, &itemcnt);
        debugprintf("All Item %d\r\n", itemcnt);
        for(i = 0; i < itemcnt; i++)
            debugprintf("Item : [%s]\r\n", itemlist[i]);
        // Get selected item list
        selitem = egl_listbox_get_sel_item(h, &index);
        debugprintf("Selected Item [%d] : [%s]\r\n", index, selitem);
    }
    free(itemlist);
}

static void listbox_cb2(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    int selcnt;
    const char **selitemlist;
    int i;

    if(event == LIST_CHANGED) {
        debugprintf("LIST_CHANGED\r\n");
        selitemlist = egl_listbox_get_multiple_sel_itemlist(h, &selcnt);
        debugprintf("Selected Items %d \r\n", selcnt);
        for(i = 0; i < selcnt; i++)
            debugprintf("Selected Item : [%s]\r\n", selitemlist[i]);
    }
}
```

```
free(selitemlist);
}

void user_main()
{
    float addpos=1.0f;
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown=FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    EGL_HANDLE listbox[2];

    egl_init();

    hWin = egl_create_window("Main Window");

    listbox[0] = egl_create_listbox(100, 100, 200, 200, FALSE);
    listbox[1] = egl_create_listbox(400, 100, 200, 200, TRUE);

    egl_listbox_callback(listbox[0], listbox_cb1);
    egl_listbox_callback(listbox[1], listbox_cb2);

    {
        int i;
        char str_text[16];
        for(i=0;i<100;i++)
        {
            sprintf(str_text,"ListBoxItem %d",i);
            egl_listbox_additem(listbox[0],str_text);
            egl_listbox_additem(listbox[1],str_text);
        }
    }

    // Delete last item
    egl_listbox_delitem(listbox[0]);
    // Delete "ListBoxItem 3" item
    egl_listbox_delitem_text(listbox[1], "ListBoxItem 3");

    // Set background color
    egl_listbox_set_bgcolor(listbox[1], MAKE_COLORREF(0xff, 0xff, 0xff));
    // Set selected background color
    egl_listbox_set_selbgcolor(listbox[1], MAKE_COLORREF(0x66, 0x0, 0x0));
    // Set text color
    egl_listbox_set_textcolor(listbox[1], MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 0x66));
```

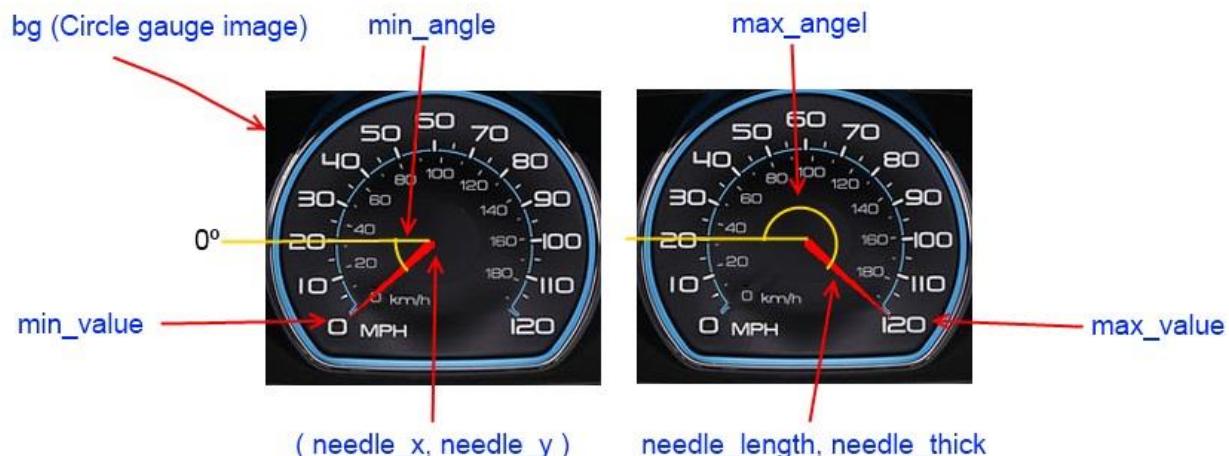
```
// Set selected text color
egl_listbox_set_seltextcolor(listbox[1], MAKE_COLORREF(0xff, 0xff, 0xff));
egl_window_add_object(hWin, listbox[0]);
egl_window_add_object(hWin, listbox[1]);

egl_window_show(hWin, TRUE);
egl_draw();

while(1)
{
    BOOL bEvent = TRUE;

    if(process_touch(&touchdown, &touch_pt))
        egl_user_touch_input(touchdown, &touch_pt);
    else
        bEvent = FALSE;
    egl_draw();
}
}
```

Circle Gauge



Function	Description
<u>egl_create_circle_gauge</u>	Create Circle gauge.
<u>egl_circle_gauge_set_value</u>	Set Circle gauge value.
<u>egl_circle_gauge_get_value</u>	Get Circle gauge value.
<u>egl_release_circle_gauge</u>	Release circle gauge

► egl_create_circle_gauge function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_circle_gauge(
    SURFACE* bg,
    int x,
    int y,
    EGL_CIRCLE_GAUGE_INFO* pInfo
);
```

Overview

Create Circle gauge.

Parameter

SURFACE* bg	Circle gauge image.
int x	Circle gauge x-coordinate.
int y	Circle gauge y-coordinate.
EGL_CIRCLE_GAUGE_INFO* pInfo	Circle gauge infomation.

```
typedef struct _tagCIRCLE_GAUGE_INFO
{
    int needle_x;      // gauge needle x-coordinate..
    int needle_y;      // gauge needle y-coordinate.
    int needle_length; // gauge needle length.
    int needle_thick;  // gauge needle thickness.
    int min_value;     // Minimum value of gauge.
    int max_value;     // Maximum value of gauge.
    int min_angle;     // Minimum angle of gauge.
    int max_angle;     // Maximum angle of gauge.
}EGL_CIRCLE_GAUGE_INFO;
```

Return Value

Handle of created circle gauge.

Example

```
SURFACE* gauge_bg;  
EGL_HANDLE c_gauge;  
EGL_CIRCLE_GAUGE_INFO CGInfo;  
CGInfo.needle_x = 113;  
CGInfo.needle_y = 101;  
CGInfo.min_angle = -42;  
CGInfo.max_angle = 222;  
CGInfo.min_valie = 0;  
CGInfo.max_value = 120;  
CGInfo.needle_length = 80;  
CGInfo.needle_thick = 3;  
gauge_bg = loadbmp("gauge.bmp");  
c_gauge = egl_create_circle_gauge(gauge_bg, 286, 37, &CGInfo);
```

► **egl_circle_gauge_set_value** function

```
BOOL egl_circle_gauge_set_value(  
    EGL_HANDLE h,  
    int value  
)
```

Overview

Set Circle gauge value.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h	Handle of circle gauge.
int value	Gauge value.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
...  
c_gauge = egl_create_circle_gauge(gauge_bg, 286,37,&CGInfo);  
egl_circle_gauge_set_value(c_gauge, 80);  
...
```

► **egl_circle_gauge_get_value** function

```
int egl_circle_gauge_get_value(  
    EGL_HANDLE h  
)
```

Overview

Get Circle gauge value.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h Handle of circle gauge.

Return Value

Gauge value.

Example

```
...  
c_gauge = egl_create_circle_gauge(gauge_bg, 286,37,&CGInfo);  
int gauge_value = egl_circle_gauge_get_value(c_gauge);  
...
```

► **egl_release_circle_gauge** function

```
BOOL egl_release_circle_gauge(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Release circle gauge.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of circle gauge.
-----------------	-------------------------

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(circle != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object(hWin, circle);  
    egl_release_circle(circle);  
    circle = NULL;  
}
```

► Circle Gauge Example.

Example

```
extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

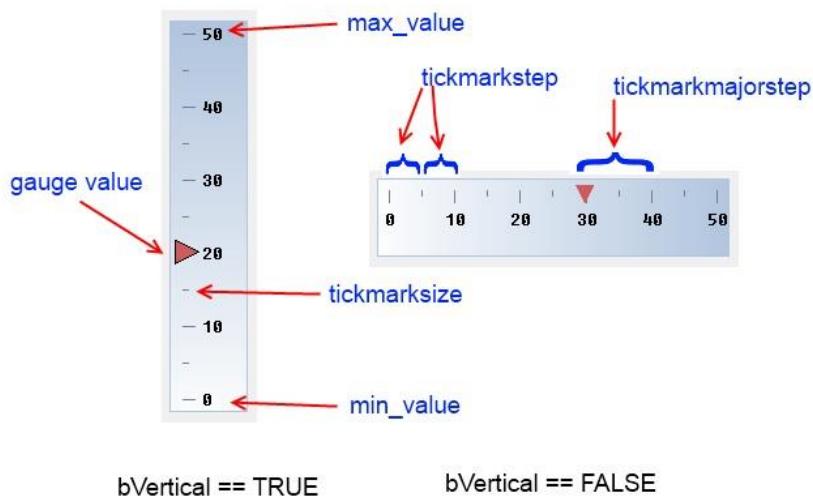
int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    SURFACE* gauge_bg;
    EGL_HANDLE c_gauge;
    EGL_CIRCLE_GAUGE_INFO CGInfo;

    egl_init();
    CGInfo.needle_x = 113;
    CGInfo.needle_y = 101;
    CGInfo.min_angle = -42;
    CGInfo.max_angle = 222;
    CGInfo.min_valie = 0;
    CGInfo.max_value = 120;
    CGInfo.needle_length = 80;
    CGInfo.needle_thick = 3;
    gauge_bg = loadbmp("gauge.bmp");
    c_gauge = egl_create_circle_gauge(gauge_bg, 286, 37, &CGInfo);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, c_gauge);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();
    int gauge_value = 0;
    int gauge_flag = 0;
    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        if(gauge_flag)
        {
            gauge_value++;
            if(gauge_value > 120)
```

```
{  
    gauge_value = 120;  
    gauage_flag = 0;  
}  
}  
else  
{  
    gauge_value--;  
    if(gauge_value < 0)  
    {  
        gauge_value = 0;  
        gauge_flag = 1;  
    }  
}  
egl_circle_gauge_set_valut(c_gauge, gauge_value);  
egl_draw();  
}  
}
```

Bar Gauge



Function	Description
<u>egl_create_bar_gauge</u>	Create bar gauge.
<u>egl_bar_gauge_set_value</u>	Set bar gauge value.
<u>egl_bar_gauge_get_value</u>	Get bar gauge value.
<u>egl_release_bar_gauge</u>	Release bar gauge

► egl_create_bar_gauge function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_bar_gauge(
    int x,
    int y,
    int w,
    int h,
    EGL_BAR_GAUGE_INFO* pInfo
);
```

Overview

Create bar gauge.

Parameter

int x	Bar gauge x-coordinate.
int y	Bar gauge y-coordinate..
int w	Bar gauge width.
int h	Bar gauge height.
EGL_BAR_GAUGE_INFO* pInfo	Bar gauge information. typedef struct _tagBAR_GAUGE_INFO { int min_value; // Minimum value of gauge. int max_value; // Maximum value of gauge. int tickmarksize; // tick size. major tick = tick size * 2 int tickmarkstep; // tick step size. int tickmarkmajorstep; // major tick step size. BOOL bVertical; // vertical mode select. SURFACE* bg; // back ground image. } EGL_BAR_GAUGE_INFO;

Return Value

Handle of created bar gauge.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE b_gauge;  
EGL_BAR_GAUGE_INFO BGInfo;  
BGInfo.min_value = 0;  
BGInfo.max_value = 50;  
BGInfo.bVertical = TRUE;  
BGInfo.tickmarksiz  
e = 5;  
BGInfo.tickmarkstep = 5;  
BGInfo.tickmarkmajorstep = 10;  
BGInfo.bg = NULL;  
b_gauge = egl_create_bar_gauge(10, 40, 60, 300, &BGInfo);
```

► **egl_bar_gauge_set_value** function

```
BOOL egl_bar_gauge_set_value(  
    EGL_HANDLE h,  
    int value  
)
```

Overview

Set bar gauge value.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h	Handle of bar gauge.
int value	Gauge value.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
...  
b_gauge = egl_create_bar_gauge(10, 40, 60, 300, &BGInfo);  
egl_bar_gauge_set_value(b_gauge, 20);  
...
```

► **egl_bar_gauge_get_value** function

```
int egl_bar_gauge_get_value(  
    EGL_HANDLE h  
)
```

Overview

Get bar gauge value.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h Handle of bar gauge.

Return Value

Gauge value.

Example

```
...  
b_gauge = egl_create_bar_gauge(10, 40, 60, 300, &BGInfo);  
int gauge = egl_bar_gauge_get_value(b_gauge);  
...
```

► **egl_release_bar_gauge** function

```
BOOL egl_release_bar_gauge(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Release bar gauge.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of bar gauge.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(bar_gauge != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object( hWin, bar_gauge);  
    egl_release_bar_gauge(bar_gauge);  
    bar_gauge=NULL;  
}
```

► Bar Gauge Example.

Example

```
extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    EGL_HANDLE b_gauge;
    EGL_BAR_GAUGE_INFO BGInfo;
    egl_init();
    BGInfo.min_value = 0;
    BGInfo.max_value = 50;
    BGInfo.bVertical = TRUE;
    BGInfo.tickmarksize = 5;
    BGInfo.tickmarkstep = 5;
    BGInfo.tickmarkmajorstep = 10;
    BGInfo.bg = NULL;
    b_gauge = egl_create_bar_gauge(10,40,60,300,&BGInfo);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, b_gauge);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();
    int gauge_value = 0;
    int gauge_flag = 0;
    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        if(gauge_flag)
        {
            gauge_value++;
            if(gauge_value > 50)
            {
                gauge_value = 50;
                gauge_flag = 0;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }
}
else
{
    gauge_value--;
    if(gauge_value < 0)
    {
        gauge_value = 0;
        gauge_flag = 1;
    }
}
egl_bar_gauge_set_valut(b_gauge, gauge_value);
egl_draw();
}
```

Picture



Function	Description
<u>egl_create_picture</u>	Create Picture object
<u>egl_picture_callback</u>	Set callback function that will be called when picture event occur.
<u>egl_picture_set</u>	Set the picture image.
<u>egl_release_picture</u>	Release picture.

►egl_create_picture function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_picture(  
    SURFACE* surf,  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h  
)
```

Overview

Create Picture object.

Parameter

SURFACE* surf	Image of Picture object.
int x	Picture object x-coordinate.
int y	Picture object y-coordinate..
int w	Picture object width.
int h	Picture object height.

Return Value

Handle of created Picture object.

Example

```
SURFACE* surf = loadbmp("image.bmp");  
EGL_HANDLE picture;  
picture = elg_create_picture(surf,10,40,128,128);
```

► egl_picture_callback function

```
BOOL egl_picture_callback(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    EVENT_CALLBACK cb  
)
```

Overview

Set callback function that will be called when picture event occur.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj	Handle of Picture.
EVENT_CALLBACK cb	Function that is called when event occur.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
static void picture_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)  
{  
    if(event == PICTURE_CLICKED)  
        debugprintf("Picture clicked\r\n");  
}  
  
void main(void)  
{  
    EGL_HANDLE picture;  
    ...  
    egl_picture_callback(picture, picture_callback);  
    ...  
}
```

► **egl_picture_set** function

```
SURFACE* egl_picture_set(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj,  
    SURFACE* surf  
)
```

Overview

Set the picture image.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h	Handle of Picture.
SURFACE* surf	Image

Return Value

Old image.

Example

```
...  
SURFACE* new_image = loadbmp("new_image.bmp");  
SURFACE* old_image;  
old_image = egl_picture_set(picture, new_image);  
...
```

► **egl_release_picture** function

```
BOOL egl_release_picture(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Release picture.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of Picture.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(picture != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object(hWin, picture);  
    egl_release_picture(picture);  
    picture = NULL;  
}
```

► Picture Example.

Example

```
extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    EGL_HANDLE picture;
    egl_init();
    hWin = egl_create_window("window1");

    SURFACE* surf = loadbmp("test.bmp");
    picture = egl_create_picture(surf, 10, 40, 128, 128);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, b_gauge);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();

    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        egl_draw();
    }
}
```

Animation

Function	Description
<u>egl_create_animation</u>	Create animation object.
<u>egl_release_animation</u>	Release animation

► **egl_create_animation** function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_animation(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    SURFACE** surflist,  
    int surfcnt,  
    int delaycnt  
) ;
```

Overview

Create animation object. Animation object is drawn consecutive images one by one.

Parameter

int x	Animation object x-coordinate.
int y	Animation object y-coordinate.
int w	Width of animation object.
int h	Height of animation object.
SURFACE** surflist	Animation image list.
int surfcnt	Animation image count.
int delaycnt	Animation image change time.

Return Value

Handle of created animation object.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE btn_ani;  
SURFACE* surf_ani[10];  
char fname[12];  
int i;  
for(i=0;i<10;i++)  
{  
    sprint(fname, "Frame%d.bmp",i);  
    surf_ani[i] = loadbmp(fname);  
}  
btn_ani = egl_create_animation(350, 150, 128, 128, surf_ani, 10, 0);
```

► **egl_release_animation** function

```
BOOL egl_release_animation(  
    EGL_HANDLE hObj  
)
```

Overview

Release animation.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE hObj Handle of animation.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

Example

```
if(animation != NULL)  
{  
    egl_window_delete_object(hWin, animation);  
    egl_release_animation(animation);  
    animation = NULL;  
}
```

► Animation Example.

Example

```
extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);
int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    EGL_HANDLE btn_ani;
    SURFACE* surf_ani[10];
    char fname[12];
    egl_init();
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
    {
        sprintf(fname, "Frame%d.bmp",i);
        surf_ani[i] = loadbmp(fname);
    }
    btn_ani = egl_create_animation(350, 150, 128, 128, surf_ani, 10, 0);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, btn_ani);
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();
    while(1)
    {
        if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
            egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

        egl_draw();
    }
}
```

Custom Object

Function	Description
<u>egl_create_custom_object</u>	Create custom object.
Define	
EGL_MSG_ID	<pre>typedef enum enumMSG { EGL_MSG_DRAW = 0, EGL_MSG_DELETE, EGL_MSG_FOCUS, EGL_MSG_UNFOCUS, EGL_MSG_KEY_UP, EGL_MSG_KEY_DOWN, EGL_MSG_TOUCHED, EGL_MSG_UNTOUCHED, EGL_MSG_MOVE, EGL_MSG_TIMETICK } EGL_MSG_ID;</pre>
EGL_MSG	<pre>typedef struct _tagMessage { EGL_MSGID msgID; EGL_HANDLE hObj; EGL_HANDLE hWin; Union { EGL_POINT point; U32 key; } param; } EGL_MSG;</pre>

► **egl_create_custom_object** function

```
EGL_HANDLE egl_create_custom_object(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    void* (*msg_handler)(EGL_MSG* pMsg)  
)
```

Overview

Create custom object.

Parameter

int x	Custom object x-coordinate.
int y	Custom object y-coordinate.
int w	Width of custom object.
int h	Height of custom object.
void* (*msg_handler)(EGL_MSG* pMsg)	Msg processing function of custom object.

Return Value

Handle of created custom object.

Example

```
Static void* custom_obj_msghandler(EGL_MSG* pMsg)  
{  
    Switch(pMsg->msgID)  
    {  
        Case EGL_MSG_DRAW:
```

```
/* draw */
Break;
}
Return NULL;
}
...
Int main()
{
...
EGL_HANDLE custom_obj;
custom_obj = egl_create_custom(350, 240, 100, 30, custom_obj_msghandler);
...
}
```

► Custom Example.

Example

```
static char speed_str[16];
static EGL_HANDLE hSpeed;

static void speed_draw(EGL_OBJECT_PTR pObj)
{
    draw_text_in_box(pObj->pFont, &pObj->rect, speed_str, EGL_ALIGN_CENTER);
}

static void* speed_msghandler(EGL_MSG* pMsg)
{
    switch(pMsg->msgID)
    {
        case EGL_MSG_DRAW:
            speed_draw(EGL_HANDLE_TO_OBJECT(pMsg->hObj));
            break;
    }
}

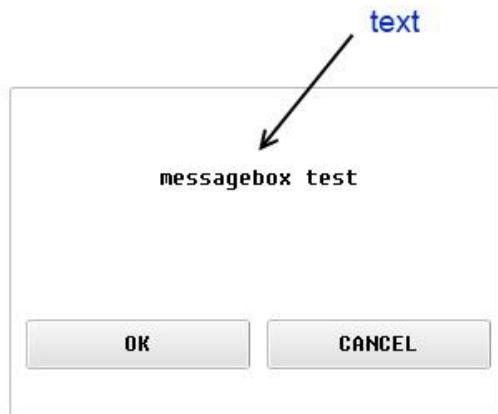
extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    EGL_HANDLE hSpeed;
    EGL_FONT* myfont;
    egl_init();
    myfont = egl_create_default_font();
    hSpeed = egl_create_custom_object(350, 240, 100, 30, speed_msghandler);
    egl_window_add_object(hWin, hSpeed);
    egl_set_font(hSpeed, myfont);
    strcpy(speed_str, " 0 Mile/h");
    egl_window_show(hWin);
    egl_draw();
}
```

```
while(1)
{
    if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
        egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

    egl_draw();
}
```

Messagebox



`flags == MB_OKCANCEL`

Function	Description
<u>egl_show_messagebox</u>	Output message box.

► egl_show_messagebox function

```
int egl_show_messagebox(
    const char* text,
    int flags,
    BOOL (*user_input_function)(EGL_MSG* pMsg)
);
```

Overview

Output message box.

Parameter

const char* text	Text of messagebox.
int flags	Messagebox type. MB_OK MB_OKCANCEL MB_YESNO MB_YESNOCANCEL
BOOL (*user_input_function)(EGL_MSG* pMsg)	User input function. Function which check pressed button on message box.

Return Value

Return pressed button type on message box.

```
enum
{
    IDOK = 0,
    IDCANCEL,
    IDABORT,
    IDRETRY,
    IDIGNORE,
    IDYES,
    IDNO,
    IDCONTINUE,
}
```

Example

```
BOOL my_touchinput(EGL_MSG* pMsg)
{
    BOOL touchdown;
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    if(process_touch(&touchdown, &touch_pt))
    {
        if(touchdown)
            pMsg -> msgID = EGL_MSG_TOUCHED;
        else
            pMsg -> msgID = EGL_MSG_UNTOUCHED;
        pMsg -> param.point.x = touch_pt.x;
        pMsg -> param.point.y = touch_pt_y;
        return TRUE;
    }
    return FALSE;
}

int main()
{
...
...
int type = egl_show_messagebox("messagebox test", MB_OKCANCEL, my_touchinput);
...
}
```

► MessageBox Example.

Example

```
void btn_callback(EGL_HANDLE h, int event)
{
    if(event == BTN_CLICKED)
    {
        debugprintf("button clicked.");
    }
}

BOOL my_touchinput(EGL_MSG* pMsg)
{
    BOOL touchdown;
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    if(process_touch(&touchdown, &touch_pt))
    {
        if(touchdown)
            pMsg -> msgID = EGL_MSG_TOUCHED;
        else
            pMsg -> msgID = EGL_MSG_UNTOUCHED;
        pMsg -> param.point.x = touch_pt.x;
        pMsg -> param.point.y = touch_pt_y;
        return TRUE;
    }
    return FALSE;
}

extern BOOL process_touch(BOOL* touchdown, EGL_POINT* pPoint);

int main()
{
    ...
    EGL_POINT touch_pt;
    BOOL touchdown = FALSE;
    EGL_HANDLE hWin;
    EGL_HANDLE btn;
    egl_init();
    btn = egl_create_button(100, 100, 100, 50, "Button Ex");
    egl_button_callback(btn, btn_callback);
```

```
egl_window_add_object(hWin, btn);
egl_window_show(hWin);
egl_draw();

int type = egl_show_messagebox("messagebox test", MB_OKCANCEL, my_touchinput);

while(1)
{
    if( process_touch( &touchdown, &touch_pt ) )
        egl_user_touch_input( touchdown, &touch_pt );

    egl_draw();
}
}
```

EGL Font

Function	Description
<u>egl_get_font</u>	Return font information of object.
<u>egl_set_font</u>	Set font of object.
<u>egl_font_set_bkmode</u>	Set whether use background color of font.
<u>egl_font_get_bk_color</u>	Get background color of font.
<u>egl_font_set_bk_color</u>	Set background color of font.
<u>egl_font_get_color</u>	Get color of font.
<u>egl_font_set_color</u>	Set color of font.
<u>create_bitfont</u>	Create bit type font for use.
<u>release_bitfont</u>	Release bit type font.
<u>create_bmpfont</u>	Create image font for use.
<u>bmfont_release</u>	Release image font.
<u>draw_text</u>	Draw text.
<u>draw_text_pivot</u>	Draw text. Left / Right rotation by 90 degrees.
<u>draw_text_len</u>	Draw text. (Set the length)
<u>draw_text_in_box</u>	Draw text in box.
<u>text_width</u>	Get text width.

► egl_get_font function

```
EGL_FONT* egl_get_font(  
    EGL_HANDLE h  
)
```

Overview

Return font information of object.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h Handle of object that use font.

Return Value

Font information of object. (EGL_FONT Struct)

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE object;  
...  
...  
EGL_FONT* cur_font = egl_get_font(object);
```

► **egl_set_font** function

```
EGL_FONT* egl_set_font(  
    EGL_HANDLE h,  
    EGL_FONT* font  
) ;
```

Overview

Set font of object.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h	Handle of object.
EGL_FONT* font	Font pointer.

Return Value

Previously set font information.

Example

```
EGL_HANDLE object;  
EGL_FONT* font;  
...  
font = create_bitfont();  
egl_set_font(object , font);
```

► **egl_font_set_bkmode** function

```
void egl_font_set_bkmode(  
    EGL_FONT* font,  
    int mode  
)
```

Overview

Set whether use background color of font.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* font	Font pointer.
int mode	Whether use background color. TRUE or FALSE.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* font;  
...  
font = create_bitfont();  
egl_set_font(object , font);  
egl_font_set_bkmode(font, TRUE);
```

► **egl_font_get_bk_color** function

```
EGL_COLOR egl_font_get_bk_color(  
    EGL_FONT* font  
)
```

Overview

Get background color of font.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* font Font pointer.

Return Value

Current font background color.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* font;  
EGL_COLOR font_bk_color;  
...  
font = create_bitfont();  
font_bk_color = egl_font_get_bk_color(font);
```

► **egl_font_set_bk_color** function

```
EGL_COLOR egl_font_set_bk_color(  
    EGL_FONT* font,  
    EGL_COLOR clr  
)
```

Overview

Set background color of font.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* font	Font pointer.
EGL_COLOR clr	Background color. Use (MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

Previously set font back ground color.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* font;  
EGL_COLOR font_bk_color;  
...  
font = create_bitfont();  
font_bk_color = egl_font_set_bk_color(font, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 255, 0));
```

► **egl_font_get_color** function

```
EGL_COLOR egl_font_get_color(  
    EGL_FONT* font  
)
```

Overview

Get color of font.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* font Font pointer.

Return Value

Current font color.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* font;  
EGL_COLOR font_color;  
...  
font = create_bitfont();  
font_color = egl_font_get_color(font);
```

► **egl_font_set_color** function

```
EGL_COLOR egl_font_set_color(  
    EGL_FONT* font,  
    EGL_COLOR clr  
)
```

Overview

Set color of font.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* font	Font pointer.
EGL_COLOR clr	Font color. (MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

Previously set font color.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* font;  
EGL_COLOR font_color;  
...  
font = create_bitfont();  
font_color = egl_font_set_color(font, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));
```

► **create_bitfont** function

```
EGL_FONT* create_bitfont( void );
```

Overview

Create bit type font for use.

Parameter

None

Return Value

Pointer of created bit font struct.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* bit_font;  
EGL_HANDLE object;  
...  
bit_font = create_bitfont();  
egl_set_font(object, bit_font );  
...  
draw_text(bit_font, 100, 100, "font test");
```

► **release_bitfont** function

```
void release_bitfont(  
    EGL_FONT* pFont  
)
```

Overview

Release bit type font.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont Bit font pointer.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* bit_font;  
...  
bit_font = create_bitfont();  
...  
release_bitfont(bit_font);
```

► **create_bmpfont** function

```
EGL_FONT* create_bmpfont(  
    const char *fname  
)
```

Overview

Create image font for use.

Parameter

const char *fname	Image font file name.
-------------------	-----------------------

Return Value

Pointer of created image font struct.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* bm_font;  
EGL_HANDLE object;  
...  
bm_font = create_bmpfont("font/batang_24.fnt");  
egl_set_font(object, bm_font);  
...  
draw_text(bm_font, 100, 100, "image font test");
```

► **bmfont_release** function

```
void bmfont_release(  
    EGL_FONT* pFont  
)
```

Overview

Release image font.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont Image font pointer.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* bm_font;  
...  
bm_font = create_bmpfont("font/batang_24.fnt");  
...  
bmfont_release(bm_font);
```

► **draw_text** function

```
int draw_text(  
    EGL_FONT* pFont,  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    const char* text  
)
```

Overview

Draw text.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	Font that use in characters output.
int x	X-coordinate of text.
int y	Y-coordinate of text.
const char* text	To the output string.

Return Value

Number of text.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* bit_font;  
...  
bit_font = create_bitfont();  
...  
draw_text(bit_font, 100, 100, "font test");
```

► **draw_text_pivot** function

```
int draw_text_pivot(  
    EGL_FONT* pFont,  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    const char* text,  
    int pivot  
)
```

Overview

Draw text. Left / Right rotation by 90 degrees.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	Font that use in characters output.
int x	X-coordinate of text.
int y	Y-coordinate of text.
const char* text	To the output string.
int pivot	PIVOT_RIGHT (Right rotation by 90 degrees) PIVOT_LEFT (LEFT rotation by 90 degrees)

Return Value

Number of text.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* bit_font;  
...  
bit_font = create_bitfont();  
...  
draw_text(bit_font, 100, 100, "font test", PIVOT_RIGHT);
```

►draw_text_len function

```
void draw_text_len(  
    EGL_FONT* pFont,  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    const char* text,  
    int len  
)
```

Overview

Draw text. (Set the length)

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont	Font that use in characters output.
int x	X-coordinate of text.
int y	Y-coordinate of text.
const char* text	To the output string.
int len	Text length.

Return Value

없음.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* bit_font;  
...  
bit_font = create_bitfont();  
...  
draw_text(bit_font, 100, 100, "font test",4);
```

► **draw_text_in_box** function

```
void draw_text_in_box(  
    EGL_FONT* pFont,  
    EGL_RECT* pRect,  
    const char* text,  
    int align  
)
```

Overview

Draw text in box.

Parameter

EGL_FONT* pFont Font that use in characters output.
EGL_RECT* pRect Output area.

```
typedef struct _tag_RECT{  
    int x;  
    int y;  
    int w;  
    int h;  
} EGL_RECT;
```

const char* text To the output string..

int align Alignment within the area.

```
EGL_ALIGN_LEFT,  
EGL_ALIGN_RIGHT,  
EGL_ALIGN_TOP,  
EGL_ALIGN_BOTTOM,  
EGL_ALIGN_CENTER,  
EGL_ALIGN_MULTILINE
```

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* bit_font;  
EGL_RECT rect;  
...  
bit_font = create_bitfont();  
rect.x = 100;  
rect.y = 100;  
rect.w = 200;  
rect.h = 40;  
draw_text_in_box(bit_font, &rect, "font test", EGL_ALIGN_CENTER);
```

► **text_width** function

```
int text_width(  
    EGL_FONT* font,  
    const char* str  
)
```

Overview

Get text width. (Unit pixel.)

Parameter

EGL_FONT* font	Font that use in characters output.
const char* str	String.

Return Value

String width.

Example

```
EGL_FONT* bit_font;  
int font_width;  
...  
bit_font = create_bitfont();  
...  
font_width = text_width(bit_font, "font test");
```

EGL Primitives

Function	Description
<u>draw_line</u>	Draw line.
<u>draw_hline</u>	Draw horizontal line.
<u>draw_vline</u>	Draw vertical line.
<u>draw_thickline</u>	Draw thick line.
<u>draw_rect</u>	Draw a rectangle.
<u>draw_rectfill</u>	Draw a filled rectangle.
<u>draw_rectfill_gradient</u>	Draw a rectangle with a gradient effect.
<u>draw_rectfill_h_gradient</u>	Draw a rectangle with a horizontal gradient effect.
<u>draw_rectfill_v_gradient</u>	Draw a rectangle with a vertical gradient effect.
<u>draw_roundrect</u>	Draw a round rectangle.
<u>draw_roundrectfill</u>	Draw a filled round rectangle.
<u>draw_arc</u>	Draw an arc.
<u>draw_pie</u>	Draw a pie.
<u>draw_piefill</u>	Draw a filled pie.
<u>draw_ellipse</u>	Draw an ellipse.
<u>draw_ellipsefill</u>	Draw a filled ellipse.
<u>draw_circle</u>	Draw a circle.
<u>draw_circleshell</u>	Draw a filled circle.

[draw_bezier](#) Draw Bezier curve.

[draw_polyline](#) Draw poly line.

[draw_polygon](#) Draw a polygon.

[draw_polygonfill](#) Draw a filled polygon.

►draw_line function

```
void draw_line(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int x2,  
    int y2,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw line from the start point to the end point.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of start point.
int y	Y-coordinate of start point.
int x2	X-coordinate of end point.
int y2	Y-coordinate of end point.
EGL_COLOR c	Line color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_line(100, 100, 200, 200, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 0);  
draw_line(100, 100, 100, 200, MAKE_COLORREF(255, 0, 0);
```

► **draw_hline** function

```
void draw_hline(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int x2,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw horizontal line from the (x, y) to the (x2, y).

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of start point.
int y	Y-coordinate of start point and end point.
int x2	X-coordinate of end point.
EGL_COLOR c	Line color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_hline(100, 100, 200, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 0));  
draw_hline(100, 200, 200, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));
```

► **draw_vline** function

```
void draw_vline(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int y2,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw vertical line from the (x, y) to the (x, y2).

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of start point and end point.
int y	Y-coordinate of start point.
int y2	Y-coordinate of end point.
EGL_COLOR c	Line color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_vline(100, 100, 200, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 0));  
draw_vline(200, 100, 200, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 255, 0));
```

► **draw_thickline** function

```
void draw_thickline(  
    int x1,  
    int y1,  
    int x2,  
    int y2,  
    U8 width,  
    EGL_COLOR color  
)
```

Overview

Draw thick line from the start point to the end point.

Parameter

int x1	X-coordinate of start point.
int y1	Y-coordinate of start point.
int x2	X-coordinate of end point.
int y2	Y-coordinate of end point.
U8 width	Thickness of line.
EGL_COLOR color	Thick line color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_thickline(100, 130, 200, 130, 2, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 0));  
draw_thickline(100, 200, 100, 300, 3, MAKE_COLORREF(255, 0, 0));
```

►draw_rect function

```
void draw_rect(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw a rectangle with given start point, width and height.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of start point.
int y	Y-coordinate of start point.
int w	Width of rectangle.
int h	Height of rectangle.
EGL_COLOR c	Rectangle color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_rect(100, 100, 200, 200, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 0));  
draw_rect(150, 150, 100, 100, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));
```

► **draw_rectfill** function

```
void draw_rectfill(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw a filled rectangle with given start point, width and height.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of start point.
int y	Y-coordinate of start point.
int w	Width of rectangle.
int h	Height of rectangle.
EGL_COLOR c	Rectangle color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_rectfill(100, 100, 50, 50, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 255, 0));  
draw_rectfill(200, 200, 50, 50, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));
```

► **draw_rectfill_gradient** function

```
void draw_rectfill_gradient(
    int x,
    int y,
    int w,
    int h,
    EGL_COLOR startcolor,
    EGL_COLOR endcolor,
    BOOL bVertical
);
```

Overview

Draw a rectangle with a gradient effect.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of start point.
int y	Y-coordinate of start point.
int w	Width of rectangle.
int h	Height of rectangle.
EGL_COLOR startcolor	Gradient start color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)
EGL_COLOR endcolor	Gradient end color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)
BOOL bVertical	Gradient direction. TRUE == vertical, FALSE == horizontal.

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_rectfill_gradient(100,100,200,50,MAKE_COLORREF(0,255,0),MAKE_COLORREF(255,255,255),FALSE);
draw_rectfill_gradient(100,200,50,200,MAKE_COLORREF(255,255,255),MAKE_COLORREF(0,0,255),TRUE);
```

► **draw_rectfill_h_gradient** function

```
void draw_rectfill_h_gradient(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    EGL_COLOR startcolor,  
    EGL_COLOR endcolor  
) ;
```

Overview

Draw a rectangle with a horizontal gradient effect.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of start point.
int y	Y-coordinate of start point.
int w	Width of rectangle.
int h	Height of rectangle.
EGL_COLOR startcolor	Gradient start color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)
EGL_COLOR endcolor	Gradient end color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_rectfill_h_gradient(50,50,200,50,MAKE_COLORREF(255,255,255),MAKE_COLORREF(255,0,0));
```

►draw_rectfill_v_gradient function

```
void draw_rectfill_v_gradient(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    EGL_COLOR startcolor,  
    EGL_COLOR endcolor  
)
```

Overview

Draw a rectangle with a vertical gradient effect.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of start point.
int y	Y-coordinate of start point.
int w	Width of rectangle.
int h	Height of rectangle.
EGL_COLOR startcolor	Gradient start color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)
EGL_COLOR endcolor	Gradient end color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_rectfill_v_gradient(50,50,200,50,MAKE_COLORREF(255,255,255),MAKE_COLORREF(255,0,0));
```

► **draw_rect** function

```
void draw_rect(  
    int x0,  
    int y0,  
    int w,  
    int h,  
    int corner,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw a round rectangle with given start point, width and height.

Parameter

int x0	X-coordinate of start point.
int y0	Y-coordinate of start point.
int w	Width of round rectangle.
int h	Height of round rectangle.
int corner	Corner roundness value.
EGL_COLOR c	Round rectangle color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_rect(100, 100, 100, 100, 10, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 0);  
draw_rect(400, 200, 200, 200, 20, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 255, 0);
```

►draw_rectfill function

```
void draw_rectfill(  
    int x0,  
    int y0,  
    int w,  
    int h  
    int corner,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw a filled round rectangle with given start point, width and height.

Parameter

int x0	X-coordinate of start point.
int y0	Y-coordinate of start point.
int w	Width of round rectangle.
int h	Height of round rectangle.
int corner	Corner roundness value.
EGL_COLOR c	Round rectangle color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_rectfill(100, 100, 100, 100, 10, MAKE_COLORREF(255, 0, 0));  
draw_rectfill(300, 200, 200, 200, 15, MAKE_COLOEREF(0, 255, 0));
```

► **draw_arc** function

```
void draw_arc(
    int x,
    int y,
    int rx,
    int ry,
    int a1,
    int a2,
    EGL_COLOR c
);
```

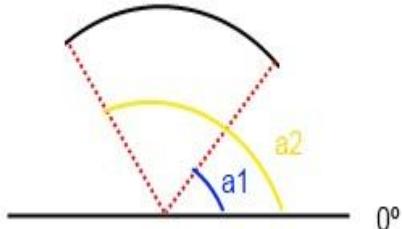
Overview

Draw an arc with given center coordinate, horizontal radius and vertical radius.

Draw from the start angle (a1) to the end angle (a2).

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of center.
int y	Y-coordinate of center.
int rx	Horizontal radius.
int ry	Vertical radius.
int a1	Start angle.
int a2	End angle.
EGL_COLOR c	Arc color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)



Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_arc(100, 100, 30, 30, 0, 90, MAKE_COLORREF(255, 0, 0));
draw_arc(200, 200, 40, 30, 90, 180, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));
```

►draw_pie function

```
draw_pie(
    int x,
    int y,
    int rx,
    int ry,
    int a1,
    int a2,
    EGL_COLOR c
);
```

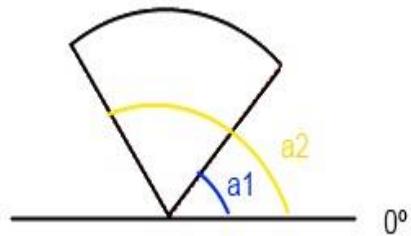
Overview

Draw a pie with given center coordinate, horizontal radius and vertical radius.

Draw from the start angle (a1) to the end angle (a2).

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of center.
int y	Y-coordinate of center.
int rx	Horizontal radius.
int ry	Vertical radius.
int a1	Start angle.
int a2	End angle.
EGL_COLOR c	Pie color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)



Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_pie(100, 100, 50, 50, 45, 90, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));
draw_pie(200, 100, 60, 60, 90, 180, MAKE_COLORREF(255, 0, 0));
```

► draw_piefill function

```
void draw_piefill(
    int x,
    int y,
    int rx,
    int ry,
    int a1,
    int a2,
    EGL_COLOR c
);
```

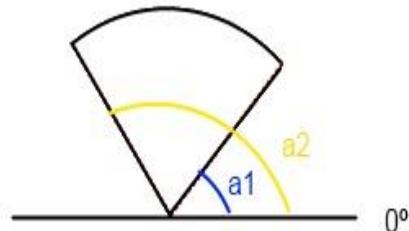
Overview

Draw a filled pie with given center coordinate, horizontal radius and vertical radius.

Draw from the start angle (a1) to the end angle (a2).

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of center.
int y	Y-coordinate of center.
int rx	Horizontal radius.
int ry	Vertical radius.
int a1	Start angle.
int a2	End angle.
EGL_COLOR c	Pie color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)



Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_pie(100, 100, 50, 50, 45, 90, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));
draw_pie(200, 100, 60, 60, 90, 180, MAKE_COLORREF(255, 0, 0));
```

►draw_ellipse function

```
void draw_ellipse(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int rx,  
    int ry,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw an ellipse with given center coordinate, horizontal radius and vertical radius.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of center.
int y	Y-coordinate of center.
int rx,	Horizontal radius.
int ry	Vertical radius.
EGL_COLOR c	Ellipse color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_ellipse(100, 100, 50, 100, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));  
draw_ellipse(300, 200, 100, 50, MAKE_COLORREF(255, 0, 0));
```

► **draw_ellipsefill** function

```
void draw_ellipsefill(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int rx,  
    int ry,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw a filled ellipse with given center coordinate, horizontal radius and vertical radius.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of center.
int y	Y-coordinate of center.
int rx,	Horizontal radius.
int ry	Vertical radius.
EGL_COLOR c	Ellipse color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_ellipsefill(100, 100, 50, 100, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));  
draw_ellipsefill(300, 200, 100, 50, MAKE_COLORREF(255, 0, 255));
```

►draw_circle function

```
void draw_circle(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int r,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw a circle with given center coordinate and radius.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of center.
int y	Y-coordinate of center.
int r	Radius.
EGL_COLOR c	Circle color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_circle(100, 100, 50, MAKE_COLORREF(255, 0, 255));  
draw_circle(300, 200, 100, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));
```

► **draw_circlefill** function

```
void draw_circlefill(  
    int x,  
    int y,  
    int r,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw a filled circle with given center coordinate and radius.

Parameter

int x	X-coordinate of center.
int y	Y-coordinate of center.
int r	Radius.
EGL_COLOR c	Circle color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
draw_circle(100, 100, 70, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));  
draw_circle(300, 200, 50, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 255, 0));
```

►draw_bezier function

```
void draw_bezier(  
    EGL_POINT* pts,  
    int n,  
    int s,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
)
```

Overview

Draw Bezier curve.

Parameter

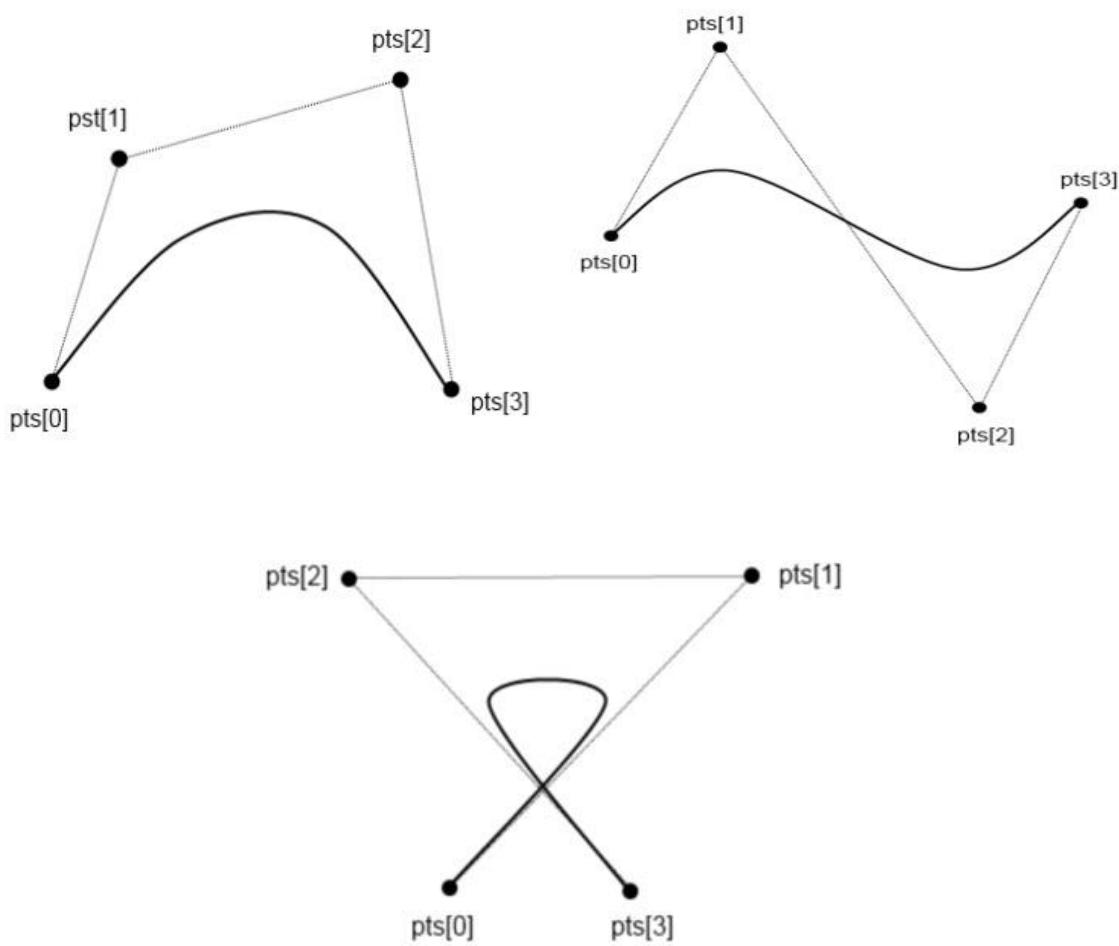
EGL_POINT* pts	Pointer to the coordinate array of Bezier curve.
int n	Number of coordinate.
int s	Decide Number of pointer between the coordinate and the coordinate.
EGL_COLOR c	Bezier curve color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_POINT* pts[4];  
pts[0].x = 100; pts[0].y = 200;  
pts[1].x = 200; pts[1].y = 50;  
pts[2].x = 300; pts[2].y = 50;  
pts[3].x = 400; pts[3].y = 200;  
  
draw_bezier(pts, 4, 20, MAKE_COLORREF(255, 0, 255));
```



< Bezier curve image >

►draw_polyline function

```
void draw_polyline(  
    EGL_POINT* p,  
    int n,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
) ;
```

Overview

Draw poly line.

Parameter

EGL_POINT* p	Pointer to the coordinate array of poly line.
int n	Number of coordinate.
EGL_COLOR c	Poly line color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_POINT p[3];  
p[0].x = 100; p[0].y = 100;  
p[1].x = 130; p[1].y = 100;  
p[2].x = 150; p[2].y = 150;  
draw_polyline(p, 3, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 0));
```

► **draw_polygon** function

```
void draw_polygon(  
    EGL_POINT* ptable,  
    int cnt,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
) ;
```

Overview

Draw a polygon.

Parameter

EGL_POINT* p	Pointer to the coordinate array of polygon.
int n	Number of coordinate.
EGL_COLOR c	Polygon color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_POINT ptable[5];  
ptable[0].x = 100; ptable[0].y = 100;  
ptable[1].x = 150; ptable[1].y = 50;  
ptable[2].x = 200; ptable[2].y = 100;  
ptable[3].x = 135; ptable[3].y = 150;  
ptable[4].x = 115; ptable[4].y = 150;  
draw_polygon(ptable, 5, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 0, 255));
```

►draw_polygonfill function

```
void draw_polygonfill(  
    EGL_POINT* ptable,  
    int cnt,  
    EGL_COLOR c  
) ;
```

Overview

Draw a filled polygon.

Parameter

EGL_POINT* p	Pointer to the coordinate array of filled polygon.
int n	Number of coordinate.
EGL_COLOR c	Polygon color. (Use MAKE_COLORREF(r, g, b) macro function.)

Return Value

None.

Example

```
EGL_POINT ptable[3];  
ptable[0].x = 100; ptable[0].y = 100;  
ptable[1].x = 150; ptable[1].y = 150;  
ptable[2].x = 100; ptable[2].y = 150;  
draw_polygon(ptable, 3, MAKE_COLORREF(0, 255, 0));
```

EGL etc.

Function	Description
<u>egl_init</u>	EGL init function.
<u>egl_show_object</u>	Decide whether draw object.
<u>egl_object_set_redraw</u>	Decide whether redraw object.

Define	
EGL_MSG_ID	<pre>typedef enum enumMSG { EGL_MSG_DRAW = 0, EGL_MSG_DELETE, EGL_MSG_FOCUS, EGL_MSG_UNFOCUS, EGL_MSG_KEY_UP, EGL_MSG_KEY_DOWN, EGL_MSG_TOUCHED, EGL_MSG_UNTOUCHED, EGL_MSG_MOVE, EGL_MSG_TIMETICK } EGL_MSG_ID;</pre>
EGL_MSG	<pre>typedef struct _tagMessage { EGL_MSGID msgID; EGL_HANDLE hObj; EGL_HANDLE hWin; Union { EGL_POINT point; U32 key; } param; } EGL_MSG;</pre>

► egl_init function

```
BOOL egl_init( void );
```

Overview

EGL init function. You need to call this function.

Parameter

None.

Return Value

TRUE or FALSE

► **egl_show_object** function

```
void egl_show_object(  
    EGL_HANDLE h,  
    BOOL bShow  
)
```

Overview

Decide whether to draw object.

If bShow is FALSE, does not draw the corresponding object in egl_draw function.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE h Handle of object.

BOOL bShow Whether to Draw. TRUE or FALSE.

Return Value

None.

► **egl_object_set_redraw** function

```
void egl_object_set_redraw(  
    EGL_HANDLE handle  
)
```

Overview

Decide whether redraw object.

Parameter

EGL_HANDLE handle	Handle of object.
-------------------	-------------------

Return Value

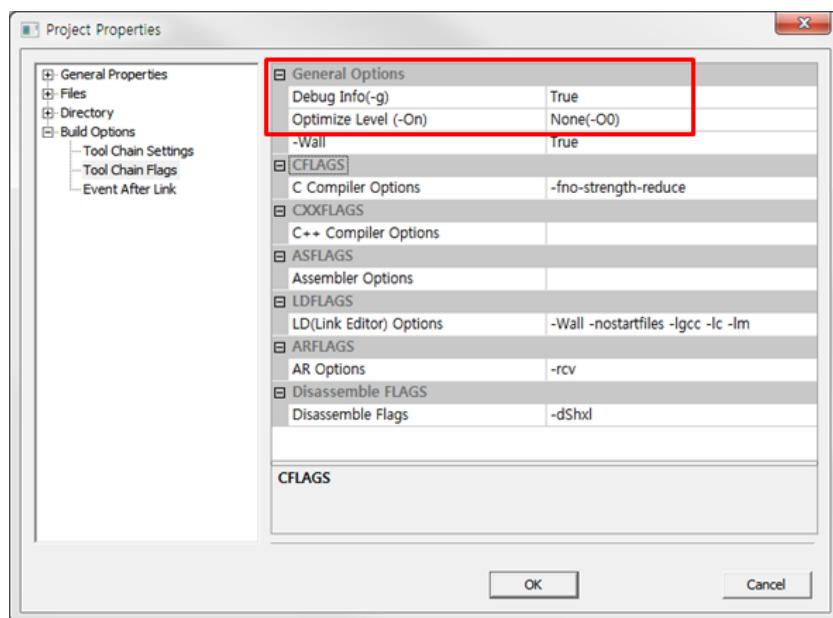
None.

14. Debugging

You need E-Con(JTAG device) and EConMan program in order to do debugging. In order to use E-Con, need to install device driver. If you don't install, refer to "1.Software Development Enviroment"

14.1 Preparing debugging

Open the project for debugging. And run Project → Properties.



If window is displayed like above image,

Set to TRUE on Debug Info(-g), Set to None(-O0) on Optimize Level(-On).

And run Build → Rebuild Project.

14.2 Debugging

There are two way for debugging according to status.

1. Case that is operate program in address 0 without bootloader
2. Case that is operate program in ram using bootloader

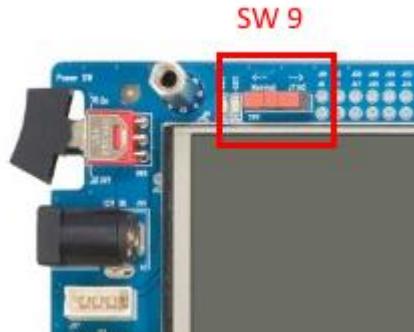
Can distinguish two case by Linker Script file.

If Linker Script file is amazon2.ld, program is that operated in address 0.

If Linker Script file is amazon2_ram.ld, program is that operated in ram.

► Case that is operate program in address 0 (in Serial Flash)

- 1) Download binary file that created by build on address 0
- 2) Set debug mode (JTAG mode) by set the SW9. Connect E-Con and power on.
(Debug mode is status that SW9 was set right side)



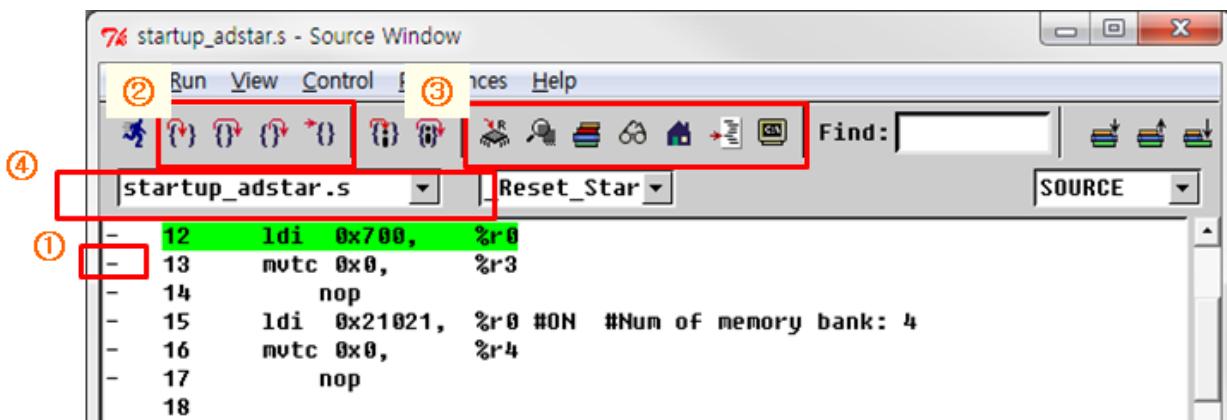
- 3) Run Debug → Start Debugger (F5).

Then, following window is displayed, and can start debugging.

If green bar is output like above image, will had connected well.

If green bar is not output, retry.

- 4) Debugger window function can be described like following.



- ① : Break point set/unset
- ② : 'step', 'next', 'finish', 'continue' icon
- ③ : 'register', 'memory', 'stack', 'watch expressions', 'local variable' icon
'c:' is icon that console window displayed.
you can run debugging with GDB command in console window.
- ④ : Move source code.

5) Debugging in console window.

```

(gdb) b main
Breakpoint 1 at 0x68c: file main.c, line 229.

(gdb) c
Continuing.

Breakpoint 1, main () at main.c:229
Current language: auto; currently c

(gdb) n
(gdb) s
uart_config (ch=0, baud=115200, databits=DATABITS_8, stopbit=STOPBITS_1, parity=0

(gdb) |

```

b : Set break point.

c : continue. Run until next break point.

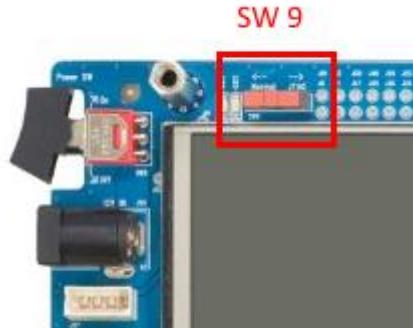
n : next. Run one command.

s : step. Run one command. (run go inside function in the case of function)

q : exit.

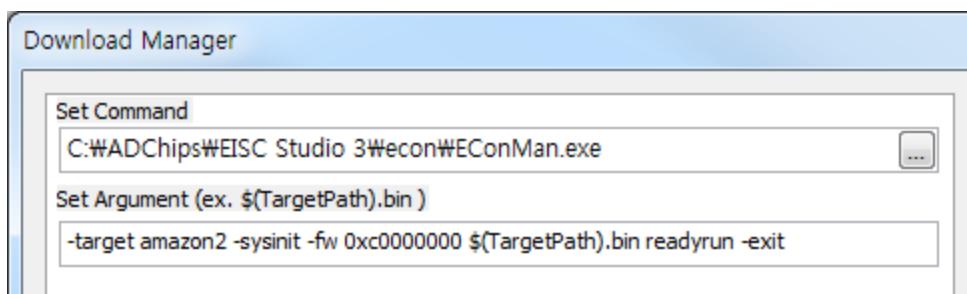
► Case that us ioperate program in Ram

- 1) Power on as debug mode in status that bootloader downloaded.
(Debug mode is status that SW9 was set right side)



- 2) Run Build → Download Option.

Then, following window is displayed, and write argument like following.



-target amazon2 -sysinit -fw 0xc0000000 \$(TargetPath).bin readyrun -exit

- 3) Run Build → Download to Target, Debug→Start Debugger (F5).

- 4) Then, following window is displayed, and can start debugging. If confirm green bar then start debugging like previously.

```

76 startup_amazon2.S - Source Window
File Run View Control Preferences Help
File Run View Control Preferences Help
startu_amazon2.S _Reset_Start
13 ldi 0x700, %r0
14 mvtc 0x0, %r3
15 nop
16 /*
17 Num of memory bank: Phy 4, Log 1 (H/W 4*4=16Kbyte)
18 */
19 ldi 0x01, %r0 #0N
20 mvtc 0x0, %r4
21 nop
22
23 #START address
24 ldi 0x702, %r0
25 mvtc 0x0, %r3
26 nop
27 ldi 0x20000000, %r0
28 mvtc 0x0, %r4

```